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THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The Bombay Gazette Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED TWICE DAILY.

THE TWELVE PAGES.

Bombay Gazette.

MORNING EDITION.

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RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 54,479.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1908. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing Saturday	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
2-30 P.M.				
8th Aug	CALEDONIA	7658	MOLDAVIA	9950
15th "	PERSIA	7801		
22nd "	CALEDONIA	7658	HIMALAYA	6959
29th "	MARMORA	10509		
5th Sept	EGYPT	7912	MACEDONIA	10512
12th "	CALEDONIA	7658		
19th "	ARCADIA	6602	MONGOLIA	9955
26th "	EGYPT	7912		
3rd Oct.	ARCADIA	6603	INDIA	7911
10th "	ARABIA	7903		
17th "	ARCADIA	6603	VICTORIA	6322
24th "	PERSIA	7801		
31st "	SALSETTE	6000	BRITANNIA	6323

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the CARNAC BUNDER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1909.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
20th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
27th "	CALEDONIA	7658		
6th March	MOOLTAN	8621		
13th "	EGYPT	7912		
20th "	CALEDONIA	7658	CHINA	7912
27th "	ARABIA	7903		
3rd April	MACEDONIA	10512		
10th "	PERSIA	7801		
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11069
24th "	MANTUA	11000		
1st May	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9955

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

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FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
NERA	5,538	Schmitz	6th Aug. 1908.
SALAZIE	4,147	Ailland	3rd Sept. "
DUMBEA	5,886	Boyer	1st Oct. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	4,378	Barillon	29th " "
SYDNEY	4,118	X	26th Nov. "
NERA	5,538	Schmitz	24th Dec "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

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VILLE de la CIOTAT	4,378	Barillon	14th August 1908.
SYDNEY	4,118	X	11th Sept. "
NERA	5538	Schmitz	9th Oct. "

For further Particulars apply to—

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(Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains	To sail on.
R. RUBATINO	4,580	L. Mangani	15th Aug 1908.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	Marsanini	15th Sept 1908.
R. RUBATINO	4,590	L. Mangani	15th Oct. 1908.

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	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 185
Return tickets available two years	" 900	" 575	

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Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class. Rs. 800; 2nd Class Rs. 550. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going viâ Genoa and returning viâ Venice or *vice versa*, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

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Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Pedoce	17th Aug 1908.
INCISA	5,000	G. Batello	17th Sept 1908.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Pedoce	17th Oct 1908.

Excellent first-class accommodation. Fares to PENANG Rs. 140, to ——— to SINGAPORE Rs. 160, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

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INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI (direct).

Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.
KOLA	1,205	Thur. 6th Aug.	8 a.m.
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 7th Aug.	6 a.m.*

* On arrival of the English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on MONDAY 3rd Aug. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomera and Basra.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1,205 tons, on THURSDAY, 6th Aug. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, and Busreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "LODIANA," 3,269 tons, sailing on or about 15th Aug.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.
3rd August, 1908.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co. CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on
PERSIA	5,895	G. Bartole	1st Sept. 1908
AFRICA	4,596	P. Radesich	1st October 1908
KOERNER	5,301	A. Feresti	1st Nov. 1908
BOHEMIA	4983	M. Dabcevich	16th Nov. 1908
AFRICA	4,596	P. Radesich	1st Dec. 1908

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.
are available for two years,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON,
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes,

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are issued, to Return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd's from Genoa to Colombo, and *vice versa*.

Passengers to VENICE transhipp at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers Season (March April and May) all the Steamers of the Direct Line will call on their Homeward voyage first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN viâ COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, [illegible], SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA KOBE.

Steamers.	Captain.	To sail on or about.
AUSTRIA	M. Marcella	24th August 1908.

For further particulars regarding passage apply to the

ACTING AGENT,
Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co
Sassoon House 52, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

DECEMBER 18TH, 1907.

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ELLERMAN (CITY AND HALL) LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY *viâ* KARACHI to LONDON (*viâ* MARSEILLES OR GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

From Bombay or Karachi.	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess. Single. Rs.	A. 1st class Surgeon and Stewardess. Return. Rs.	B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess. Single. Rs.	B. All Steamers without Surgeon or Stewardess. Return. Rs.	2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation. Single. Rs.	2nd Class only when steamer has 1st Class accommodation. Return Rs.
Suez	440	704	351	598	330	495
Port Said	468	748	374	561	353	528
Marseilles Genoa or Naples	578	925	495	770	429	649
Liverpool	605	990	517	792	462	704
London overland via Genoa or Marseilles returning via Marseilles or Naples	653	*1135	570	*920	489	809
Karachi	44	,,	40	...	33	...

* Returning journey from Liverpool, by Sea. Rs. 1,038, Rs. 845 and Rs. 731, respectively,

The following sailings are subject to alteration:—

LIST OF APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Due Bombay	Leave Bombay.	Leave Karachi.
C. City of Paris	..	July 13	Aug. 15	...
C. City of Manchester	...	July 20	Aug. 25	....
B. Merton Hall	...	Aug. 6	Aug. 25	....
C. City of Karachi	...	Sept. 8	....	Sept. 26
A. Trafford Hall	...	Oct. 10	.....	Oct. 28
C. City of Glasgow	...	Oct. 18	....	Nov. 5
C. City of Manchester	..	Oct. 26	....	Nov. 15
C. City of London	...	Nov. 7	....	Nov. 28
B. Merton Hall	...	Nov. 19	Dec. 10	....
A. City of Benares	...	Nov. 27	.....	Dec. 18 1909
A. City of Sparta	..	Dec. 14 1909	.....	Jan. 2
A. Trafford Hall	...	Jan. 10	.....	Jan. 18

A.—First Class passenger steamers carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.
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C.—Steamers which have both first and second class accommodation.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 210,000

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The London Joint Stock Bank.
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Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

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Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES STEUART,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. Manager.

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BANKERS AND AGENTS.

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THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

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CAPITAL CALLED UP ... ,, 50,00,000

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SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
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GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay.)
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JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C.I.E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 2 per half-year will be allowed.

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Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW.
Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 13,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

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J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager.*

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LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

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COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.
HANKOW.	PENANG.	YLOILO.

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Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum secured amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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CODES DWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

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Mr. Whittell, Lloyd's Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys will be held on Bag Cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Iron and Steel, ex s. s. "STOLZENFELS," lying at "P—Q" Sheds, Prince's Dock, are hereby informed that consignments which required sorting, are now ready for delivery.

E. Y. WATSON,
Superintendent,
Port Trust Docks.

DATED 3RD AUGUST, 1908.

NOTICE.

I, HERBERT GEORGE GELL, Esquire, M.V.O., Commissioner of Police for the City of Bombay, being of opinion that it is necessary for the preservation of the Public Peace and Public Safety to PROHIBIT any assembly or procession at Chowpatty, Kennedy Sea Face, and Esplanade and Marine Lines Maidans in the City of Bombay for the period hereinafter mentioned, do by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 23, sub-section (3), of Bombay Police Act IV. of 1902, hereby prohibit any assembly or procession in the said places from 6 a.m. on 2nd August, 1908, to 6 a.m on 9th August, 1908, unless my permission in writing to any assembly or procession shall have been previously obtained.

This order will not apply to any person proceeding to or from his work or otherwise engaged in any recreation or vocation.

H. G. GELL,
Commissioner of Police
for the City of Bombay.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 1st August, 1908.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Forty-first Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank of Bombay will be held at the Bank on THURSDAY, the 6th proximo, at 4 p.m., for the following objects:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts up to 30th ultimo.
2. To elect Directors for the ensuing year in room of Mr. S. E. Shellim and Mr. Tribhovandhas Varjeewandas who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board,
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BOMBAY, 2ND JULY, 1908.

POONA THIRD EXTRA MEETING.

TUESDAY, 11TH AUGUST 1908.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRIES CLOSE, at 6 P.M., on TUESDAY, 4th August, 1908.

J. E. HUGHES,
Ag. Secretary, W. I. T. C.

POONA, 29TH JULY, 1908.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 250 per whole share and Rs. 62-8-0 per quarter share, has been declared and made payable on and after 3rd August to Shareholders whose names are on the Register on 27th July on presentation of Share Certificates.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 28th July to 10th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

BOMBAY, 15TH JULY, 1908.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Superintendent of Police Supplies, Burma, Rangoon, up to 12 o'clock, noon, on the 20th October, 1908, for the SUPPLY of CLOTHING, ACCOUTREMENTS, SADDLERY and MISCELLANEOUS STORES, for the Civil and Military Police, in Burma for a period of two years, namely, from the 1st April, 1909 to 31st March, 1911.

Tenders must be submitted in the prescribed forms, and all particulars regarding the Contract can be obtained on application to the Superintendent of Police Supplies, Burma, Rangoon.

Samples of all articles can be seen at the Police Supply Stores, Rangoon, during office hours on any day except Sundays and Gazetted Holidays.

Tenders will be opened in presence of those who choose to be present and the Undersigned does not bind himself to accept or recommend for acceptance the lowest or any Tender.

E. B. WHITING,
Superintendent of Police Supplies, Burma.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—

Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 85.

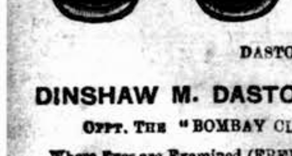
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JARRAHWOOD.

JARRAH Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

Messrs. MILLARS' KARRI JARRAH Coy. (1902) Ld.,
Victoria House, Victoria Road, Mazagon.
Telephone No. 838.

BEWARE of
AMBIGUOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.



The ONLY ONE ORIGINAL FIRM OF DASTOOR OCULISTS IS

DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & CO.,
OPPT. THE "BOMBAY CLUB," FORT.

Where Eyes are Examined (FREE of CHARGE) to correct all complicated Errors of Refraction, by our Surgeon-Oculist, DR. DINSHAW DASTOOR, (late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Westminster and other PRINCIPAL EYE HOSPITALS of LONDON) holding DIPLOMAS and CERTIFICATES by the PROFESSORS of the Hospitals testifying to his being "A THOROUGHLY ABLE AND QUALIFIED OPHTHALMIC SURGEON, AND A NEAT AND SKILFUL OPERATOR."

GUARANTEED first quality goods supplied at EXTREMELY MODERATE PRICES.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

MARIE CORELLI'S NEW NOVEL.

EXPECTED EARLY IN AUGUST.
ORDERS NOW BEING REGISTERED.

HOLY ORDERS:

THE TRAGEDY OF A QUIET LIFE.
BY
MARIE CORELLI.

PAPER, Rs. 1-12; CLOTH, Rs. 2-4.

A. J. COMBRIDGE & CO.,
ESPLANADE ROAD, OPP. CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds Exceed £17,915,000
Total Revenue for 1906 Exceeded £ 4,000,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent, per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For 1906 PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to

Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.

Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.

Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

GOLF.

New Series of Eight Articles on Golf by

THE DUKE OF ARGYLL, K.G.

MISS MAY HEZLETT
(A frequent winner of the Open Ladies' Championship, Irish Ladies' Championship, &c.)

THE LATE TOM MORRIS
(The Nestor of Golf.)

ANDREW KIRKALDY
(A well-known figure at the Championships.)

DR. W. W. TULLOCH
(Author of "The Life of Tom Morris," &c.)

DR. J. C. McPHERSON
(of St. Andrews: Author of "Golf, the Best of Games," &c.)

W. AUCHTERLONIE
(Former Winner of the Open Golf Championship.)

GOLF, the best of all-the-year-round games, gains in popularity in surprising manner. Every year many new clubs are opened and links laid out.

Our articles are by well-known writers and players, and will greatly interest all readers, whether golfers or not.

PROGRAMME:

Golf, the Best of Games .. by Dr. W. W. Tulloch
How to Prepare for a Ladies' Golf Championship .. by May Hezlett
The Weapons of War .. by W. Auchterlonie
Hints to Young Golfers .. by Tom Morris
Honour in Golf .... by Dr. J. G. McPherson
Match V. Medal Play .. by Andrew Kirkaldy
Eminent Men as Golfers .. by Dr. J. G. McPherson
A Story of the Links .... by the Duke of Argyll

COMMENCED IN
The Bombay Gazette.
OF JUNE 20th.

TO PARENTS.

CLARK'S LIST of BRITISH SCHOOLS, undertaking entire charge of Indian and Colonial Children, will be sent post free to all applicants.

ARTHUR W. CLARK,
29, Wellington Rd., Brighton, England.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants &c, Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years, Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine—G. D. Nariman, Hydrabad Deccan.

DR. W. COOK, M.A., M.D., writes:—"KADI" saved a life in Bronchitis, as there was every indication of speedy death. DR. O. S. writes from LONDON:—"A 6 months' bedridden case of ASTHMA was relieved at once by "KADI" and in 3 days was as well as usual." (Original Testimonials open to inspection). "Kadi" is wonderful for COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS and PNEUMONIA. Rs. 1-8-0.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Oppt. "Bombay Club," Fort.

A GOOD MOUNT.—We offer high grade English built up-to-date cycles, Sunbeam, Royal Indian, Rajah and Brown. From Rs. 95. HILL, SAWYER & Co., 35-37 Medows Street, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose-boxes, arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted For particulars apply to No. 558, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade, Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange, List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Engagements. Annual Subscription in advance Rs. 18. Single copy Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office Green Street.

EDUCATION.—LADY living in healthy part of England and having one little girl, aged 10, would like charge of one more. Good day school. Terms moderate. Excellent references.—W. care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—Rs. 2. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ENVELOPES.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 2-12 per thousand. Samples on application to "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Offices have been MOVED from the premises in Armenian Lane and Medows Street, and are now located at 2, GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all classes of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

GENERAL COMPETITION—4 Prizes. Total Rs. 50. Send M. O. for Rs. 2-4 for one one-inch Sparling Patent Lock and Stamp for conditions of competition to G.C., care of LESSEE Sparling's Patents, Aligarh, U. P.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIES.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Clerks. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants Patronised by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants whom we guarantee. Fee Bombay Rs. 2. Moffusil Rs. 3 each servant, which stands good for six months. No. 21, Ch. G. St, (First Floor), Fort, Bombay. Established 1872.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh, Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railways, Abstract of Rules and Regulations, Through Routes and Fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad. Postal and Telegraphic information. Steam-Boat and dak Companies. Places of interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines. Price, Eight Annas. Annual Subscription Rs. 5 including Postage.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 2, Green Street, Fort.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. H. H. Re. 1. Apply Box No. 40?, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MEDICAL MAN, with 14 years experience willing to accept ENGAGEMENT of a permanent nature Has had experience in Hospitals, Emigration Service and Pharmacy; also Medical Charge of Vessels. European, Bachelor, age 38. Apply Box No. 1390, c/o "Bombay Gazette."

MANURE.—PATENT PHOSPHATIC at Re. 1 per lb. and GENUINE PERUVIAN GNANO, at Annas six per lb. Apply sharp to PALEKAR & Co., Sitaram Buildings. Near Crawford Market, Bombay.

MATRIMONIAL.—A young PARSEE GENTLEMAN, of a respectable family, desires to correspond with a respectable Parsee Lady with a view to matrimony. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply with particulars to Box No. 1359, Advt. Dept., the "Bombay Gazette."

MACHINERY FOR SALE. A Loco type Boiler and Engine, N. H. P. 7, by Robey & Co. certificated 50 lbs. Pressure per square inch. Tested under Hydraulic Pressure to 80 lbs. Just put off work owing to change to Electricity. Open to Inspection. No reasonable offer will be refused. Apply Box No. 403, care of "Bombay Gazette."

"OVERLAND SUMMARY."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete réchauffé of Indian News, particularly entertaining for Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription (inclusive of postage). One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum.

OLD ISSUES of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," of the "WEEKLY BUDGET," and of the "OVERLAND SUMMARY," when available, are supplied at special prices, which vary, according to lapse of time, between As. 2 and Rs. 5 and higher.

OFFICE DESK.—A standing Office Desk, by John Roberts and Co. Excellent quality and finish. Price Rs. 50. Apply Box No. 397, care of "Bombay Gazette."

PHILLIPS & CO.'S CHOLERA MIXTURE has been proved to be a most Valuable and Efficient Remedy, hundreds of people being able to testify to its beneficial effects. Per bottle, Re. 1.—PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.

RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS' ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON The largest and leading in the East, no expense or trouble spared. Luxuriously provided for the convenience and demands of Constituents. A visit is earnestly solicited to Cox's Building (Top Floor), Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager. The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—Gazette Commercial." Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 409, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to Enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE" LIMITED, No. 12A., Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2, Green Street Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay)

WALTER LANE & Co., European Cyclists, are REMOVING from their present Premises to CENTURY BUILDINGS, 45 and 47, Hornby Road, opposite John Roberts & Co., Ltd., from 1st May next.

"WEEKLY BUDGET."—A Summary of the Week's News, published on Saturday Evenings. Rs. 18 per annum inclusive of postage.

DHARSEY AMERCHUND,
(BROKER),

IS PREPARED to negotiate for either the PURCHASE or SALE of MINES. Intending Purchasers or Sellers would do well to apply to the above, at No. 181, Old Modikhana, Fort, or Share Bazaar, Bombay.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE OF VALUABLE PEARLS.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 3rd instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, by order of the mortgagee Makomed Amir Fikri and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Ali Hosain Abdulla Casum.

1 Parcel undrilled white round pearls, weighing about 1,300 chows.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale, the balance to be paid and pearls taken delivery of within four days.

The above pearls will be on view at the Rooms of the Auctioneers from 11 a.m. on the day of sale.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 3rd instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as writing, dressing, and wash-hand tables, teapoys, almiras, cabinets, chest-of-drawers, iron safe, cots, meatsafe, cupboards.

1 Camera with stand and lamp.

2 Cottage pianos by James and Son and C. Curtis.

The effects of the late Mr. Robert-Kagdemann—Woollen and cotton wearing apparels, bedding, linen, boots, etc.

By order of the Post Master General, Bombay:—

Uncleared articles from the Bombay Dead Letter Office, consisting of metal and silver watches, gold ring, books, stamps, air-guns, wearing apparel, sample cuttings.

At 3 p.m.

Several gent's bicycles by different makers:
1 French-polished rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 Double-seated glass-fronted brougham.
1 Rubber-tyred light victoria.
The property of a gentlemen having no further use:
1 Two Cylinder 14 H.-P. 4 seated Peugeott motor car with canopy.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 3RD AUGUST, 1908.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF RIGHT of FAZANDARI in VALUABLE PROPERTIES at Memonweda, near Sheikh Meman Street and at Mandvi.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in appeal from its Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Appeal No. 1304 of 1903.
Suit No. 423 of 1901.

Vasantrao Madhavrao..................Appellant and Plaintiff.

vs.

Anandrao Gunpatrao and others...Respondents and Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Special Commissioner, appointed by the Consent Decree, herein dated the 16th day of March, 1908, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. (Auctioneers), will put up for sale by Public Auction, the following immoveable property on the day and at the time (S.T.) hereinafter mentioned. The sale of the property will be held at the office of the Special Commissioner Mr. R. D. Sethna, at his office, at the High Court of Bombay.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES.

LOT No. 12.

On WEDNESDAY, 5th August, 1908, at 4 p.m.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax tenure let out on Fazandari tenure to several tenants situate, lying and being at Memonwada of Shaikh Memon Street, in the Town, Island and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,531 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 572, Collector's New No. 2715, Old Survey No. 1086 and New Survey No. 1852, and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Kersondas Natha and Mulji Purshotam, on or towards the South by the property of Heptulla Hyderally Kasumji, on or towards the East partly by the property of the Memon Mosque and partly by a public passage, and on or towards the West by the Saikh Memon Street.

LOT No. 13.

On WEDNESDAY, 5th August, 1908, at 4 p.m.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension Tax tenure situate, lying and being at Memonwada, Mandwi, within the Town and Island of Bombay let on Fazandari tenure to several tenants, containing by admeasurement 1,898 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 572, Collector's New No. 2715, Old Survey No. 1086, New Survey No. 1852, and bounded on the North by the property of Abba Memon Mukadum, on the East by the property of Ramdas, Bania, on the South by the Public Road leading to Musjid Bunder, and on the West by the Public Road leading to Memonwada.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bicknell, Mervanji and Romer, Attorneys for the Special Commissioner, at their office at No. 14K., Sardar's Building, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned Auctioneers.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CHEMISTS, GROCERS, GENERAL STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

Sale of the whole of the stock-in-trade and good-will of Messrs. BEYNON & Co., of Poona.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI & Co. will, by order of Messrs. Mohanlal Amersey & Co., the proprietors of the firm of BEYNON & Co., of Poona, sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 9th day of August, 1908, at 2-30 p.m., on the Premises at Poona, the whole of the stock-in-trade, good will, outstanding and tied fittings and furniture of the said firm of Messrs. BEYNON & Co. as a going concern.

The stock-in-trade consist of the chemicals, drugs, provisions, oilmanstores, wines, spirits, toilet requisites, filters, medicines and medical appliances, and an ærated waters making mechine with complete plants.

The list of the stock and the outstanding may be inspected at the office of the Auctioneers in Bombay where private offers will also be received before the day of sale.

It may be stated for the information of the intending buyers that the firm of Messrs. BEYNON & Co. enjoy the patronage of H. E. the Governor of Bombay for supplying medicine.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

BOMBAY, 3RD AUGUST, 1908.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the Premises, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 3rd August, 1908, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.):

The Materials for removal of the following buildings:

Building Street Nos. 44-50, 8-12, 52-54, 56-58-60; case Nos. 69, 70, 72, 73, 74 Doongri Street.

Building Street Nos. 50-52 and 68, 1-9 and 27, 2-4 and 29-31, 11-13, 39-43, 27-32, case Nos. 60, 59, 58, 153, 89, 90, Koliwada Lane, Nos. 2 and 3, 2nd Esplanade Lane and Koliwada Lane.

Building Street Nos. 16-18, 337-339, 345-347, case Nos. 62, 62-A, 63 Janjikar Street.

Building Street Nos. 31-39, 43-47, 49, 59-61 and 1-9, case Nos. 146, 154, 155, Jambli Street.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Luggage, Parcels, &c., at G. I. P. Ry., Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX. of 1890, under instructions from the G. I. P. Ry. Co., MESSRS. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 4th August, 1908, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the above mentioned place—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE of Unserviceable Medical Stores at the Medical Stores Depot, Bellasis Road, Byculla.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. are instructed by the Medical Storekeeper to Government to sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th August, 1908, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), at the Depot premises, Bellasis Road, Byculla.

A quantity of unserviceable stores, Surgical Instruments, Appliances, &c., &c.

MENESSE & Co.

BOMBAY, 3RD AUGUST, 1908.

Messrs. D. J. KEYMER & Co. beg to offer their services as AGENTS IN ENGLAND. Established in 1844, they have a thorough knowledge of the Markets, and experience of Eastern requirements.

The heads of the Firm give personal supervision to all business, and with confidence invite those requiring RELIABLE AGENTS for purchase of goods, sale of produce, or other business, to entrust their interests to them. [illegible]

WHITEFRIARS STREET, LONDON. TELEGRAMS "KEYMER," LONDON.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PEARLS.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 4th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of Messrs. W. & A. Graham and Co. and on account and risk of Mr. Ramchander Laloobhoy, the following parcel of pearls, returned from London.

Parcel No. 419—1 Bunch 10 strings 82 pearls about 72 chows.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF very valuable Property with Outhouses, Stables, etc., at Harkness Road, Malabar Hill.

Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th instant, at the hour of 5 p.m. (S.T.), the undermentioned property on the Premises under instructions of Messrs. R. D. Sethna, and Bhaidas Narottumdas, the guardians, appointed by the High Court of the property of Jayantilal Ramdas, a minor, the grandson of the late Mr. Choonilal Nagindas Shroff.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax freehold land or ground with the messuage tenement, bungalow and outhouses standing thereon, situate lying and being at Harkness Road on the Ridge, Malabar Hill, outside the Fort in the Island of Bombay in the Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 2,325 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under Old No. 572, New No. 2699, Old Survey No. 21, New Survey No. 7241 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under D Ward No. 3192 (2) and Street No. 98A and are bounded as follows:—That is say, on or towards the east partly by the property of Kasturchand Rupchand and Motichund Rupchand and partly by the property of Kalandas Kirparam, on or towards the west by the property of the late Hormasji Byramji Moos, on or towards the north by the Harkness Road, and on or towards the south by the property of Lalubbai Dharamchand.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamitram Madon, attorneys, at No. 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICIABLE STORES at the Tramways Co.'s Stable, at Foras Road.

On THURSDAY, the 6th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, large quantity of old and unserviceable stores, consisting of iron chain, swing boards with bars, wooden frames with purdahs, cast iron gutters, earthernware and gas pipes, cast iron rain water pipes and drain pipes, horse car with wheels with axle, iron water tanks, etc.

On the same day at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.), at Wari Bunder Powder House, a lot of cast iron road poinus, chains, steel rails, girder rails, teakwood cross sleepers, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICIABLE STORES, at the Tramway Co.'s Stables, Colaba.

On FRIDAY the 7th instant, at 2-30 P. M. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place a large lot of Old and unserviceable stores consisting of rubbish iron, iron wire pieces, corrugated iron sheets, hay cutting machine, grain crushing machine, wooden pieces, empty powder casks, fencing frames, anvils, cast iron pipes, girder rail pieces, wooden scantling and planks, books and papers, office punkhas, earthernware pipes, empty oil casks, empty oil drums, tins and cases, Switch board with dianomo, etc.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Properties at Surat.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Receiver of the estate of the deceased Hirabhai Ghelabhai appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in Suit No. 975 of 1907. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will, on SUNDAY the 9th day of August, 1908, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), put up for Sale by Public Auction, on the Premises at Surat, all the right, title and interest of the deceased Hirabhai Ghelabhai in the following two properties at Surat in two different Lots.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTIES.

AT 4 P. M. (S. T.)

First:—All the right, title and interest of the deceased Hirabhai Ghelabhai, in all that piece or parcel of land with the messuage tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon situate in the Gopipura Division of the City of Surat and in the Sub-District and District of Surat registered No. 237 in the map marked Sheet E. No. XI. and facing towards the West and Road leading from Oswal to Bhunsali Pole containing about 145 Sq. Yds. and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the East by the properties of Talakchand Premlal, Soorupchand Ratanchand and Fatehchand, on the West by the Road leading from Oswal to Bhunsali Pole, on the North by the property of Khimchand Premchand and on the South by the property of Pratapchand and others.

AT 5 P. M. (S. T.)

Secondly:—All the right, title and interest of the deceased Hirabhai Ghelabhai in all that piece or parcel of land with the messuages, tenements and dwelling-house standing thereon situate in the Badekhan Chakla Division of the City of Surat and in the Sub-District and District of Surat, registered No. 94 in the map marked Sheet F No. XXII and facing towards the North the road leading from Kasi Medon to Pancholiwad containing about 5299 square yds. and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on the East by the property of (1) Purshotam Lakhmidas, (2) Bai Koover, widow of Moti Dayaram Puncholi, (3) Bai Manek, widow of Jiwan Lakhmidas, (4) BaiiSivi, wife of Kusal Purshotam, (5) Jugjivan Mursi Puncholi. (6) Motiram Govind Pancholi; on the West by a Gully; on the North by the said Road leading from Kazi Medon to Pancholiwad and on the South partly by the Government land and partly by the property of Hirmanji Muncherji Parekh.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors, for the Receiver or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

BOMBAY, 3RD AUGUST, 1908.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

TENNENT'S
PILSENER
BEER.

Rs. 6 per doz. quarts.
" 4 " " pints.

TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA,
AND ALL WINE MERCHANTS,

ALDRIDGE SALMON AND CO, LTD.,
BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
Sole Agents for
"GOLF" Brand
PILSENER BEER,
The Lightest Beeverage Obtainable
Retail from
Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
MESSRS. DENISON & CO.,
HUMMUM ST., FORT.

LEUCODERMA SPECIFIC.

THIS IS A NEW INVENTION IN THE world of medicine. It cures with wonderful efficacy Leucoderma (white lepra), Lepra Vulgaris, and all other white spots situated on any part of the human frame. Rs. 4 for internal and external use. —A. WHITE & Co., Chemists, 6 Toollygunge Calcutta.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,525,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS, £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg.	Medan, Deli (Sumatra).	Foochow
Bombay	Singapore.	Saigon.
Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai.
Calcutta	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Madras.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Rangoon.	Sourabaya.	Yokohama.
Colombo	Manilla.	Kobe.
Penang.	Cebu (Phillippines).	New York.
Thaiping (Perak).	Hongkong.	
Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

J. GREIG,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. AGENT.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.................... Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits............... Gold $3,468 244 55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street, Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP .... Ye 24,000,000
RESERVED FUNDS .... " 15,050,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Peking
Changchung	Lyons	San Francisco
Chefoo	Fengtien (Mukden)	Shanghai
Dairen (Dalny)	Nagasaki	Tieling
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Hongkong	Osaka	
Kobe	Ryojun (Port Arthur)	
London		

LONDON BANKERS:—

The Bank of England; The L[illegible]oint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of [illegible] and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Ban[illegible]

BOMBAY BRAN[illegible]

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up) ....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ....Rs. 21,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
AGENT.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL......... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND............. £ 600,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay.	Tuticorin.	Camp Aden.
Madras.	Chittagong.	Steamer Point-Aden.
Karachi.	Rangoon.	Zanzibar.
Cawnpore.	Mandalay.	Mombasa.
Lahore.	Colombo.	Nairobi.
Amritsar.	Kandy.	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or Hire, inspection respectfully invited.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line. Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line. Minimum Charge Re. 1.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

THE following GINNING FACTORIES and PRESSES belonging to the estate of Beer Seetul-Insolvents.

1. Factory at Auriya in the Mainpuri District including 50 Double Roller Gins and Baling Press, Engine, Boilers, etc., together with all Stores and spare parts.

2. Factory at Kunch, in the Jhansi District including 24 Double and 10 Single Roller Gins, Baling Press, Engine, Boilers, stores and spare parts.

The properties are open to inspection and further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned, with whom offers must be lodged by Thursday, 20th August. Immediate possession will be given. The Receiver does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

T. SMITH.
Receiver.

Allahabad Bank, Ltd.,
Cawnpore.

WANTED.

A MILL MANAGER, who has worked long in that capacity, for the Raja Bahadur Motilalji Pitty Spinning and Weaving Mills. Pay according to qualification. See, with certificates, RAJA BAHADUR MOTILALJI, Owner of the Mill, at Walkeshavar, in Mr. Jainarayan Hindumal Dani's Bungalow.

WANTED.

A CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, who has worked in Lawyer's Office. Salary, Rs. 20 p. m. Hindu or Portuguese preferred.

Apply—
S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & Co.,
18, Bank Street, Fort.

TO BE LET.

ONE of the best GROUND FLOORS on Hornby Row, Siddick Building, next to John Roberts & Co., most suitable for Bank, Office or Show-room. Rent Rs. 450. Apply WITHIN.

THE FINEST PEARS

WILL BE READY the latter end of July, and APPLES, the middle of August. Delivery in any part of India, by V.-P. Parcel Post, at Rs. 4-2 9-lb. basket. All charges included. APPLES and PEARS from Bundrole Orchards were supplied to H. R. H. the PRINCE OF WALES during the Royal Tour.

Apply to
Captain R. C. LEE,
Bundrole Orchards, Kulu, Punjab.

WATERPROOF PAULINS
FOR THE
MONSOON.
Obtainable from
W. CROWDER & CO., LD.,
Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

MEN,—Lord K—— says "I have used many SAFETY RAZORS but none have given the satisfaction and feeling of a perfect shave as the "Gem Junior."

"The Gem Junior" Safety Razor Outfit, with seven Razor steel blades, complete in case, Rs 5-0-0 V. P.P. MONEY REFUNDED if not satisfactory. GEM JUNIOR CO., Box 261, Bombay.

Icilma.



Clean cool comfort, freedom from sunburn or peeling in summer, and chaps or windburn in winter is secured by spraying on the skin Icilma Natural Water. Invaluable for prickly heat and insect bites, Nature's Specific for sore eyes.

The secret of a perfect skin is

Skin-Tone

Only Nature's Icilma can give the skin the tone that resists heat, cold, wind, age or hard water, that never allows it to grow sallow, yellow or clammy, and that keeps it cool in summer, alive in winter, and always of a transparent delicacy.

ICILMINE (solidified Icilma Water) the only skin cleanser that contains no fat, oil, grease or soap, keeps the skin icy cool in summer and in tone in winter. A luxury for the bath.

OF ALL GOOD CHEMISTS AND STORES.
Icilma Co., Ltd., London, E.C., England.

THE
BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates to "The BOMBAY GAZETTE" are as follows:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—Delivered Free.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount. Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 35 0	Rs 30 0
Half-yearly	" 18 12	" 11 0
Quarterly	" 7 8	" 6 0
Monthly	" 2 8	" 2 0

TO MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS—With Postage.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount. Rate.
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SINGLE COPY ... ... ONE ANNA.

The price for Back Numbers varies, according to lapse of time between Annas 2 and Rs. 2, and higher for very old issues, if available.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards; Situations Wanted; Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ... ... Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAN NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and Eight Annas for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0 Per In. h.
Second do.	" 3-8 do. do.
Third do.	" 3-0 do. do.
Fourth do.	" 2-8 do. do.
Fifth and upwards	" 2-0 do. do.
Minimum charge	" 6-0 do. do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for a length of time, special contracts are made.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
POST FREE.

	Town.	Post.
Yearly	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	" 7	" 8
Quarterly	4	5

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE"
WEEKLY BUDGET.
POST FREE

Yearly	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	" 7
Quarterly	" 4

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Braziliana 2438 tons, Captain T. H. Tamblyn, will sail to-day for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

The Asiatic S. N. Co's steamer Nawab, 2041 tons, Captain J. McGonnell, will sail to-day for Calcutta &c. with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Virawa 2176 tons Captain E. G. Carre, sailed on Saturday for coast ports and Calcutta, with a general cargo.

The B. & P. S. N. Co's steamer Moshtari, 1109 tons, Captain P. H. Gore sailed on Saturday for Persian Gulf &c. with a general cargo and 12 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Kola, 510 tons, Captain W. Moxon, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Busreh etc., with a general cargo and 4 cabin and 17 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Sofala 3,436 tons, Captain T. P. Babb, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday evening from Calcutta with a general cargo and coal.

The Anchor Line steamer Massilia, 3,250 tons, Captain J. Thomson, arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday evening from Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Kasara, 504 tons, Captain F.D. Alton, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf &c. with a general cargo and Lieut T. R. Gunner, 1 native and 65 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Lhasa, 936 tons, Captain H. McDiarmed arrived in Bombay harbour on Saturday from Karachi with a mail, a general cargo and the following passengers :—Capt Davies Mr. D S. Fraser, Mr. B. R. Kerman, Sister Gabriel, Mr. Emery, Capt and Mrs. Pauloh, Mr. E. R. Lima, Mr. J. Dossabhoy, Mr. Unstead Mr. Golbury, Mr. Khalikdad, Mr. Oser oft, Mr. Narayen, Mrs. Paul's governess and 95 deck.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 31st July should be regarded as a full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN. MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVERNMENT DOCKYARD.

R I M S Northbrook..Lt. E. W. Huddleston...R I Marine
R I M S Hardinge ......Comdr Farewell ......R I Marine
R I M S Dufferin ...Comdr DeBerry ......R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus....Comdr C S Hickman ...Survey St
R I M S Investigator...Comdr...Beauchamp...Survey St

In the Stream

H M S Perseus........Comdr F G Bird ....R Navy

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—August 1.

Arcadia..........3513 Valentine...Shanghai 5-8 P & O Co
Alavi.........2324 Fruin Hill ....B & P S N Co
Bahadur......2936 Cubbin..................T Morrison & Co
Braziliana ....2458 Tamblyn ....Cargo Bros Co
Brand......1519 Evensen ....W & A Graham & Co
Clematis......2329 Davies ....James Mackintosh & Co
Firooze........2005 Watson...................Bo & P S N Co
Garscube......2297 Storey ....W & A G & Co
Haidari ...1563 DeLorine Mauritius ...24-7 B I S N Co
Kt. Errant ....4778 Kindall ....K N & Co
Kirley Bank......2092 Kerr ....W & A G & Co
Kirley..........2275 Watson ......W & A Graham & Co
Kt. Templar ....4601 Billett .... W & A G & Co
Kenley..........2429 Wilson ......W & A Graham & Co
Lady Gordon. 316 Butler ....M M & Co
Lhasa..........936 H McDearmed...Karachi...M M & Co
Monsoori ......1735 Hanna ....B & P S N Co
Mombassa.........2786 English ....F Muir & Co
Nownel Bahr.. 178 Macoda ....Sultan of Muscat
Nawab..........2041 Benson ....T Morrison & Co
Oriental..................3085 Snow ....P & O Co
Rahmani........1172 Geddie ....N F B & P S N Co
Ras Issa ......2442 Parett..................W & A Graham & Co
Shahalum ...1918 Davison M'tius Shah S N Co of India
Shah Ameer...1921 Ledbertter ...Shah S N Co of India
Singapore ...2736 Taylor ....K Nixon & Co
Sirsa...........1675 Tipper ....M M & Co
Shah Nasir ...2535 Bevill ....Shah S N Co of India
Shah Najam...2751 Foster ......R A Willis...Shah S N Co
Scindia ....2050 Chidley ....M M & Co
Sanctoria...2378 Ward ....Bombay Co
Spring burn...3175 Crasth-Craite...........W & A G & Co
Shah Nawaz...2523 Baldwin...Shah ....Shah S N Co
Virawa..........2116 Carre...Calcutta...M Mackenzie & Co
Warora ....2565 Shepherd ...Calcutta M M & Co
Umzumbi......2138 Miller.......................................R A Willis
Xima .... 146 Mahomed.........................Shah S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—August 1.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Mackinnon	3049	Smith, M	Ged Finlay	10-8	Muir & Co
B Othello	3327	Brodley	Hull	7-8	Finlay Muir & Co
H Naderi	1164	Gray	Busreh	9-8	B & P S N Co
K Labuan	2293	Ross	Dunkirk	3-8	W & A G & Co
L Satrunj	547	Hoosein	K'chi	4-8	N F Bo S N Co Ld
M Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	Repairing		N F Bo S N Co Ld
N Frankdale	3099	Kidd	Baltimore	10-8	W & A G & Co
O Mozaffari	1387	Molohy	R S Ports	4-8	B & P S N Co
P Stolzenfels	3554	Schmidt	K'chi	2-8	W & A G & Co

M W D D

Chupra	3954	Henderson	Antwerp	10-8	M M & Co
			Offside.		
L Mahanadi	547	Fakeera	Repairing.		N F Bo S N Co Ld

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Britannia	1970	Garrick	L'pool	3-8	W & A G & Co
6 Malta	3900	Shanghai	Powell	4-8	P & O Co
7 Takasaki Maru	2943	Mocker	Kobe	4-8	N Y Kaisha
10&11 Gute's	3528	Frederickton	K'chi	6-3	W & A G& Co
12 Persia	4198	Haughton	London	15-8	P & O Co
15 Goalpara	1500	Bishop		10-8	M M & Co

ARRIVAL.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
1	Lhasa s	McDiarined	Karachi, July 30
	Massilia s	Thomson	Liverpool July 8
	Sofala s	Babb	Calcutta July 15
	Kola s	Moxon	Busreh July 25

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
1	Moshtari s	Gore	Persian Gulf &c
	Virawa s	Carre	Calcutta &c
	Arabia s	Spicer	London

The following vessels obtained their portclearances on Saturday :—
Steamer Kasara Alton for Persian Gulf.
„ Nawab McGonnell for Calcutta.
„ Braziliana Tamblyn Calcutta.

The steamer Persia for London began to load on Saturday.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY].

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co steamer Colaba left Suez on the afternoon of the 31st July.

The B I S N Co steamer Dunera left London on the afternoon of the 1st instant.

The P and O S N Co. steamer Multan arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 1st instant.

The B I S N steamer Dilwara left Aden on the 1st instant.

The Anchor Line steamer Britannia will sail from No. 2 Victoria Dock on the 3rd inst with following passengers. Medical inspection at 11-45 a. m. Sharp.

LIST OF PASSENGERS.

To London: Capt. W. R. Eddowes.
To Marseilles: Mr. D. Miles.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessel.	From
16	Flamingo	Calcutta
17	Clan Macintyre	Liverpool
22	Rotenfels	Antwerp
26	Kintail	Calcutta
28	Nadir	Calcutta
28	Manin	Venice
29	Moltkefels	New York
29	Clan Ranald	Liverpool
31	Drachenfels	Antwerp

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 1.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Britannia s—28 bales wool D Nagji; 14 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 60 bales wool, M J Joommabhoy and Co; 73 bales goat hair, C Nanji.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Britannia s—2,000 cwts mowraseed and 1,000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HULL.

Othello s—2,000 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 3,000 cwts cottonseed and 641 cwts myrabollams Wagji Becher.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—150 bales hemp, P Bhimji; 4,142 cwts myrabollams, W Becher.

FOR HAMBURG.

Labuan s—60 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Malta s—15 cases aventurine stone, N Maneckji; 33 cwts aloes, Y L Hingkev.

FOR KOBE.

Takasaki Maru s—100 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co; 145 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING, B. V. A.

Bombay, 3rd August.

465 RETURN OF ARMS.

Members are requested to return their Arms and accontrements to Head Quarters at once.

R. W. R. PENNINGTON, Capt., Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 3rd August.

287.—Detail for the week ending 8th instant :—

Tuesday, 4th inst—"M" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 3-15 p.m.

"I" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 4-15 p.m.

"L" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 4-45 p.m.

Practice for Buglers near Skating Rink at 8-30 p.m.

Wednesday, 5th Inst—"H" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 5 p. m.

Thursday, 6th Inst—"L" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 7-45 a. m.

"I" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 4-15 p.m.

"M" Coy. Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 3-15 p.m.

Friday, 7th Inst—"K" Coy. (John Connon School) Parade on Coy. Parade ground at 3-50 p. m.

Subject for the week—Physical Training without Arms.

288—Extract from India Army Orders dated 20th July 1908 is published for information :—

No 401—Divisional and Provincial Medals. Volunteer Corps. The results of the competition for the Divisional and Provincial Medals for 1907-8 are published as follows :—

x x x x x x

4th, 5th, & 6th Divisions

Provincial Medal Bombay Presidency and Baluchistan. Won by Quarter Master Sergeant J H Downing, Bombay Volunteer Rifles 63 Points.

x x x x x x

289—2nd Lieut H F P Hearson is posted to "G" Company with effect from the 19th July 1908.

290.—Enrolment.—The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "F" Company :—

No. 6444 Vol. J. V. Paes.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt., Adjt. B. V. R.

INDIAN CROP REPORTS.

ASSAM JUTE.

The First Forecast of the Jute Crop of Eastern Bengal and Assam, 1908. [Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1905-1906, the area under jute in Eastern Bengal and Assam represents some 83·4 per cent. of the total area under jute in British India.]

Character of the season.—The monsoon rains of last year were more scanty than usual and closed early. They were followed by a winter of comparative drought and a spring of combined drought and abnormal heat. The results were that many of the cultivators delayed in sowing jute, while most of the seed sown at the normal time failed to germinate and the little which did sprout either withered away or only attained a stunted growth. Repeated attempts at sowing all ended in similar failures, and by the end of April the prospets of this year's crop were about as bad as can be conceived. During March not one of the ten principle jute districts of this province had as much as 2 inches of rain, and in April the average was only 3·07, against 4·05 inches in 1907 when the soil already contained a great deal of moisture. In May, however, sufficient rain fell to enable a large area to be sown, and the copious showers with which we have been favoured in June and July have wonderfully developed the growth of the crop.

Area sown.—The rain was so long in coming that large numbers of cultivators have judged it wise to sow their fields with rice instead of jute. For this purpose many have even ploughed up the jute which failed to germinate properly. Other cogent reasons for preferring rice were the low prices of jute last year as compared with the two previous years, and the knowledge that a large amount of last year's crop still remains in the province unsold. These reasons have naturally led the raiyats to anticipate larger profits with less labour from the cultivation of rice which in spite of fairly good harvests last year still commands exceedingly high prices.

With insignificant exceptions, the area under jute in every district is estimated to be much less than last year. In the western block of the province, i.e., Rajshahi division, the shortage is estimated at approximately four lakhs of acres, in Mymensingh it is more than one and a quarter lakhs of acres, in the central block formed by Dacca, Tippera and Faridpur districts it is more than one and a half lakhs of acres. In the Assam Valley-Noakhali and Bakarganj, places where jute cultivation had commenced to spread rapidly, the low prices of last year have caused a great loss of interest in a crop which involves hard and unaccustomed labour without yielding any better profit than paddy.

For the province as a whole the area sown is estimated at 2,263,900 acres. So far as I am able to judge this estimate may be accepted as approximately correct. It is at least pratically certain that the actual area is not greater than the estimate.

Further enquiries completed since the final forecast of 1907 was issued, have raised the estimate of the jute area of that year to 3,010,800 acres. In this province therefore the estimated deficiency this year is 746,900 acres, or aproximately 25 per cent.

Condition and prospects.—Early sown jute which is generally on low land has not done well, but the great bulk of the year's crop is on comparatively high land. District officers are practically unanimous in reporting that the present condition of the crop is fairly good and in anticipating that with a continuance of favourable weather, the average yield per acre will be equal to, if not greater than, that of last year.

Consolidated forecast.—The Director of Agriculture, Bengal, estimates the total area under jute in that province at 604,300 acres, against 963,200 acres last year. The consolidated estimate for the two provinces combined is therefore 2,868,200 acres, against 3,974,000 acres last year, or a deficiency of 28 per cent.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of Births, Marriages, Deaths, and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines, or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

LAWLESS HEPPER—August 1, at Bombay, the wife of Captain H. A. Lawless Hepper, Royal Engineers, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

JOURDAIN—July 24, at Silchar, Cachar, the wife of the Rev. R. T. Jourdain, Chaplain of Silchar, and Missionary S. P. G., of a son.

DEATH.

DARBY—July 19, At Almora, George Newton Matthew Darby, aged 53 years 8 months and 11 days.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

Our Machines have Arrived.

We can now supply
"CHIRETTONES,"
The Great Tonic and Fever cure, in boxes of 100 × 5 grain tablets for Re. 1 delivered anywhere in India.

Recent Testimony from Medical Men, our own experience, and that of the public shows that the wonderful properties of this remedy cannot be overestimated.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS :
Kemp & Co. Ltd.
THE CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 16m.; Sun sets, 7h. 14m.; High water, 2-32m., 2-45a.; Low water. 3-15m., 9-14a.

Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-39 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 6h. 16m.; Sun sets, 7h. 14m.; High water, 1-54m., 2-16a.; Low water, 7-42m., 3-36a.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Tuesday, August 4.—Sun rises, 6h. 17m.; Sun sets, 7h. 13m.; High water, 3-15m., 3-20a.; Low water, 8-52m., 9-57a.

Wednesday, August 5.—Municipal Standing Committee, 3-39 p. m. Bombay Gymkhana Mounted Sports, 5-30 p.m. Bombay-Burmah Trading Corporation, 4 Elphinstone Circle, 4-30 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 17m.; Sun sets, 7h. 13m.; High water, 4-6m., 4-5a,. Low water, 9-39m., 10-49a.

Thursday, August 6.—Bank of Bombay, annual general meeting, 4 p. m. Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-39 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 17m.; Sun sets, 7h. 12m.; High water, 5-12m., 5-1a.; Low water, 10-59m.

Friday, August 7.—Bombay University Senate, adjourned meeting, 5-45 p. m. Sun rises, 6h. 18m.; Sun sets, 7h. 11m.; High water, 6-44m.; 6-9a.; Low water, 0-2m., 0-46a.

Saturday, August 8.—Cricket, Bombay Gymkhana "A" team vs. Islam Gymkhana, home. "B" Team vs. St. Xavier's College, away. Sun rises, 6h. 18m. Sun sets, 7h. 11m. High water 8-9m., 7-27a. Low water, 1-10m., 2-13a.

Rainfall at Matheran.—The rainfall at Matheran during the past week was 25 inches and 54 cents. making the total fall this season 118 inches and 44 cents.

Mahim Dispensary.—Statement showing the number of patients who attended the Mahim Wadia Charitable Dispensary, Bombay, during the month of June :—Males 231 ; females 119 ; male children 74 ; female children 95 ; total 519. Prevailing diseases, were ague, bronchitis and coustipation.

Selling Spirit without License.—At the Mazagon Police Court, on Saturday, Mr. C. H. Setavad, disposed of the case in which Inspector Kuverji Darashaw of the Excise Department charged Esubbhai Mulla Abdulla and Abdul Kyum, partners in the firm of M. H. Esoof Ali, dealers in lamp and crockery ware, with selling a bottle of methylated spirits without a license. Mr. Saher, Barrister-at-Law, appeared for the defence. The accused were convicted and fined Rs. 35.

Fatal Bullet Wound.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner of Bombay, held an inquest on Saturday, at the G. T. Hospital touching the death of Shamji Sunderji (40), a cloth merchant, who received a bullet wound during the riots in the Sheikh Memon Street last Monday. The deceased was removed to the hospital where it was discovered he had a wound on the head and was suffering from an imflamation of the brain. He succumbed to the injury the same night. The jury recorded a verdict of death from a gun-shot wound received during the riot in Sheikh Memon Street.

Carriage Accidents.—A victoria belonging to Mr. Vithaldas Haridas was crossing the tram line in Charni road, on Tuesday evening, when it collided with a passing tramcar. Its shafts were broken and the horse was slightly injured.—On Friday evening, a brougham and pair, belonging to Mr. Hormusji N. Vakil, was being driven along Queen's road and when the vehicle came near the Chowpatty bridge the horses took fright and dashed into a tree, Yessu Vithu the coachman was thrown off the box and the rear wheels were wrenched off. The horses still continued to run down the road, but were secured by the townsmen at the turning. The coachman was slightly injured.

THE WEATHER.

[By Telegraph.]

SIMLA, August 1.

The pressure has again fallen in Sind and the permanent area of low pressure in North-West India has now shown over Jacobabad, being much more strongly marked than usual.

There has been a strong inflow of the Arabian sea winds into the United Provinces and East and North Punjab, resulting in nearly general, and in many places heavy rain in these areas.

The depression, which has moved from the Bay into Orissa is much better defined than its predecessors, and has occasioned general to moderately heavy rain in Orissa; but in North-East India, the rainfall has been light and local. Under the influence of the depression, the rainfall has increased considerably in the East Central Provinces and the Deccan.

Nearly general rain has fallen in Lower Burma and on the West Coast of the Peninsula and local rain in Upper Burma and Gujarat.

The principal rainfall amounts are—Port Blair, Slipper Island, and Akyab, three inches; Darjeeling, Balasore and False Point, two inches; Cuttack, three inches; Gaya, three quarters of an inch; Benares, one inch; Cawnpore and Jhansi, half an inch; Lucknow and Dehra Dun four inches; Manipuri, one and a half inches; Agra and Muktesar three inches; Bareilly and Roorkee, three quarters of an inch; Chakrata and Delhi six inches; Ambala one inch; Ludhiana and Sialkot, two inches; Murree, seven inches; Pendra one and a half inches; Chanda, four inches; Nizamabad, Hunumukonda and Hyderabad, three quarters of an inch; Raichur and Kurnool, half an inch; Gopalpur, one inch.

Skies are clear, or lightly clouded in the North-West Frontier Province, South-West Punjab, Upper Sind and the greater part of Eastern Bengal and Assam; but in the rest of the country they are heavily overcast; Humidity is normal, or in excess; temperature is normal, or in defect.

Forecast.—Nearly general rain is probable in Lower Burma, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the West United Provinces, Central India, the Central Provinces, the Deccan and on the West Coast of the Peninsula; local rain in Upper Burma, the rest of North-East India, the East United Provinces, Punjab, Sind and Rajputana and scattered rain over the rest of the country.

SIMLA, August 2.

The depression which in Orissa yesterday moved slightly North-West into central parts of the Central Provinces has caused the Arabian Sea current to give general rain over Central Provinces and Hyderabad, and local rain in the rest of the Deccan, and there are completely overcast skies in these areas. There is also considerably increased activity in the Bay current which has occasioned general rain in Orissa and Chota Nagpur and local rain in the rest of North-East India excluding Assam, but rainfall has been very light in Bihar. The permanent area of low pressure in North-East India has again shifted southward, to the neighbourhood Hyderabad.

There has been nearly general rain in east and north Punjab, and in the United Provinces excluding eastern disticts, being heavy in districts near the boundary between the United Provinces and Punjab; but if the depression in the Central Provinces moves westward it will draw the Arabian Sea winds into its circulation and decrease rainfall in Upper India

In addition nearly general rain has fallen on the west coast of the Peninsula, and in Lower Burma; local rain in Upper Burma and in North Rajputana, and scattered rain in the rest of the country.

Skies are very lightly clouded in Eastern Bengal and Assam, and over the Western desert; but in the rest of Northern India are heavily clouded.

Principal rainfall amounts—Tavoy three inches, Moulmein and Akyab two, Darjeeling three, Balasore, False Point and Cuttack one and half, Meerut four, Roorkee six, Muktesar two, Dehra Dun, Chakrata and Delhi three, Sirsa two, Amballa five, Simla and Ludhiana one and half, Kotah and Raipur two, Pachmarhi and Nagpur one and half, Chanda five, Poona one, Belgaum two, Aurangabad three, Nizamabad one and half, Gulbarga, Hyderabad (Deccan), Hanamkonda and Kurnool one, Mercara three.

Forecast.—Nearly general rain is probable in Lower Burma, West Central India, Central Provinces, the Deccan and the West Coast of the Peninsula, local rain in Upper Burma, North-east India, excluding Eastern districts, Orissa, United Provinces, Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat, and scattered rain elsewhere.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 1st August was 29·648 inches. The height of obeservatory barometer cistern above zero of tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 6 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder was 8 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of attached thermometer 80° F. will be 14 inches, and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of aneroid no temperature correction required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher of lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 1st AUGUST, 1908.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday the 1st August, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been general in the extreme north and the south-east of the Punjab; Delhi records 5·55 inches, Ambala 1·00 inch, Sirsa 0·41 inch and Rawalpindi 0·90 inch. Skies are moderately clouded at Multan but are heavily overcast over the rest of the division. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is in defect in the area of rainfall and normal elsewhere. Winds are south-easterly to south westerly.

The United Provinces.—General rain has fallen, the chief amounts being Mainpuri 1·57 inches, Agra 2·84 inches, Jhansi 0·50 inch and Cawnpore 0·49 inch. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The moisture in the air is equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in defect in the western districts and normal elsewhere; night temperature is normal at all stations. Winds are south-westerly at Jhansi and easterly to south-easterly over the rest of the divison.

Sind and Rajputana.—Kotah reports 0·14 inch of rain. Skies are only lightly clouded in Upper Sind and heavily overcast over the rest of the division. Humidity has decreased in Rajputana and is now everywhere normal. Maximum temperature has fallen in Rajputana and is now 7° to 12° lower than usual there, but it is normal in Sind; the minimum is normal over the whole division. Winds are westerly or south-westerly.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been local; Deesa records 0·22 inch, Ahmedabad and Rajkot 0·13 inch. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the usual amount of moisture and temperature is normal Winds are south-westerly.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general, the largest amounts being Chanda 3·67 inches, Nagpur 0·98 inch, Raipur 0·52 inch, Jubbulpore 0·22 inch. Skies remain heavily overcast. Humidity is generally normal and temperature is equal to the average except for a defect in the maximum at some stations. Winds are generally westerly.

The Konkan.—General rain has fallen; Bombay had had 0·29 inch, Ratnagiri 0·46 inch, Mormugao 0·34 inch, Karwar 0·93 inch. Cloud has decreased in the south and is now only moderate there but elsewhere skies are heavily clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air and temperature is normal. Winds are generally south-westerly.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been general in Hyderabad; Nizamabad has had 0·76 inch and Hyderabad 0·86 inch. In the Deccan Belgaum reports a fall of 0·40 inch. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal. Winds are westerly or south-westerly.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has increased in Malabar and the East Central Provinces and Hyderabad. Heavy falls are also reported from the North West United Provinces and the adjacent districts of the Punjab.

Pressure has again fallen in the eastern districts of the Central Provinces which may be indicative of unsettled weather beyond the reporting area.

Nearly general rain is probable on the West Coast, the Central Provinces; local rain in Gujarat and the Deccan. A few falls may occur in Rajputana.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall gauged during the week ending Friday, 24th July 1908 :—

	In.	Cts.		In.	Cts.
Jubbulpore	...	...	Khervadi	3	38
Raver	14	60	Nasik	5	98
Nimbhora	11	30	Devlali	6	65
Bodwad	12	63	Ghoti	45	60
Varangaon	9	22	Hotgi	4	47
Bhadli	14	60	Mohol	4	29
Jalgaon	16	17	Madha	2	93
Shirsoli	14	60	Barsi Junction	3	50
Mhasawad	12	66	Kem	1	42
Maheji	8	32	Jeur	1	19
Pachora	11	87	Pomalvadi	2	70
Kajgaon	5	77	Diksal	1	65
Rajmane	4	77	Dhond	2	63
Chalisgaon	4	57	Talegaon	13	38
Naydongri	2	7	Lonavla	83	66
Nandgaon	7	99	Neral	58	16
Manmad	5	47	Kasara	48	27
Lasalgaon	3	23			

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla	Esplanade	Fort	Colaba.
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered	50·34	47·77	46·75	36·24
Sunday, 2nd August, 1908.	0·29	0·20	0·48	0·25
Total	50·63	47 97	47·23	36·49
Up to same date last year	74·96	79·37	79·79	81·53

CUMBALLA HILL.

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., Ld.

August 2.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1906.	Corpdg. Total 1907.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill	0·18	45·12	29·15	75·02

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Appended in Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (31st)	96·1	81·1	...	0·00
Jask	...	...	...	0·00
Muskat (31st)	92·3	82·6	...	0·00
Multan	104·8	88·0	...	2·83
Rawalpindi	92·9	74·6	0·90	19·49
Lahore	97·4	80·2	...	8·55
Sirsa	94·3	79·6	0·41	13·20
Ambala	92·5	74·0	1·00	5·65
Delhi	88·7	76·2	5·55	19·58
Agra	87·0	80·0	2·84	?
Mainpuri	93·3	?	1·57	11·03
Jhansi	80·0	75·0	0·50	12·81
Cawnpore	90·4	77·5	0·49	11·16
Allahabad	90·1	79·0	0·17	13·51
Jacobabad	103·6	82·8	...	2·13
Karachi	85·5	76·5	...	5·11
Ajmer	81·4	75·2	...	13·71
Jaipur	82·2	74·1	0·06	14·80
Kotah	79·5	77·1	0·14	21·06
Bhuj	84·1	76·0	0·06	7·62
Dwarka	82·8	76·2	0·08	9·47
Veraval	80·7	77·8	0·03	11·93
Rajkot	85·4	74 2	0·13	12·48
Bhavnagar Para	90·6	75·5	...	13·54
Surat	83·1	75·6	0·05	36·73
Ahmedabad	88·6	76·7	0·13	14·36
Deesa	85·3	74·4	0·22	27·95
Neemuch	83·0	70·7	...	13·59
Indore	80·1	71·1	...	18·22
Jubbulpore	78·0	74·3	0·22	26·82
Saugor	76·1	72·5	0·02	18·86
Hoshangabad	81·1	72·9	0·06	17·60
Khandwa	86·7	74·1	...	11·46
Akola	83·7	72·1	0·09	18·50
Amraoti	84·8	71·8	0·14	16·72
Nagpur	84·6	72·6	0·98	26·51
Chanda	81·0	72·5	3·67	30·86
Raipur	82·7	75·6	0·52	22·29
Bombay	83·6	77·4	0·29	36·33
Ratnagiri	82·8	75·4	0·46	55·18
Mormugao	80·5	75·7	0·34	85·96
Karwar	81·8	?	0·93	105·70
Malegaon	84·4	73·1	0·04	7·13
Ahmednagar	84·9	70·5	...	4·58
Poona	81·0	69·8	0·04	7·31
Sholapur	87·8	71·9	0·02	6·29
Bijapur	84·2	69·2	...	3·20
Belgaum	74·3	66·6	0·40	37·44
Aurangabad	84·3	69·2	...	6·43
Nizamabad (Indur)	86·9	72·2	0·76	20·22
Hyderabad	81·3	70·2	0·86	10·77
Mangalore	78·2	72·4	2·99	104·33
Calicut	77·8	72·1	1·01	73·50
Cochin	86·7	75·3	0·61	54·64
Colombo	87·0	76·5	...	5·54
Masulipatam	87·8	74·1	0·62	8·80
Bellary	86·0	74·3	...	1·57
Cuddapah	91·2	74·6	...	3·16
Madras	95·0	82·0	...	2·12
Bangalore	75·3	64·8	0·03	5·41
Coimbatore	88·9	70·8	...	1·46
Trichinopoly	99·1	77·3	...	2·97
Negapatam	98·9	78·5	...	4·50

N. LESLIE, Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

Short-Sighted Chroniclers.

I wonder what the people whose dresses are described in the newspapers feel like when they absorb the different versions with their early cup of tea the morning after a "function"? asks a lady correspondent at Home. Any pleasure which the fact of seeing themselves in print would afford must surely be swallowed up in amazement, and lovely eyes must often be rubbed by owners in the belief that they cannot have read aright. Sometimes it has struck me that the chief qualification of the average chronicler of what is worn must be a species of artistic blindness, that prevents the writers from recognising either colours or materials.

These reflections are induced by a perusal of various description of gowns displayed at recent gatherings. At the wedding of her son, Lord Richard Wellesley, the Duchess of Wellington, who always patronises the picturesque, wore a costume which apparently baffled every scribe who saw it. I read no fewer than six descriptions and each of them differed completely from the others. The Queen's taste in subtle colourings is another rock upon which many split, and unless one happens to have been present it is almost impossible to arrive at a conclusion as to whether she were blue, grey, mauve, or black and white on any given occasion. The descriptions of her dress at the gala performance at Covent Garden in honour of President Fallieres were masterpieces of confused impressions. More than once lately her Majesty has attended two entertainments in one afternoon, and the same paper has had two piquantly contrasting descriptions of the same gown.

The point of view.

Before me are three accounts of the Duchess of Sutherlands's brilliant and entirely successful sale of Scottish homespuns at Stafford House. I learn that the lovely hostess were (a) a princess dress of finest pale rose-pink grass lawn over white, with yoke and sleeves of creamy muslin and Valenciennes, (b) rose-pink chiffon, (c) cheery-coloured Shantung inserted with a band fisher net in the same shade. Curiously enough, all three agree that her hat was grey. On the same afternoon the Duchess of Connaught wore satin, voile or crepe, according to the point of view of the narrator, and other ladies were similarly served. But I fancy, on the whole, that people would prefer the cut and colour and material of their dresses to be trifled with in a hundred ways rather than have to submit to ignominy of being described as "looking neat' or "rather nice, as usual." Then, again, nothing matters quite so much as being handed down to posterity as the wearer of attire which Manchester would be thoroughly justified in criticising. Not so long since a smart woman fainted on reading that she looked graceful in a short lace coat and a big black hat, and the lady who was said to look sweet in an Elizabethan neck ruffle and purple shoes had just reason for complaint. Nor can we wonder at the indignant denial wrung from a distinguished warrior when one journal averred that, "General Sir Hugo Firebrace and his pretty daughter came in the smartest of pink toques and a sunshade to match."

A beautifully dressed princess.

How well Princess Louise Duchess of Argyll dresses! Somewhere or other the assertion was made the other day that Princess Patricia is the only Royal lady who conforms to the fashions of the moment; but, to say nothing of Princess Victoria, who has been wearing skirts of distinctly Directoire cut, the Duchess of Argyll is always well abreast of the modes. On an afternoon last week she was wearing a cloud-grey chiffon dress over pale pink satin, so that quite an effect of dawn was produced. The Empire back admirably suited the slender figure, the yoke and long cuffs were of cream lace, and into the upper part of the sleeves was introduced a subtle touch of cinnamon brown. A silver grey length of tulle ending in silver tassels formed a scarf, and a tall grey straw hat had grey plumage ornamented with pink tulle. Silver-grey suede gloves, a figured grey silk sunshade, and a corsage bouquet of pink roses completed the happy harmony.

VOTING MONEY FOR THE NAVY.

"The shipbuilding vote of the Navy Estimates, which was discussed on Monday in the House of Commons, is by far the most important vote of the whole Estimates," says the "Times," "and its discussion is commonly and very properly regarded as one of the great Parliamentary occasions of the Session. It must be acknowledged, however, that, so far as the actual vote is concerned, the debate was scarcely worthy of the occasion.

15 MILLIONS FOR THE NAVY.

"The whole debate, so far as the two front benches were concerned, was not so much an examination of the shipbuilding programme for this year as a discussion, not inopportune, perhaps, but only remotely relevant to the vote actually before the House, of what the shipbuilding programme for next year and the years after ought to be, and indeed must be, if our naval supremacy is to be maintained inviolate. It is no extravagant estimate to assume that the Chancellor of the Exchequer will have to budget next year for some 15 millions in excess of the expenditure which was held—somewhat lightheartedly, perhaps—to suffice for this year.

ARMY V. NAVY.

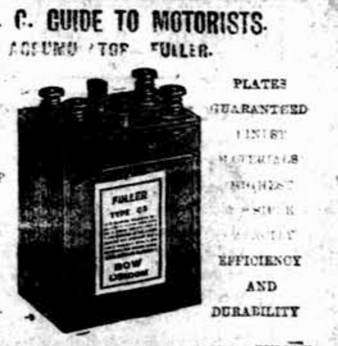
"Ther is a persistent and aggressive section of the Ministerial party—not unrepresented in the Cabinet—which would, if it could, provide for the other commitments of the Government by a determined raid on the provision necessary for the defensive security of the Empire. We have already done our best to forestall and check any such disastrous raid upon the War Office. If the peril to which the Admiralty is exposed is less imminent and less menacing it is because the Government must know that no such raid would be tolerated—that if it were even attempted 'the country,' as Mr. Lee said on Monday, would make it overwhelmingly plain that it would not stand any trifling with the Navy.' It is common ground with both parties that the Navy Estimates must be largely increased next year that the programme of new construction must be such as to prevent even the possibility of such a state of things existing in 1911 and 1912 as Mr. Balfour described a few months ago.

"There was a certain disposition manifested by the representatives of the Admiralty to make a little less of the advent of the Dreadnought type of ship than its official advocates were wont to do when that type was first adopted. Mr. McKenna reminded the House that in battleships of the pre-Dreadnought type our superiority is and remains incontestable. But if the relative importance of the Dreadnought was unduly magnified at one time, that is assuredly no reason why it should be unduly depreciated now that the type has been adopted by all the great naval Powers and possibly bettered by some of them. It may be true, as Dr. Macnamara insisted, that, taking Dreadnoughts and pre-Dreadnought ships together, our superiority is incontestable and will so remain—especially if we lay down sufficient number of Dreadnoughts next year—for some time to come.

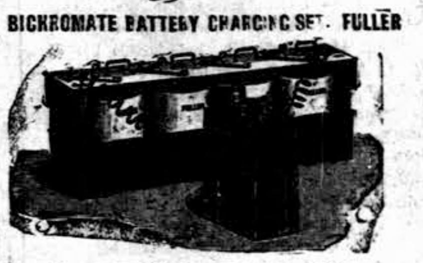
CONCERNING DREADNOUGHTS.

"But though it may not be necessary to apply the two-Power standard to Dreadnoughts alone, it certainly is necessary that our Dreadnought fleet should be of such strength as not to be outnumbered or even matched by the Dreadnought fleet of any other Power. That we take to be the true meaning of the pledge given by Mr. Asquith in March, and the country will certainly insist on its being redeemed in that sense, is not less necessary of course, that our supremacy should be equally assured in respect of all other elements of naval force."

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CONTEMPORARY OPINION.

LEGISLATIVE FLOTSAM.

THE "PIONEER":—"More haste, less speed," says an old proverb, so often quoted, so often, alas, forgotten. It would be as well if this pithy truism could be inscribed in letters of gold on the walls of the Council Chambers of the Empire for all to read who show any tendency to "run" in matters legislative. In these hustling days when our idealists, having insufficient occupation with the cares of the moment, find it necessary to crowd the distant future into the immediate present even a few months will take us back into "ancient history." That is indisputable but after all the hoary past has its lessons and we may be excused perhaps for going back so far as the closing months of the year of grace 1907. On the 18th October of that year some of us may remember a little Bill was introduced into the Viceregal Council with much flourish of trumpets; the Select Committee's suggestions were submitted the following week; and a week later still, after high counsel and debate, the Bill duly altered and revised, became the law of the land. The hustling, however, was too much for the tender infant. It passed away peacefully and quietly as it was being taken out of the Council chamber, with no one to mourn its premature demise. Its unnatural parents had decreed that it should die when it had attained the age of three: so better perhaps that death should come ere the child could realise the true inwardness of life. No tombstone marks it grave; it merely died and was forgotten, buried may be in some Simla rubbish heap. And what of the work it was to accomplish between the age of birth and three? Has sedition died out? Have seditious meetings still ceased to be held? Not so, if one may judge by the seditious trials that have been dragging out their course recently in all parts of India; not so, if one considers the pains taken by the police in Calcutta, Madras and elsewhere to take down notes of public meetings and record evidence. The truth is Government was so anxious to cut out all obnoxious features in its Bill, so desirous of conciliating the irreconcileables, so chary of giving any exceptional powers to its guardians of the law that the law was bound to become obsolete so soon as it was passed. The Indian Councillor might cry out against the iniquities of the Act; the seditious orator knew well enough that it was perfectly innocuous. And so we have the spectacle of local administrations confining their energies to prosecutions where there should be machinery at hand to render unnecessary a large number of those prosecutions. Prevention after all is more likely to prove salutary than punishment after the event.

A GOVERNMENT KAZI FOR GEORGETOWN.

The "MADRAS MAIL":—Some recent correspondence in our columns shows that the Mahomedan community of Georgetown is much interested in the question of the formal appointment by Government of a Kazi for that division of Madras. The case seems to be this:—So far back as July, 1694, the then President and Council of Fort St. George, in a quaintly worded document, appointed Morcay Lubbee and Abu Bucker as Mullas, divided certain revenues between them and confined the office to their descendants. The Kazi who now does the work in Georgetown is said to be a lineal descendant of Morcay Lubbee. Whether the emoluments of the Government Kazi are derived from this source or from a latter grant made by Nawab Wallajah we are not in a position to say, and it does not matter, for all will recognise the right of Government to control such matters. It is urged that the work of a Sunni Kazi in the city of Madras is far more than one man can do and that as a matter of fact, the George town Kazi really does a full share of the work that is he does all that is required for the large Musalman community in the northern parts of Madras. It is also said that in olden days there were more than one officially appointed Sunni Kazi for Madras. In all Mahomedan countries the Kazi who is really in many matters a judicial officer is appointed by the state. Act XII of 1880 gives Indian Governments power to do this but whether the absence of such a formal appointment renders the decisions of a Kazi invalid is point of Mahomedan Law on which we are not prepared to give an opinion. The present holder of the office in Georgetown, though not a gazetted Kazi, has been consulted by Magistrates on points of law and his ability in and knowledge of such matters is fully acknowledged by competent persons. In their petition to Government the Georgetown memorialist begged that the emoluments derived from endowment might be divided between two Kazis, and this may have been a reason why their request was not granted. We understand that they have withdrawn, or are ready to withdraw, that request, and that therefore the present Government Kazi would suffer no loss of income whatever.

This simplifies the matter very much, and, on the face of it, there seems no reasonable objection to the official appointment of a second Sunni Kazi for Madras. In many small towns Government appoint Kazis. Madras possesses a very large Sunni community, living in distant and separate parts. It is proved by experience that one man does not, and probably could not, do all the work; but one man alone, so we understand, holds a gazetted appointment. The official appointment of another will not reduce his status or affect his income, whilst it will give great satisfaction to a large and important section of the community whose only request now is that its Kazi who officiates for it may, without prejudice to the rights and income of any other Kazi, be gazetted as Kazi of Georgetown, that is, become "de jure" what he is "de facto." He would then be placed in the legal position which Mahomedan custom, even if not Mahomedan Law requires a judicial officer to be. If is difficult to see on what general grounds so reasonable an application can be refused and now that the request for a share of the endowment is or will be withdrawn and a personal question is removed from the case it may be hoped that on reconsideration Government will give to the Georgetown Kazi the official status which, on his behalf, a large and influential body of Mahomedans now seek.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS IN INDIA.

The "MADRAS MAIL":—The Report of the Railway Boord on the accidents which occurred on Railways in the year ending the 31st December, 1907, shows that in the matter of fatalities and casualties the year must rank with 1893, 1902 and, we may add, 1903, because there is an obvious mistake in the figures for that year in the abstract which gives the comparison for the past sixteen years. In 1893 there were 51 passengers killed and 84 injured out of a travelling public of 135,282,950, which gave a proportion, respectively, of 1 in 2,652,215 and 1 in 1,610,261. In 1902—the worst year of the sixteen for which the figures are available—the number of killed and injured in a travelling population of 189,056,511 was 127 and 184, respectively, giving a proportion of 1 in 1,488,634 and 1 in 1,027,481. In 1903, the figures given in the abstract are none killed and 116 injured in a travelling populations of 210,231,000, but since the proportionate figures for killed and injured are given as 1 in 4,204,620 and 1 in 1,812,736, it follows that 41 persons must have been killed. In 1907 45 persons were killed and 150 injured out of a travelling population 305,890,500 giving a proportion of 1 in 6,797,567 and 1 in 2,039,270. As far as we can recollect, in two at least of these years the figures were swelled by a serious accident on Railways in South India. In 1893, for instance, there was a deplorable accident on the Madras Railway at Karimadai, between Coimbatore and Mettapollium, and in 1902 the terrible Mangapatnam accident on the North-West Section of the Madras Railway contributed to the record figures of that year. It is comforting to know, therefore, that in another year of high figures the Southern Railways have done little if anything to swell the casualty list, the numbers killed and injured respectively, being as follows:—Madras Railway 1 and 12, South Indian Railway 0 and 1, Southern Mahratta Railway 1 and 4.

In average years the casualties are small enough to prompt the reflection that railway travelling in India is so safe as to be almost devoid of risk; but this consoling thought is shattered by the reflection that the majority of serious accidents which have occurred would have been avoided by the exercise of greater care or a strict adherence to rules on the part of Railway servants, and this is borne out by the details of the most serious accidents which occured last year. No less than ten of them were the consequence of a violation of the rules either by the running or the station staff. This is not good to think of; because, after all, the results of a serious accident are appalling enough without the Railway authorities having to bear the responsibility of contributory negligence on the part of their servants. In most cases this takes the form of slackness in the observance of rules and regulations. This may be done with impunity ninety-nine times, but on the hundredth occasion comes the disaster, which shows that for the railway man, as for all, discipline and a strict adherence to rules is the only rule of conduct.

LITERATURE VERSUS SCIENCE.

The "Pioneer":—The installation of Lord Morley as Chancellor of the University of Manchester drew from him, as befitted the occasion, weighty and admirably chosen words on a subject which is never far distant from the thoughts of those who have to deal with reform of Universities in India. He took for his topic the proper functions of a University of the modern type, such as the public spirit and generosity of citizens of the great commercial cities of England have of late years established. What should these institutions teach—institutions which cannot boast descent from Kings, and Princes and Cardinals of the church, and which are without the clear-out tradition and glorious inherited associations of ancient seats of learning. Placed as they are at centres of modern industrialism, where the sciences display their latest practical applications, and where the atmosphere is filled with the accents of commerce are they to be the servile minister of the immediate needs of the people, are they to limit their aims to the purveying of technical instruction and to the utilitarian pursuit of science, or are they boldly to assert the higher claims of disinterested study, of knowledge of every kind pursued in single-mindedness for its own sake? As might be expected from one of Lord Morley's intellectual distinction, his advocacy of the higher functions of a University was ardent and sincere. He expressed his hope that while there ought to be diversity of studies, "merely and purely technical teaching would not drive out teaching of the University type." He pictured in glowing language the ideal of a University, defining it as "a congregation of intellect, one of those assemblies of men deeply interested, and who make it the business of their lives to be interested, in learning, in knowledge, in spreading abroad the sense of the dignity or, if you like, the majesty of truth, the unity of learning, and the interdependence of knowledge." We are still far from realising this ideal in the Universities of his country, but most of us, from Lord Curzon downwards, would accept Lord Morley's language as a correct description of what the ideal should be. But Lord Morley went a stage further and there he parted company, slightly, but still perceptibly, from Mr. Balfour, who somewhat later in the day, dealt also with admirable lucidity and grace with the vexed question of the proper direction of University teaching. Lord Morley, possibly thinking that in an industrial town science would never want efficient supporters, put in a claim for literature. Literature, he admitted with a note of regret, was beginning to pale before the acquisitions of science. In a city like Manchester new industrial problems of every kind arise, and will press themselves upon the attention of the University. But for all that he urged that literature had merits of which science could not boast, and pleaded that the new teaching should respect the old. "On the day when you are quite sure that what we may call the ancients have nothing to teach which would be good for you to learn, on that day you have my consent, as Chancellor to leave the classical element out of your curriculum—and not before. I am quite sure that that day will not arise in a hurry." Here spoke the man of letters, who was not ashamed to profess his faith in the permanent value and abiding charm of literature, and of the classics of Greece and Rome, before one of the most modern and prosaic audiences that could well be brought together.

By the two worthy champions, Lord Morley and Mr. Balfour, the claims of literature and science in the adjustment of a University curriculum are ably and fairly stated. How do these two different points of view affect us when we consider the problem of Indian education? In the first place it may be remarked that the plea put in for literature has infinitely more force in an intensely practical hive of industry like Manchester, and addressed to a people whose bent is vigorous action, than it would have in application to India. In England, as in Europe generally, science may now be trusted to look after itself. Its adherents increase every day. In India the reverse is the case. For generations the Indian mind has been nurtured on literature possibly not literature of the best kind, but still literature as opposed to the knowledge of the forces of Nature. In the second place Mr. Balfour's remark that a society which is without science is necessarily stationary and sterile is profoundly true as regards India so far back as its history is known. India is a pre-eminent example of society which has been stationary and which has deliberately refused to interrogate nature. All its great thinkers have been absorbed in the contemplation of the mind of man, and in spinning metaphysical puzzles and autological paradoxes. To the mass of the population the external world and the forces which govern it have at all times been a mystery and a terror, demanding fabulous and ridiculous explanations. To the higher minds these phenomena are fleeting and deceptive, hiding the secret of true being and weighting the spirit of man with a depressing burden which pure philosophy alone can throw off. These notions have arrested the development of India, materially, socially, mentally. They are still at the root of the inertness of the masses, and they still perplex and trouble the educationalist and the administrator. Literature need not be expelled from our Universities on that account. But its claims to attention are in the circumstances of India surely secondary to those of science. It may be added that whatever place be finally assigned to literary studies in the curricula of Indian Universities, too great pains cannot be taken to see that those studies are of the best kind, not only in themselves, but also viewed in relation to the admitted weaknesses and defects of the Indian mind. The object of literary study, Lord Morley truly said, is not to contradict or to confute, not to believe or take for granted, not in order to talk or to discourse but to "weigh and consider." "To weigh and consider" is indeed a worthy object. Has it ever been fairly and honestly sought in the instruction and in the examinations which the Universities of this country have laid themselves out to provide? Literature, so taught, would have its utilities which might well stand comparison with those of science. But has it been so taught? That it has not, is obvious and admitted. If Lord Morley's plea for literary studies in Manchester should be extended to the case of University education in this country, his postulate of the manner in which such studies should be pursued should at any rate not be overlooked.

HOW PREMIERS BEHAVE.

Some Recollections by Mr. Henry W. Lucy.

Mr. Henry W. Lucy, so well known as "Toby, M. P.," recently told us in the "Cornhill" how he came to write London Letters and generally to be a journalist.

In a volume which Mr. Heinemann has just issued Mr. Lucy gives us his "Memories of Eight Parliaments," (8s. 6d. net). As Lord Rosebery once said, "On everything relating to Parliament, Mr. Lucy speaks as an expert. There, is perhaps, no man living who has had so constant and so close observation of Parliamentary life in its many aspects."

The "Memories" are of greatest interest. Mr. Lucy has a keen eye for picturesque detail, but he does not swamp the facts in a mess of colour as some Parliamentary writers have been known to do. We would give a good deal to have a complete story of Parliament from its first sitting told by a Lucy; and certainly in days to come the historian will bless the writer of these Parliamentary memories.

Let Mr. Lucy tell in his own words of the methods and mannerisms of two of the great Premiers of the last century; of those two antagonists, the G.O.M. and Dizzy.

GLADSTONE'S DIGNITY.

"In the ordinary relations of public or private life dignity was a striking and prevalent characteristic of Gladstone's manner. To see him walk up the floor of the house after a division was an education in deportment. As he crossed the Bar, coming into full sight of the members, he instinctively squared his shoulders, threw back his head, advancing with quick but stately steps.

"Save in its loftiest heights, Gladstone's Parliamentary manner lacked repose. He was always brimming over with energy which were much better reserved for worthier objects."

GADSTONE'S MANNER IN THE HOUSE

Here are some instances of his manner in the House. "Striding swiftly past his colleagues on the Treasury Bench, he dropped into the seat kept vacant for him, and hastily taking up a copy of the Orders ascertained what particular question in the long list had been reached. Then, turning with a sudden bound of his whole body to the right, he entered into animated conversation with a colleague his pale face working with excitement, his eyes glistening, and his right hand vehemently beating the open palm of his left as if he were literally pulverising his adversary.

"Tossing himself back with equally rapid gesture he lay passive for the space of eighty seconds. With another swift movement of the body he turned to the colleague on the left, dived his hand into his breast pocket as if he had suddenly become conscious of a live coal secreted there, pulled out a letter, opened it with violent flick of extended forefinger and earnestly debated thereon."

RANDOLPH DRAWS THE G. O. M.

One night "the triumphant whisper went round, 'Randolph's drawing him.' Excited by the tumult, and vainly trying to lift his still mighty voice above the uproar, Gladstone, seating himself perilously near the edge of the seat, bending forward and grasping himself somewhere below the knee, leant across towards the more-than-ever-delighted adversary, and angrily reiterated 'No! No! No!' A pitiful and undignified demonstration on the part of a Prime Minister which was exactly what Lord Randolph was endeavouring to bring about.

"When Lord Randolph had made an end of speaking, Gladstone sprang up with catapultic celerity. For a moment he held on to the box on the table at arm's length, drawing himself up to fullest height with a genial smile on his countenance that completed the contrast with his late perturbed manner. Once more he was himself, his supremacy of the House, lost through the lamentable exhibition just witnessed, instantly resumed with his self-command.

"Now was witnessed the exhibition of that skill which Mr. Lecky noted in Pitt. Like Pitt, no one knew better how to turn and retort arguments, to seize in a moment on a weak point or an unguarded phrase. In half a dozen sentences of exquisitely modulated speech Gladstone, displaying the benevolence with which Gulliver was able to refrain from presenting the pricking of the lance of Liliput's doughtiest champion, played with Lord Randolph, and finally tossing him aside turned his attention, as he said, to more serious matters."

Now let us turn to Disraeli.

DISLIKE OF DISRAELI.

"For twenty years the "Saturday Review," to which Lord Salisbury, before he succeeded to the Peerage, was one of the most frequent and brilliant contributors, weekly attacked Disraeli. In 1851 Lord Stanley, afterwards Earl of Derby, called upon to form a Ministry, apologetically informed the Queen that he would have to propose Dizzy as one of the Secretaries of State."

According to a memorandum written by the Prince Consort, the Queen interrupted him by saying that 'She had not a very good opinion of Mr. Disraeli, on account of his conduct, to poor Sir Robert Peel," but she would not aggravate Lord Stanley's difficulties by passing a sentence of exclusion on him. 'She must, however, make Lord Stanley responsible for his conduct, and should she have cause to be displeased with him when in office she would remind Lord Stanley of what had passed.'

DISRAELI'S CONSTANT ATTENDANCE.

"Had Disraeli lived to observe the habit of modern Ministers in respect of attendance throughout a sitting he would have been deeply shocked. For himself, he not only sat through a debate, however comparatively unimportant, but expected his colleagues to keep him company on the Terasury Bench. In these days it has come to pass that as soon as questions are over the main body of Ministers retire to their own rooms, leaving the Treasury Bench and the affairs of the nation to the colleague whose Department is directly affected by the question under discussion. Up to his last appearance in the Commons, shortly after the Speaker took the chair Disraeli arrived and dropped into his accustomed seat opposite the brass-bound box.

DISRAELI DINES IN THE HOUSE.

"Always there were the same minute arrangements. Being seated he draped the tail of his frock coat over his crossed leg folded his arms, bent his head, and through the long hours sat immobile. If any thought he slept they were mightily mistaken. His eyes, bright to the last, furtively surveyed the enemy's camp, ever returning to the bench opposite if Gladstone happened to be in his place. He always dined in the House, wherein he differed from the habit of modern Prime Ministers. Unlike Gladstone, he rarely entered into conversation with his colleagues seated near him."

DISRAELI'S LAST APPEARANCE.

Here is Mr. Lucy's account of Disraeli's last appearance in the Commons:

"His custom, common to all Ministers, was to avail himself of the private key which gave ingress and egress at the door behind the Speaker's Chair. Now the Premier walked down the floor of the House between the two camps, and, turning before he reached the Bar, made low obeisance to the Speaker. He stood a moment gazing round, the House. What thoughts must have crowded upon his mind, already occupied with the momentous secret that on the following morning was to break upon an astonished world!

"Forty years earlier he entered the House and presented that famous speech in which he foretold the coming of the time when the jeering throng 'should hear him.' . . . The House was emptying fast. The speaker and the clerks at the table were busied about small Bills, anxious only to get done and go home. After a brief pause Disraeli turned and walked out. No one looking on knew that a momentous episode in the annals of Parliament was accomplished. Of the two figures most familiar in the House of Commoms through three decades one had fared forth never to return. Disraeli was no more. In his place only the Earl of Beaconsfield."

DISRAELI CONQUERS A QUEEN.

"Of all Disraeli's conquests there were none more unexpected and complete than that obtained over Queen Victoria. The Prince Consort shared in extreme degree the prejudice existing among British gentlemen against one whom they were disposed to regard as a Jew adventurer. The Queen devotedly shared all her husand's likes and dislikes. Disraeli disclosed the secret of his triumph. He had, he said, a simple rule when talking with the Queen. 'I never deny; I never contradict; I sometimes forget.' He indicated another phase when he said, 'Gladstone treats the Queen like a public department; I treat her like a woman.'"

CONCERNING GESTURES.

"It is no new thing for great orators to have extravagant gestures. Peel had none; Pitt but few and these monotonous and mechanical. But Pitt's father, the great Chatham, knew how to flash his eagle eye, to flaunt his flannels, and strike home with his crutch. Brougham once dropped on his knees in the House of Lords and with outstretched hands implored the Peers not to reject the Reform Bill. Fox was sometimes moved to tears by his own eloquence. Burke on an historic occasion brought a dagger on the scene. Sheridan, when nothing else was to be done, knew how to faint; whilst Grattan used to scrape the ground with his knuckles as he bent his body and thanked God he had no peculiarities of gesture. In respect of originality, multiplicity, and vehemence of gesture, Gladstone as in some other things, beat the record of human achievement."

WHEN TO ENTER THE COMMONS.

Referring to the fact that John Morley was in his forty-sixth year when he first entered the Commons, Mr. Lucy says: "It is a little late to begin the work of assimilation with the House of Commons. It will be found . . . that all men who have made the highest mark in the Parliamentary record have enter the House in their young manhood. Pitt, Palmerston, Disraeli Gladstone . . . possessed in common the inestimable advantage of entering the House at a stage of comparative youth."

AN EYE WITNESS OF NAPOLEON'S FUNERAL.

Katherine Prescott Wormeley an eye-witness of the scene in Paris when Napoleon's body was brought back from St. Helena for burial at Les Invalides, writes a bright account of it in "Putnam's Monthly."

700,000 EYE-WITNESSES.

"The next day the cold was in tense, the north wind piercing, but the sun was bright. Crowds, the like of which were never seen (they were said to number over 700,000 persons), filled the sides of the avenue by daybreak; roofs were invisible; every tree was laden with men and gamins. We had great difficulty in reaching the house from the windows of which we were to view the procession.

The Emperor's body, when landed from the barge at Courbevoie, was placed upon the imperial car, or catafalque. The place intended for it, the sarcophagus, was at the apex of the car, over thirty feet from the ground. This sarcophagus was supported by twelve angelic figures, life-size. They stood on the centre of the body of the catafalque, which, in its turn, was guarded by other life-sized figures, all of them symbolical. The whole construction, wheels and all, was of burnished gold. Its sides were, draped with violet velvet, while from the upper sarcophagus floated an exquisite transparent veil of violet gauze studded with golden bees. The car was drawn by sixteen horses, harnessed four abreast, and covered entirely, so that their colour could not be seen, by trappings of cloth of gold. Stately white and violet plumes were on their heads, and each horse was led by a groom in the imperial green.

THE COFFIN.

"The intention had been to place the body in the upper receptacle. But, on attempting to do this, the structure was found to be too weak; the Emperor's coffin was therefore laid on the main body of the catafalque, concealed by the velvet draperies. This, however, was not known at the time; and as the procession passed we all thought that he lay in the upper sarcophagus.

"The Champs Elysees, golden-sanded as I have said, was guarded on its left side, from the Place de la Concorde to the Arch, by the National Guard. When the procession, coming from Neuilly, reached the arch—the Arch of his Glory—the catafalque was halted beneath it for a few moments. During those moments the people in their blind enthusiasm, really believed, many of them, that Nopoleon would rise from the dead when brought beneath the Arch de Triomphe. I recollect how eager we were to go up and see the car pause under the Arch. But our father would not take us, for the crowd was terrific; and moreover, there was a dumb alarm felt that some formidable Bonapartist uprising might, then and there, take place. Certain it is that the cannon stationed round the Arch, under the guise of 'trophies,' were so placed as to rake the avenues in case of an outbreak.

THE PROCESSION.

"At last—at last, the procession was seen coming down the Champs Elysees past our windows. We were breathless to see the "real" thing. It came—first in the shape of an old white horse, said to be the son of Marengo, who carried his master at Wagram. At any rate, the saddle, bridle, and housings were those worn by Marengo on that occasion, and preserved in the Hotel Cluny.

"Then after its guard of honour, came the imperial car—came Napoleon to the banks of the Seine. On either side were the sailors of the 'Belle Poule,' marching two and two at the edge of the avenue; thus leaving a broad golden space, along which the car moved lightly, gracefully, yet grandly.

"I cannot recall any sounds as the Emperor passed us. Men stood with bared heads in the biting wind; silent, it seems to me, till their pent-up emotion broke forth in a sort of sob as the remnants of the Grand Army followed their great leader. Ah, what a sight that was!—those old, maimed men, in faded uniforms of every grade and colour; sappers and minners, grenadiers, dragoons, lancers, and aboveall, the survivors of the Old Guard. Poor, broken heroes! of what were they thinking?

IN LES INVALIDES.

"On the following day we went to the Invalides to see Napoleon lying where he had prayed to lie. But it was all unsatisfactory. The crowd was terrible women were fainting; the church was dark with black and purple hangings; the only light came from green and lurid flames belching from tripods; the air was suffocating; and the Emperor's coffin was almost invisible within a sort of gilded cage. Nothing rewarded us but the idea—no, the "reality"—that 'Napoleon was there!'"

BY THE WAY.

SOCIALISTS "IN FORM."

Socialist leaders are just now shining with a brilliance all their own. In his peculiar vein of eloquence and reason Mr. Keir Hardie insists that because he was not invited to the King's garden-party the pillars of the Constitution are threatened. His constituents at Merthry have received his assurance that he "will not allow any interference from the Crown with his duties as member of Parliament Meanwhile Mr. Keir Hardie suggests that of no invitation means interference. Mr. Barnes declares that the Labour leader who attends a garden-party is "made softer and less efficient by such practices." Logically it follows that the the host who does not invite Labour leaders is helping to make them stronger and better men. In Hyde Park Mr. Stuart Gray's Socialists have been consigning the British flag to worse than ignominy and declaring their amiable intention to fight the police with pistols. In the Law Courts Mr. Jack Williams has been defending his character against our contemporary the "Express." The "Express" had suggested that his manners were poor and his language deficient in the grace of decency. The jury would not be convinced that Mr. Williams was a slandered saint, and, we are glad to notice, returned a verdict against him without troubling to leave the box. What we shall hear next from Mr. Williams and his fellow-thinkers it is hard to imagine. Of only one thing can we be certain: that it will be nothing reasonable.

LORD HAWKE, CAPTAIN.

If ever a man deserved the compliment of a presentation that man is Lord Hawke, whose twenty-five years' captaincy of Yorkshire cricket was thus celebrated during the luncheon interval of the match against Notts. Both as cricketer and as leader Lord Hawke has won the gratitude of Yorkshire. In advancing very sensibly the reputation of English county cricket, he has earned a fame of which he may be justly proud and a popularity which is quite peculiar. If he had done nothing else in his life Lord Hawke could point to what he has done on cricket field as a quite reasonable discharge of the duties of high position. For he has given a lead where a lead was wanted, and has kept alive the best and purest spirit of a great and unsullied game. Yorkshire have always played the game like sportsmen and gentlemen, and only Yorkshire know how largely a fine levelling-up of the spirit of their game is due to the leadership of their captain. In our modern life too much is often made of very trivial circumstance. But this presentation to Lord Hawke seems to us very honourable in all ways, and by no means unimportant.

THE COMMONPLACE OCCURRENCE IN THE FLEET.

The interest of the naval news of to-day centres itself not in some insubordinate scandal or "unverified rumour" of a "strange occurrence," but in one of those stories of extraordinary courage and resourcefulness which, to the honour of the Service, may be called a "commonplace occurrence in the fleet." This is the story of submarine A 9. and of how petrol gas escaped from a valve, and the engine room men were stretched lifeless; of how the smell of the gas was borne to the two officers in the conning tower, of how they tried to reach the engine-room, and of how after several vain efforts they made their way down to this chamber of death and just before they also were stretched unconscious by the fumes, succeeded in stopping the racing engines. It is a fine little story of calm, calculated heroism. To these two lieutenants all of the crew who survive will owe their lives. To them also the Navy will owe a ship and the public an escape from the shock of a new disaster. And if we have called this commonplace, that is no more than to express our conviction that the courage and coolness of the Navy are unequalled and invincible.

BETTER DEAD.

There is a disposition to take advantage of the present state of unrest among naval leaders for raking up ancient history. Mr. Bellairs, for instance has been inviting Mr. McKenna to discuss the consequences of Sir Percy Scott's notorious signal in 1907. His intention was no doubt to ascertain whether the Admiralty have been doing all that in them lies to preserve discipline. A purpose worthy enough in itself; yet we are afraid a good deal more harm than good can be done by neglecting to let the dead past bury its dead. Mr. McKenna was quite right to decline to answer any further question on the subject. The Admiralty are equally right in regarding the incident as closed. If long-past mistakes and errors of judgment are to be brought in to complicate the present unhappy situation, the way out will be surrounded with difficulties. The case is on calling for tact. Historic judgment, or what may pass for such, is besides the point.

THE PERFECT BACHELOR.

Bachelors may rejoice. Mr. Lloyd George is reported to have relinquished a scheme for taxing them. This is England's contribution to their happiness. The United States has an opportunity of going a step farther; of not only making the bachelor more joyful, but of defending him. "Representative George Glenn," says the "Telegraph's" New York correspondent, "a married man, who has just been visiting summer resorts, has introduced into the Georgia Assembly a measure relating to the wiles and blandishments of the gentler sex. The Bill provides that, 'If any woman, whether maid or widow, shall betray into matrimony any unsuspecting male subject of the State by scents points, powder, or perfume, cosmetics, artificial teeth, false hair, iron stays, corsets, pads or padding, hoops or high-heeled shoes, low-cut blouses, lace, variegated, drop-stitched or rainbow hosiery, or by any other deceitful means or artful practices, the marriage, upon conviction, shall be null and void.'" Here we have something like justice to the bachelor. It is but just that the greatest precautions should be exercised on his poor behalf. Surrounded as he is with man-traps, so that he can hardly pick his steps carefully enough for safety, his life is barely worth living. If Georgia leads the way, the other States, and perhaps other countries, may follow in course of time; so that civilisation may ultimately evolve not only a perfect bachelor existence, but the perfect bachelor. And we on this side of the Atlantic must not repress the tender plant by harsh taxations, but water it with our sympathatic tears and sun it with our smiles.

THE PRESENT OF THE MOTOR BUS.

Mr. Gladstone will not find, we think, that the complaints of the deputation which, representing powerful interests; waited on him with regard to the motor-bus nuisance are to be set aside by official evasion and stereotyped eloquence. For it is the citizens of London, without distinction of any kind, who have come to the conclusion that the present state of affairs is quite intolerable. Grant all the pleas urged in favour of the motor-bus; Grant its speed and usefulness, and the vast numbers of passengers carried by these vehicles! What then? There still remains the little fact that London has become a place of barbaric noise and stench, a place of hideous peril to life and limb, a kind of valley of the shadow of death in which nerves and limbs are maimed at every street corner by the leviathans on wheels which crumble the wood-paying to dust and lumps, and which the authorities will not or cannot control. There may be a great future for the motor-bus. The experimental stage may be necessary. But the experiment must not be recklessly conducted on our vile bodies. The machines must be more efficiently controlled—lest a worse fate befall both them and us.

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LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

HIGH COURT.

SUITS FOR DAMAGES AGAINST THE G. I. P. RAILWAY.

On Saturday in the High Court before the Hon. Mr. Justice Davar, the consolidated suits of Miss Perin, and her father Mr. Ardeshir D. Patel, Barrister-at-law, were further heard against the G.I.P. Railway Company, for damages caused by the Company's acts to the two plaintiffs' mother and wife, respectively, in December 1906. These acts eventuated in the death of Mrs. Patel, by broncho-pneumonia, due to gas-poisoning in a railway carriage of the Company, while travelling from Muzzufferpore to Bombay. The case has been reported in these columns. Miss Perin had also suffered illness, due to the same cause; her claim against the Company was for Rs. 10,000. Mr. Patel's claim was for Rs. 50,000. Several witnesses had been examined for the plaintiffs.

Mr. P. J. Padshah, with Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan, instructed by Mr. Jamshedji Patel, of Messrs. Mansukhlal Jamshedji and Hiralal, appeared for the plaintiffs. Mr. Robertson, with Mr. D. B. Binning, instructed by Mr. Yorke-Smith, of Messrs. Little & Co., appeared for the Railway Company, who repudiated any liability whatsoever the plaintiffs sought to fix upon them.

Mr. Robertson, in opening the case for the Railway Company, said that to him the real questions at issue between the parties to the suits appeared to be these: Had the gas escaped into the carriage, in which the plaintiff Mr. Patel was travelling with his family, in sufficient quantity to have any toxic or injurious effect? If so, was it due to any negligent act of the Company? If it was, what such negligent act was? Assuming that there was an escape of gas due to a negligent act of the Company, was such negligent act the cause of Mrs. Patel's death, and Miss Patel's illness? Assuming all points to be against the Company, the learned counsel said, the question would arise in the case whether Mr. Patel was entitled to any damages at all; whether Miss Perin was entitled to any damages, and if any, what? It was no part of the duty of the Railway Company to prove the cause of these persons' illness; the onus was entirely upon the plaintiffs. It was they who had got to prove that the gas they had assigned as the cause was actually the cause of their illness. It was no part of the Company's duty to show what happened on the occasion, and why it happened. If there was no negligence, then the Court would decide the suits in favour of the Company. What the plaintiffs said was that there was a particular kind of smell between Itarsi and Sonpur or some other station; they wanted to put the Company to proof on the point as to where the smell came from. Counsel altogether repudiated his liability to prove anything of the sort. There was neither authority nor law in such requirement, nor any common-sense either. But he might say that this was a matter which had never occurred in the whole course of the Company's history. Plaintiffs had not attempted to say that the system on which the carriage was lighted was defective, or that the exigency was one which could have been avoided. An accident was not negligence, nor was negligence an accident. Accidents might occur ten thousand times to a Company, but the Company was not liable for them. This had been laid down most distinctly. The Company was liable if it had not taken reasonable care. Except in this case, and the case spoken as having occurred about a week ago, no case of escape of gas was reported during the period the Company was working. On this statement of facts, the Court had sufficient material to draw the inference the Company asked it to. There might have been an unpleasant smell of the gas; but that led not necessarily to broncho-pneumonia. The carbon monoxide, which caused the alleged gas-poisoning, was odourless. There was danger only in the event of a large admixture of it, and the sufferer not noticing it; not otherwise. None of the witnesses had so far suggested that he really knew anything about the effects caused by the inhalation of petroleum gas. Counsel had asked everyone whether he knew anything about the matter; no one knew of it. Had there been poisoning occasioned by the inhalation of volumes of kerosine-oil gas, intoxication would be symptomic of it; it would be exactly like a man intoxicated and exhilarated; this cheering effect went on until insensibility set in. When that was over, throwing-up began; and should this last longer, then death. The description would be found given by Sir Edward Buck of Baku a week ago. Baku was the Russian town in Central Asia where petroleum abounded; petroleum was used as a curative agent for lung-complaints. Gas generated or manufactered from petroleum or kerosine had the same effect. Sir Edward Buck, who had written upon the curative property of such gas was an able administrator of the important Home and Commerce Departments of India.

Mr. Padshah objected to Mr. Robertson's referring to the articles on the ground that they were ordinary newspaper articles, written for a popular purpose, and not by a scientist. But the learned Judge allowed Mr. Robertson to read from the paper, on the chance of its disclosing something of importance in relation to the inquiry. Mr. Robertson stated that chest-afflicted patients were sent by doctors to Baku from Northern Russia, not only that they should derive benefit from a warmer climate and the sea-air, but that they should inhale petroleum gas. For this curative property of petroleum, counsel wanted to call medical evidence in proof of what he had advanced. Even if the escape of gas was due to negligence, the railway companies in India were not liable, as they were not insurers of passengers' lives; it was their duty to exercise reasonable care in carrying the passengers, and no more. The mere occurrence of an accident did not constitute negligence; it was nor counsel's duty to prove an universal negative. In an oft-cited case, the words used were that the same care was to be taken as a business-man would use in his own business affairs; the taking of such reasonable care was a point of contract. The whole law had been neatly summarised in Hodge's Railways, 7th ed., 1888, p. 596. It was clearly established that in order to render the Company liable, one must establish negligence on its part. Mere occurrence of an accident would not make it liable. The latest case on the law in India was 28 Cal. 401. It was also reported in the Indian Appeals to the Privy Council. The case was of the E. I. R. Company and Kalidas Mukarji. The whole judgment was very instructive. It was held that negligence must be proved affirmatively. Lord Chancellor Halsbury delivered the Judgment of the appeal to the Privy Council. So the pronouncement was stamped with the approval of the highest tribunal, and of the highest judicial authority. Against the Calcutta decisions which were to the effect that their was explicit obligation on the Company, as common carriers, to take a passenger safely, their Lordships decided that there was none such; it was laid down in the most unequivocal terms that the Company was bound to exercise due care and skill, and that the errors, if any should be most plainly set out lest they should mislead. No actual act of negligence had been proved against the G. I. P. Railway Company in the present suits. Counsel had been keen throughout the evidence to know what act of negligence it was that had led to the causing of the accident. That there was an escape of gas should not be simply said by the plaintiffs; but they must say there was active negligence and must specify what that active negligence was.

Mr. Justice Davar: Their case was that there was imperfect combustion, which generated carbon-monoxide.

Mr. Robertson: I was waiting all this while to know what negligence there was; if they can't show that I will ask your Lordship to dismiss the suits. They said they were going to bring Mr. Knowles and some other expert who would come and explain how it all came about. These experts have not come; then what case have I got to meet?

Mr. Justice Davar: The words in the Fatal Accidents Act are "neglect or default."

The hearing was adjourned.

JUDGE AND JURY DIFFER.

A Double Murder.

In the Bombay High Court the Hon. Mr. Basil Scott, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of a reference made by Mr. E. Clements, Sessions Judge of Belgaum, in the case of Sidda Adiveps, a Lingaet Hindu, who had been adjudged "not guilty" of two murders, namely, killing with an axe Davli, widow of Raja, and her husband Madya Imamsaheb, both of them Mahomedans, on 18th January, in Sangoli, Taluka Belhongal. Mr. S. A. Halyangdi, Pleader, appeared for the accused: Mr. G. S. Rao, Acting Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown. The case was treated by their Lordships as an appeal by the Crown. Mr. Clements had differed from the jury's unanimous verdict, and made the reference to the High Court.

The accused appeared to have been friendly with the woman, but when she deserted him to marry Madya, in spite of the remonstrances of the latter's brother, he demanded from her the return of a pair of gold ear-ornaments he had presented her with. When the man and woman were going home they passed the accused's field; the accused repeated his demand for the ornaments and the woman abused him sharply and threatened him with a shoe-beating in the event of his not ceasing his impertinences. The accused shouldered his axe and followed them for a mile and a half. They accidently turned round, and were surprised to see him shadowing them. Again he asked for the ornaments; again he was abused and confronted with the prospect of an immediate shoe-beating. Madya held in his hand the wooden beam of a pair of scales; he raised his hand to strike the accused with it. The accused, gripping his axe, dealt a blow with it on Madya's hand, which he severed. Then his blood being up by the sharp taunts and abuses levelled at him by Davli, he dealt her three or four strokes of his keen-edged axe and killed her on the spot. More blows he dealt with his weapon to Madya, who also died near his wife. Throwing the axe into a clump of palm trees the accused ran away.

His detection was brought about in this way. In his sugar cane field a Rajput butter-seller named Harmant Apusing used to go and buy sugar-canes from him there. As they were very familiar he threw, on a red silk-bordered cloth dhotar, which the accused wore on his shoulders, red powder on the Sankranti day as an auspicious omen. When the 'panch' was being held on the dead bodies Hanmanta saw the dhotar lying there with colour on, and exclaimed to the Police Patel, "This is Sidda Adiveppa's dhotar." In explaining this circumstance to the Third Class Magistrate, before whom he made a confession on the following day, the accused said that the dhotar was under his arm; it dropped down when he was dealing the blows, and he was far too excited at the time to remember it in his flight. He retracted his confession later before the committing Magistrate; and again before the Sessions Judge at the time of the trial. There was, however, a quantity of evidence produced against him by the prosecution, regarding his relations with Davli, and his absence from the identification of his dhotar and his absence from his home, and so forth.

Their Lordships set aside the jury's verdict of "not guilty"; and, convicting the accused of the two murders, they sentenced him to transportation for life, in view of the treatment he had received.

A DISHONEST POSTMAN.

Punishment Enhanced.

In the Bombay High Court, the Hon. the Chie Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton have disposed of a report of proceedings made by Mr. J. A G. Wales, District Magistrate of Broach, in a case against Nizam Fazal, who was in March last convicted by Mr. K. B. Vyas, First Class City Magistrate of Broach, of criminal breach of trust as a public servant (three offences,) and was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50, or in default two months' further rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. Wales, in his reference to the High Court stated that the accused was found guilty of misappropriating in three cases the money which as a postman he should have paid to the persons specified in the money orders and forging their signatures to the receipts. The Magistrate had awarded no punishment for the forgery on the ground that the offence was committed to conceal the previous ones. The ruling he cited was of very doubtful application, and was certainly in conflict with the case reported in Indian Law Reports, 11 Mad. 411, which is an exact parallel to the present case. Even supposing that a separate punishment could not be awarded under Section 465, Indian Penal Code, the forgery seriously aggravated the crime and should have been taken into account in awarding the punishment. The Magistrate had, however, let off the offender with six months' imprisonment for the three offences of criminal breach of trust instead of recording a separate punishment for each offence. The sentence was inadequate for the offence and should be enhanced.

The facts of the case were that the accused was a postman at Broach, and as such was entrusted with the work of delivering letters and other postal articles and paying monies of money orders to the owners residing in Vejalpur division, which was in his charge. Rs. 13 on account of a money order, dated 24th December 1907, Rs. 15 on account of another money order, dated 14th January 1908, and Rs. 5 on account of a money order, dated 17th January 1908, were given to him for paying them to their respective owners. The payee of the first two sums was Bai Jasoda, and of the third was Bai Mohan. Instead of paying the amount to them, the accused appropriated the money, making false signatures on the money order receipts. He also made false signatures of witnesses thereon. He then returned the money order forms with such signatures to the money order clerk. When, however Bai Jasoda went to the Post Office and complained to the Post Master, on the 23rd January 1908, that she had not received the money of her two money orders, the Postmaster came to know about the misappropriation. Suspecting the conduct of the accused as regards other money orders, the Post Master caused inquiries to be made in connection with them, and found that the amount of the third money order was also not paid to Bai Mohan.

Their Lordships, taking into consideration the recommendation of Mr. Wales, enhanced the sentence to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a of Rs. 50 or in default two months' further rigorous imprisonment.

CAUSING OBSTRUCTION ON A FOOT-PATH.

In the Bombay High Court the Hon'ble Mr Basil Scott, Chief Justice, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton have disposed of a reference made by Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, in the case of Valibhoy Mangalji, a Borah bootseller near the Crawford Markets, who had been prosecuted by Inspector Taylor for causing obstruction to the foot-path by allowing a large boot-case to remain on it for some time. Mr. Branson, Advocate General, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown; Mr. Havelivala, with Mr. Ratanlal Ranchhoddas, appeared for the accused. To the Magistrate's four questions, the Judges sent a reply. They said that the Rule 12, framed under Section 22 (1) b. of the Police Act 4 of 1902, for the regulation of traffic was valid, in so far as it related to boxes, bales, packages and other articles, which having been in the course of transit, were left on the street. The second point mentioned by the Magistrate in the reference was that if during a stated period hindrance to other persons was caused and they were obstructed, was it by itself, if believed, sufficient to justify a conviction without the evidence of any particular individual that he was so obstructed? Their Lordships' reply to this was that it was a question of evidence. To the third question, whether such evidence, if believed, would justify a conviction, the Judges replied in the affirmative. Whether temporary obstruction by a tradesman was an obstruction within the meaning of the Act? This was the fourth and the last question. The reply to it was that it being a question of fact, must be decided on the evidence accordingly.

The reference was returned to the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Basil N. Lang, in order that the case might be dealt with in the light of these elucidations.

THE RECENT RIOTS.

Military Press Note.

On behalf of the troops and Volunteers employed in Bombay during the recent disturbances, the General Officer Commanding the Bombay Brigade desires to thank all the ladies and gentlemen and various firms for the kindness and hospitality shown to them on the various posts.

In every instance, except in the case of one or two of the mills whose safety was insured by their presence, the troops and Volunteers were welcomed with great cordiality. In many instances residents near the posts gave up a portion of their residences or business premises for the accommodation of the military. In others the men's rations were supplemented by suppers and other small luxuries, which, owing to the distance of the posts from barracks, it was impossible to provide regimentally.

These spontaneous acts of hospitality tended greatly to ameliorate the conditions of service for the troops and Volunteers employed in aid of the civil power, and showed the cordial relations which exist between the civil population and the military, and Brigadier-General Greenfield desires to express his personal thanks to all who rendered such assistance.

THE TEXTILE MILL RIOTS.

On Sunday, in the Kamatipura Morgue, Mr. G. F. Chalk, Coroner for Bombay, concluded an adjourned inquiry relative to the death of Bala Rakhma Govind, (16), a mill-hand, employed in the Standard Mills, who had been shot dead on 25th July, during the Textile Mills riots. The Hon. A. E. Hill-Trevor's evidence was taken; Mr. Phillips, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, was present at the proceedings.

The Hon. Hill-Trevor said, he was a Special Presidency Magistrate, appointed during the present troubles. On 25th July, at about 6-45 a.m., he had been motoring with Mr. Gell, the Commissioner of Police; they were going the rounds of the various Police and Military positions. Going up Elphinstone Road, and on turning to De Lisle Road, he heard a shot. He said to Mr. Gell, "Some one is shooting; we had better go and see." They went up a narrow lane, leading to the Textile Mills the road lay between chawls and a bridge. The road to the bridge had been blocked with a riotous mob. He and Mr. Gell both ran through the mob The gate of the mill-building had either been forced or broken open. A number of rioters were inside the gate; the remainder of them were outside it. The latter were stoning the mills; some of them he could not see. He got as near to the front of the crowd as he could, and saw that the rioters were stoning people, who, he thought, must be Europeans. One man in particular had thrown a stone, and just as he (witness) was about to fire, he (the man) was on the point of throwing another stone. When he (witness) shot, Mr. Gell and himself had been surrounded; one European was hard pressed. After he had fired, the crowd passed them, rushing out of the gate. Then they started stoning Mr. Gell and himself, from the bridge. Mr. Gell was hurt. In his (witness's) opinion, the European would have been killed had they not arrived. The mob numbered from two thousand to three thousand mill-hands. Two men were shot at the mills; the Mill Manager (Mr. R. E. Labrow) did not shoot the man in the car. It was the man witness shot. It was absolutely necessary to use force. No assistance was there ready to hand at the time, either of the Police or of the Military. Two or three shots had been fired before he and Mr. Gell got to the mills. The deceased fell at once inside the mill-gates. About ten minutes after he had fired, Mr. Phillips, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, arrived on the scene, with a troop of the 26th Cavalry. A detachment of the Royal Scots also arrived from the Jacob's Circle, to which Mr. Gell had telephoned.

The jury recorded a verdict that death was caused by a bullet-wound, received during the riots at the Textile Mills.

Roorkee to-day reports six inches of rain, Amballa five and Meerut four.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 3.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Patchelor, the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton and the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.)

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

1495 J C G Bowen, the Government of Bombay vs Merwanji Muncherji Cama and another, Ardeser H D and Co.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Russell.)

Chamber matter for disposal.

92-05 Payne and Co, R D Sethna vs Mirza Mahomed Shirazi and others, Craigie L and O.

After Chamber work is over.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

729-05 Edgelow G. W. and Co. Haji Bibi widow vs. H. H. Sir Sultan Mahomed Shah Aga Khan and others Payne and Co. Part heard.

For further hearing.

573-05 Bhaishunker K and G, Dattatraya Balwant Chitnis and others vs The Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Crawford B and Co.

For trial on merits.

581-04 Madhavji K and C, Velbai vs Cullianji Sangjibhoy and others, Bhaishunker K and G.

For further directions and costs on Commissioner's Report.

151-03 Payne and Co., Kika Khooshal and another vs Rustomji Ardeser Cooper, Mulla and M.

Long Causes.

115-06 Tyabji D and Co, Chiranjilal Jezamdas vs J C Galstoun Crawford B and Co (Commercial Cause).

677-07 Matubhoy J and M, Curzimbhoy Lalji Sajan and Co a firm vs Vallabhram Hemchand the firm, Mansukhlal J and H.

528-06 Ardeser H D and Co, Mir Aunalli Mir Abdoolalli vs Mir Hassanalli valad Mir Abdoolalli and others, Mirza and M.

92-06 Edgelow G W and Co, Ishwarlal Chunilal a firm vs Manilal Harkissondas, Chitnis and M

78-07 Captain and V. Padmavahu alias Decorebai widow vs Maneckbai widow and others Mansukhlal J and H.

643-07 Hiralal and Co, Mangru Becher vs Nusrulla Becher.

256-07 Wadia G and Co, Esmail Ebrahim vs Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Mahomed Payne and Co.

556-06 Madhavji K and C, Damoder Jamnadas vs Jadhavji Devkaran, Ardeser H D and Co.

5-07 Shamrao M and H, Edulji Dinshawji Engineer vs Sorabji Rustomji Subedar, Edgelow G W and Co.

332-07 Mehta and S, Isoofally Noorbhai and another vs Mahomedally Jiwanji Madivala Jehangir and S.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Davar.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

426-07 Mansukhlal, J and H. Perin Ardeser Patel vs The G I P Ry Co Little and Co. Part heard.

427-07 Mansukhlal J and H. Ardeser Dhunjibhoy Patel vs The G I P Ry Co Little and Co. Part heard.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Knight.)

For Consent Decree.

319-07 Payne and Co, Abdool Hoosein Mahomedally vs Maneckji Jiwanji Master and another, Tyabji D and Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

738-04 Edgelow G W and Co. R N Motabhoy vs Khimji Hirji Kayani Dinshaw and D.

Commercial Cause.

563-08 Payne and Co, Kanji Deoji vs Spalding and Co a firm.

Long Causes.

423-06 Thakurdas and Co, The Advocate General of Bombay vs Hirji Ardeser Dady and another, Ardeser H D and Co.

393-04 Thakurdas and Co. Haibai widow vs Mahomedally Jiwanji.

439-07 Jehangir and Soonsbai widow vs H N Gheesla Thakurdas and Co.

706-07 Shamrao M and H Yenoobai widow vs Pandoo Baloo S J Judha.

739-05 Ardeer H D and Co Balla Sadashiv Waghmaray vs A M Pinto Sorabji and J.

415-07 Tyabji D and Co Mulbai widow vs Nathu Tulsidas Mansukhlal J and H.

104-07 Mulla and M Halimabai widow vs Ismail Haji Ahmed Craigie L and P.

297- Little and Co. A Readymoney and Co vs Vasantrao Madhavrao Bicknell M and R.

419-08 Mulla and M. Mahomed Ebrahim bin Shaiker Miya Koor vs Abdoola bin Alli Saheb Koor and another Payne and Co.

397-08 Wadia G. and Co. Cowasji Jehangir Miya vs. Vithaldas Soonderdas.

218-07—Bhaishunker K and G Nanji Hariram and another vs Mithabai widow and others Madhavji K and C.

634-07 Edgelow G W and Co, Bai Pattabai Bapu Sajun Valinker vs Vinayak Narayan Joshi In person.

623-06 Tyabji D and Co, Nandubai widow vs Parwatibai widow, Tyabji D and Co.

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Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 2nd August 1908.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates, D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission, Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey ...	Nil.	...	...	...	...
Teheran ...	2	2	30 a. m.	0	22
Suez	2	12	55 p. m.	1	34

NOTICES.

Cable Djedda Souakim interrupted (28-7-08).
Turkish Route Interrupted beyond Bassora (31-7-08).
Cable Aden Massoua interrupted (29-7-08).
Tehran route interrupted between Tehran and Tauris (2-8-08).

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* The views of the *Bombay Gazette* on all matters are expressed in the Editorial columns. But our policy being "Fair Play to All" and in order to give our readers an idea of every shade of opinion we admit contributions and letters, expressing sentiments and thoughts on current topics which we neither endorse nor sympathise with. We deem it necessary to make this announcement as we find ourselves occasionally credited with the authorship of remarks made by others.

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The Bombay Gazette.
MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1908.

THE COPTS AND NATIONALISM.

IN the years 1904 and 1905 there began to be signs in Egypt of the influence of Germany. There was a great rush from the fatherland all over the Near East. Turkey became dominated by the Kaiser and was received by the Sultan as a "Defender of the Faith" of "the apostle." The German ambassador at Stamboul became immediately a giant in the diplomatic circles of Constantinople, and a "persona grata" throughout the whole of the Near East. Macedonia and Syria and Morocco and finally Egypt became seriously affected with German measles. The native Press expressed German thoughts in Arabic and the languages of the Levant, while German money subsidised every journalistic enterprise that was likely to be anti-British. On the top of all this came the disquieting result of the war in the Far East, and the restlessness, which had been generated by Germany, became directed into the various channels of Nationalism. The hope of overthrowing the English power for national reasons became substituted for those aims which Germany had inspired for her own ends. In other words, the hope of self-governmsnt took the place of the desire for German tutelage, and that which is called Nationalism was born. With the Deneshwai affair came the opportunity for a profession of a political faith, and a leader was found in Kamel Pasha. Then with hardly any warning all was change and chaos. Kamel joined the great majority, and with his effacement the solidarity of the National party was broken. The "Ententes" of King Edward checkmated the German influence in the Mediterranean.

But among all the political quarrels, which have been in progress in Egypt, there is none which has such a complete meaning as the one which is going on to-day—the attack by Islam upon the Copts. It is instructive and interesting in the extreme. To understand this we must for a moment gather up the threads of Coptic history. It will be remembered that the Copts are the modern representatives of the ancient Egyptians, though of course the blood of the old stock is much diluted by Greek and Arab fusion. Their version of the Bible is written in the characters based upon the Egyptian heiroglyphics with the heathen symbols expunged and replaced by Greek letters. But for all this they are the living African Church and they kept the lamp of Christianity alive through all the vicissitudes of the North African invasions. Hunted and driven into ignominy the Copts were submerged before the wave of the Arab conquest. They came in for the full blast of Moslem wrath when Mohammed's spirit ran wild from Mecca to the Pyrennees. They were made slaves and allowed to live on suffrance. Generations rolled away until at last a real curse, the curse which settles upon the slave all over the world, the loss of ambition, hope, self-respect, came to the Copt. This has been his condition until once more the wheel of fate has turned and a stronger people than the Arabs has arisen, so that the "dog of a Christian" is again protected by a Christian power. It is only twenty-seven years ago that England occupied Egypt and yet all the old vitality of the Copts is returning. The long winter of Moslem oppression and hatred has broken out into the spring of British good fellowship, and he has cast aside his shell, and has come out into the open to claim the justice and consideration which are the pledges of civic liberty. And yet, "mirabile dictu," this very Nationalist party, which with such eclat has been shouting itself hoarse for equal parliamentary rights and privileges; which has made its battle cry "Egypt for the Egyptians;" has greeted the claim for full justice and equality, tendered by the newly emancipated Copt, with a howl of disdain. The whole fact is that the battle cry "Egypt for the Egyptians" is a venomous lie under which is cloaked the real desire "Egypt for the Mohammedans." For when those who have the most right to call themselves Egyptians claim their prerogatives as citizens the brave Garabaldis of Nationalism would prevent them enjoying the prosperity of the country from which they and their ancestors derived their infant life and nurture. This scream against the licit aspirations of the Copt is the most absolute "give away," and perfect revelation of the purpose which animates the Nationalists. And we shall not for the future mistake their proposals for anything but selfishness, racial hatred, and religious prejudice.

Can there be anything more preposterous than the tone of the violent attacks which have been appearing in "Al Lewa" the leading native paper of Egypt? Yet this journal has been erstwhile the mouth-piece of Nationalist Moderation and is the official organ of Egyptian Nationalism. There is now no longer the least doubt that this so-called Nationalist movement is essentially Islamic and this outburst against the Copts is only one of many symptoms. The fact is that the attitude of "Al Lewa" is perfectly logical, for the policy of this organ is "Egypt for the Egyptians" in so far as they are Moslems. It will ever be the same. The Arabist movement passed in a few weeks from a protest against the abuse of European influence to an attack upon that influence in every form. Fortunately England arrested it at the moment when it was passing into an attack, not only upon everything European, but upon everything Christian. As Lord Milner says in his "England in Egypt":—"The ever-smouldering hatred of Moslem for Copt has been stirred into flame, and in another month the half million of native Christians of Egypt, including many of its richest and most intelligent inhabitants, would have gone the way of their hated rivals, the Syrians, and have swelled the list of the proscribed." The same tale will be repeated if ever the policy of "Al Lewa" is realised, for Islam admits of no compromise. But the policy of "Al Lewa" will never be realised. The English will not evacuate Egypt. She is too central, too important, too connective, and above all she is too hopelessly incapable of governing herself for a day. She will not be abandoned again to legions of usurers nor to spendthrift sovereigns; nor to her own multifold incapacity. No! The Copt may look up with untrammelled hope; for these are the days of his emancipation.

THE SEA-BORNE TRADE OF BOMBAY.

THE annual statement on the sea-borne trade of the Bombay Presidency, excluding Sind, for the year ending March last, opens with the gratifying statement that the increase has amounted to Rs. 22,35,81, 568 for private trade both import and export, foreign and coasting, while the Government trade, foreign and coasting, has declined by Rs. 5,23,20,437. The total trade therefore shows the very considerable net advance of 17·13 crores or 11·39 per cent. on the substantial figures of the previous year, the value of the foreign trade having risen from 105·29 crores to 121·41 crores and the coasting trade from 30·15 crores to 36·39 crores. The decline in Goverment transactions was chiefly due to a fall of nearly four crores in the imports of foreign treasure and a slight fall in the amount of treasure in the coasting trade. Following in the wake of two prosperous years 1907-8 is a record year commercially, and this despite the famine in the United Provinces which might have been expected to exert a bad influence. A part of the increase is due to the rise in prices, but the volume of trade has been maintained and there was throughout the year a strong inward flow, not only of such articles as may be classed under the category of luxury and comfort but also in raw materials, machinery—a very good sign for the textile and mining industries—and also railway materials. Further it is to be noted that though the opening of through communication between Europe and the Far East at first checked Bombay's trade of re-exporting foreign goods that trade is now again increasing and showing a strong tendency. Irrespective of the private imports of Treasure which this year show an advance of 6·22 crores, but which may be eliminated from consideration as they always form an erratic factor in the total imports, the imports of merchandise show a substantial improvement of 6·75 crores, says the report. The improvement is most marked in the largest class, "Articles, Manufactured and partly Manufactured" in which there was a net increase of three crores. All sub-heads in this class show increases thus :—"Cotton Manufactures" which form the bulk have improved by 116 lakhs and "Twist and Yarn, Silk" and "Woollen Fabrics" improved by 26, 19 and 34 lakhs respectively.

The third class, "Metals and Manufactures thereof," comes next in importance and in it the net increase amounts to 2·75 crores. Of this sum 157·96 lakhs is contributed by "Railway Materials" alone which were imported to the value of 248·67 lakhs. "Metals increased by 64·45 lakhs to 379 lakhs, chiefly in Copper and Steel. "Machinery and Hardware and Cutlery" have also improved by 36 and 17 lakhs respectively. The sixth class, "Raw Materials, &c.," shows an increase of 44·82 lakhs chiefly contributed by silk, the value of which rose by 34·40 lakhs to 80·28 lakhs. The increase of 33·94 lakhs in articles of food and drink is shared by provisions (9 lakhs), spices (10 lakhs) and tea (5 lakhs). Chemicals and oils have also shown an advance of 8 and 15 lakhs respectively. Among exports of Indian merchandise the most notable increase is that of 3·51 crores in Class VI, "Raw Materials and Unmanufactured Articles," the total value of which was 28·78 crores or 13·9 per cent. more than in the previous year. This class represented about 63 per cent. of the total exports of Indian merchandise. Cotton, which takes the first place in this class, was valued at 17·86 crores and represented an advance of 2·21 crores over the fignres of 1906-07. Exports of seeds, another important item of this class, amounted to 8·67 crores and marked an increase of 1·52 crores or 21 per cent. on the previous year. No doubt owing to the opening of breweries in India, considerably less beer was imported, but a larger amount of champagne is shown which, it is pointed out is not so much due to a greater demand as to the fact that shipments were very small in the two previous years. Owners of cotton mill shares will be interested to learn that the imports of foreign cotton totalled 70·13 lakhs, a record figure, owing to the greater demand for fine counts. Few people, perhaps, except those intimately concerned realised that the financial crisis in England and America was favourable to India's mill trade. Owing to the nature of the American crop prices ruled high, but with the financial crisis came a decline in prices which gave India the opportunity to enter the market.

CHINA'S NAVAL ASPIRATIONS.

ACCORDING to a Peking telegram to the *Sheung Po*, one of the leading Chinese papers, it is proposed by the Imperial Government to select four ports whereat to establish naval bases on the Chinese coast. The selection will be made from the following provinces—Chihli, Shantung, Kiangsu, Chekiang, Fukien and Kwangtung. The news is of sufficient importance to have merited greater prominence than has been given to it, for should China carry out the ambitious programme which has been discussed for some time and construct a navy of sufficient size to make the Peking Government a formidable naval factor in the Pacific, the result may be still further to complicate the Asiatic situation. The future attitude of China towards the Powers is one which may well give rise to serious thought. At the present time the relations with Japan are severely strained and as feuds live long in China there seems no reason why there is any prospect of friendly overtures to Japan's three allies, Great Britain, France and, now, Russia. Against these is the comparative freedom of both Germany and the United States. Some people see here a possible triple alliance of serious menace. For this there does not seem any very great reason, for in view of past and present events America is not likely to agree to any proposal which will take away any of the control of the Pacific, placing it in unreliable hands. The Seattle *Post* which has dealt with the subject very clearly from time to time, urges that a different view must be taken. The United States is on and in the Pacific to stay. It must be prepared to enforce and to defend its own rights against any possible contingency or combination in these waters, and the time to do the planning is now. China is certain to build a navy. It will not be long, either, before China enters upon the work. Six years from now is the time within which the Ministry of War hopes to have its re-organisation scheme completed. It is urged that the American people and Government may as well face the fact with calmness and determination, and they may as well realize now that China, in the season of storm, will not seek either the friendship or the support of any Power of doubtful naval efficiency on the Pacific. China is taking its place in the world as the result of the world's bidding, and since America has been one of the chief forces in bringing about the awakening it must be prepared to adjust itself to the new conditions.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor on Saturday morning visited the Military Hospital at Colaba, where there are over a hundred soldiers lying ill of fever, as the result of exposure during the recent riots. His Excellency subsequently visited the Military Hospital in Marine Lines.

MR. T. BIRKETT, of Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co., has consented to stand for the Corporation as a Justices' representative in the vacancy created by the resignation of Mr. F. C. Harrison.

THE total amount of London Bills offered for next week's Mail has been raised to one million pounds.

A CORRESPONDENT informs the "Empire" that at 8-45 on Friday evening last, as the Punjab Mail was leaving Mokameh, Mr. D. Ness, Manager of Kellner's refreshment rooms, accidentally fell between the platform and the train, receiving injuries from which he died.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

PROROGATION OF THE FRENCH CHAMBER.

The Conquest of the Air.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, JULY 18.

THE French legislature has adjourned until the end of October or possibly until the beginning of November, after an uneventful session, in the course which it has passed only one important measure—the bill for the purchase of the Western Railway by the State. The Income Tax Bill, which is another great item of the Radical programme, has been much discussed without, however, making great progress. The difficulty is to prepare a workable scheme which will find acceptance by the Senate, and towards this a great deal still remains to be done, owing principally to the very half-hearted support given to the measure by a large section of the Radical members. The Socialists, of course, strongly favour it in conformity with their constant policy of imposing heavier burdens upon those whom they regard as their natural enemies, namely the hated *bourgeoisie* and the richer classes generally. The Old Age Pensions Bill is still in suspense, for although it has passed through the Chamber of Deputies, the financial ways and means for giving effect to this measure have still to be discovered by the Senate, which in this matter is displaying a jealous regard for economy. One satisfactory issue of the late Debates in both Houses has been to shew that at any rate the extreme Socialist doctrine of collectivism is losing ground in all the French constituencies. It is in fact, a repetition of the old story when we find that the ardent Socialism professed by M. Clemenceau when becoming Premier has been gradually tempered by the responsibilities of office. He has had, as the French so aptly express it, to *mettre de l'eau dans son vin*. His experience in fact is similar enough to that of the English Minister, Mr. John Burns, whilom a most uncompromising Socialist leader, and now a trusted colleague of Mr. Asquith, the Moderate Liberal Premier.

FRENCH TRADE DEPRESSION.

French trade has not escaped the depression from which England and Germany and in fact most other countries are now suffering. The official returns for the first six months of the present year show a considerable decline as compared with the corresponding period of 1907. The imports have fallen off to the extent of £6,300,000 and the exports by close on £7,000,000. The most serious drop is in manufactured goods, of which France during the period named exported £5,750,000 less, while the imports were £880,000 less in value.

PARIS TRADE DISPUTES.

The idea of a general lock-out, and a measure of retaliation against the strike threatened by their workmen, has been abandoned by the contractors working for the Paris municipality; but on the other hand they have commenced a gradual elimination of the men who have made themselves prominent as promoters of the policy of trade unions and of the general confederation of labour. The men are at present quiescent, possibly because they are conscious that the public have become somewhat indifferent to threats of a general strike, which have been decreed on one or two previous occasions by the extreme Socialists without meeting with any general response from the workmen or shopkeepers. The men employed on the small steamboats, about 100 in number, which ply for traffic on the Seine and are so much used by the working class at holiday times, have suddenly gone on strike in order to obtain the concession of shorter hours of labour and a weekly day of rest. The greatest inconvenience was thus caused to the public on the great national fete day, July 14, when all the quays on the Seine were crowded with thousands of holiday-folk waiting to make trips up or down the river.

PRESIDENT FALLIERES' NORTHERN TOUR.

President Fallieres will leave Paris on July 18 on his Scandinavian and Russian journey, embarking at Dunkirk on board the battleship "Verite" escorted by the cruiser "Dupetit Thouars," the torpedo gunboat "Cassini" and the destroyers "Baliste" and "Arquebuse." At Copenhagen where the President will arrive on the afternoon of July 20, he will be lodged in the Amalienborg Palace. Several grand banquets, receptions and other fetes have been arranged in honour of the President's visit to the Danish capital. The President will reach Stockholm on July 24 remaining in the Swedish capital until July 20th, and reaching Reval on the following day when he will dine with the Tzar on board the Russian Imperial Yacht "Standart." The Tsar will lunch on board the "Verite" on the following day and the President will leave Reval the same evening for Christiania where he will spend two days and a half, starting on his return journey to France on August 2.

THE CONQUEST OF THE AIR.

Mr. Henry Farman, so well known for his experiments in Aviation, has published an article in a Paris paper, declaring that from his experience the most important part of a flying machine is the screw, of which up to the present no one has hit upon the ideal material nor the ideal form. He has the strongest faith in the speedy realisation of a safe new mode of locomotion in the air by a mechanical flight.

ZEPPELIN AIRSHIP TRIALS.

Count Zeppelin's airship in its recent successful flight over Switzerland appeared to have made notable progress on the way to the Conquest of the air, which so many capable and enthusiastic men are now pursuing. In my last letter I described the enthusiasm aroused throughout Germany by his achievement; in fact aeronauts of every description throughout the world have manifested the greatest interest in the performance of Count Zeppelin's new airship. In order to secure the purchase of it at a price of £100,000 by the German Government it only remained for the inventor to pass satisfactorily the 24 hours' reliability trial imposed as a previous condition. Everybody believed that the Count's airship would emerge triumphantly from this ordeal, and the Kaiser even went so far as to issue a special order for the airship to be received with a salute from the guns of the forts upon its arrival at Strasburg. Demonstrations in Count Zeppelin's honour were to be made by the principal towns over which he would pass. Unfortunately the Count's airship has not passed the test and the disappointment of the German public on this account may well be imagined. Count Zeppelin started on the official trial from Friedrichshafen on the Lake of Constance on the afternoon of July 14, accompanied in addition to the engineers and the members of the crew by 3 officers of the military balloon corps and by Prof. Hergesell, the well-known Meteorologist of Strasburg University who took part in the trial as representatives of the Imperial Government. No landing being contemplated during the course of the voyage, a full stock of provisions was taken on board. Shortly after passing over Constance, however, a mishap occurred to the machinery, compelling Count Zeppelin to abandon his flight and land at Manzell.

The mishap was due to a false move on the part of the tug engaged in bringing the airship out of its shed. The tow-rope broke before the airship's motors had been set working, and the airship was then driven by the wind against the iron side of the shed, the impact being so violent that the fore horizontal rudder on the left side and one of the screws were damaged. The main structure of the balloon itself was not in any way damaged, a fact which is put forward as a proof of its remarkable power of resistance. A plank torn off the shed made a hole in the balloon cover and pierced the gas cell at the pointed end. All the other 16 cells remained perfectly intact.

The repairs will take about a fortnight, but to make them it will be necessary to empty the gas-cells, and it takes three weeks to refill them. It will, therefore, be several weeks before the tests can be resumed.

Anticipating the success of the new airship the formation has been projected in Berlin of a new Zeppelin Airship Company, which would maintain a regular service of liners between Berlin and the leading Continental cities and would have a capital of between £400,000 and £500,000, the Krupp firm being heavily interested. Other capitalists contemplate the organisation of an aerial Navy League, which would furnish airships to serve as auxiliary cruisers to the Imperial aerial fleet in war time. In short, the German imagination is fully fired by the idea that Germany will be the first to solve the problem of aerial navigation, a result which would realise the wildest dream of universal German supremacy.

AFFAIRS IN MOROCCO.

TETUAN OCCUPIED BY MULAI HAFID.

Abdul Aziz started from Rabat on July 12 for Tmara, to the south of Rabat, on his way to Marakesh, accompanied by the members of the Maghzen. The Sultan's harem was previously sent to Casablanca. Experience of the military movements of Abdul Aziz renders it very uncertain whether the the Sultan really intends to reach Marakesh or whether he may not turn back to Rabat after a very few days march. In fact he and his rival Mulai Hafid are pretty much on a par as regards supineness and inefficiency, although Mulai Hafid's cause may still be regarded as in the ascendant. A Hafidist Mehala has arrived at Tetuan where it is encamped outside the town at the request of the Spanish Consul. Bokhari, the Governor appointed by Mulai Hafid, rode into the town at the head of 60 horsemen and proceeded to the Mosque where a letter from Mulai Hafid was read. Replying to a question in the British House of Commons, Sir E. Grey stated that Mr. Clarke Kennedy had informed the British Consul at Tetuan he had made terms with his captors and hoped to be released shortly. Mulai Hafid is very sceptical concerning the French declarations of neutrality between the rival Sultans, and should it appear that France has been given a free hand by the Powers to restore the authority of Abdul Aziz, the Pretender may be expected to call upon all the tribes to rally to his support and to declare war *a outrance* against the French, if not against all Europeans, in order to maintain the independence of the country. Mulai Hafid is represented as being prepared to recognise the Act of Algeciras until the country has settled down after the dynastic change. He would also acknowledge Abdul Aziz's debts up to the time that he (Mulai Hafid) was proclaimed at Fez. It is further reported that Fez is now one large camp in which 4,000 regular troops formerly belonging to the army of Abdul Aziz are drilled daily. Thousands of tribesmen are arriving there to offer their support to Mulai Hafid and to bring presents to him.

THE GERMAN CRUISE IN THE ATLANTIC.

The semi-official "North German Gazette" defends the action of the Naval authorities in ordering a four or five weeks' cruise of the German high sea fleet in the Atlantic and seeks to reassure the newspapers which expressed misgivings at the absence of the fleet from German waters at what they professed to regard as a "critical juncture." Nevertheless the semi-official organ expresses itself somewhat invidiously towards England when it proceeds to observe that, "since no serious student of affairs believes in the possibility of a repetition of events like the surprise of Copenhagen a hundred years ago, there was no necessity to postpone the Atlantic cruise of the German high sea fleet merely because British warships were holding their annual manœuvres in the North Sea and because the political horizon is not altogether cloudless." A postponement of the cruise would have been regarded as evidence not of prudence but of want of spirit which would have been prejudicial to German prestige.

THE EULENBURG TRIAL.

The proceedings in the trial of Prince Eulenburg threaten to be greatly, perhaps indefinitely, prolonged owing to the serious condition of the prisoner's health. The doctors having pronounced that he was too ill to be conveyed from the Charite Hospital to the Court House, the judges and counsel now carry on the case in the ward of the Charite Hospital occupied by the prisoner. Up to the present 63 witnesses have been examined and there are still 17 more to be heard. Grand Admiral von Koster has accepted the presidency of the German Navy League. He retired from the command of the high sea fleet nearly two years after ago 45 years active service. There is however a split in the Navy League, principally due to the very pronounced Pan-Germanism of General Keim the late President of the League and his endeavours to transform it into an active political organization. Appeals are now made for the re-establishment of unity but it is expected that there will be many seceders.

G. D. WILLIAMS.

THE TENDENCY OF AGE.

A Mild Suggestion.

A correspondent writes :—Week after week, mail by mail we receive our budgets of illustrated papers from home. Week after week, mail after mail we see that the only real interests which can move the populace are that fearsome epidemic complaint "Pageantitis—and—dancing in the three-quarter nude which judging from illustrations and letterpress is successful in covering its indecency and appeal to the passions by crying aloud that it is classic.

In these modern times the craze for the classic is perhaps only the natural swing back of the pendulum, but if we are classic in our dances let us be classic in our other entertainments and instead of modern society dramas and football matches, let us have gladiatorial contests. I am sure some of the society beauties at home would look well in the arena stalls, flushed faces and thumbs down applauding the victor and giving the signal for the death blow to the vanquished.

For my part I would somewhat gladly give my sesterces to see a rendering of "Christiani ad leones,"—but I would, and I could substitute for Christians some of our political lights who work such havoc with the land of Ind—. Sir H—C—. in the jaws of a black maned Nubian lion. Sir W.—W—. seeking higher spheres, with the assistance of a Mauritanian bull—K—H—swimming round the tank at the Olympic Stadium with a gentle crocodile from the Nile in cold but stern pursuit, and last but not least Dr. R.—dragged limb from limb by wild Scythian stallions.

"Tempora mutantur et nos mutamur in illis"—but why half measures?

THE SITUATION IN TURKEY.

ANTICIPATING A LOAN.

Attitude of the Army.

INTERVIEW WITH THE SULTAN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 31.

It transpires that Izzet Pasha, who was reported to have gone to Syria, took refuge in the German Embassy at Constantinople.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Izzet Pasha has now left the German Embassy at Constantinople and embarked on a steamer.

Advices from Constantinople state that the Ottoman Bank is advancing funds to the Government to tide over difficulties, pending a loan which will have to obtain the ratification of Parliament according to the Constitution.

The Sultan assured the Ambassadors yesterday of his firm resolve to respect the Constitution.

The enthusiasm displayed at yesterday's Selamik and the Sultan's splendid bearing have made the most hopeful impression.

The Sultan told his suite, at the reception, "I love my people. I have hitherto been deceived by traitors."

LATER.

While driving to the Selamik yesterday, the Sultan stood up in his carriage all the way, acknowledging the cheers of the people and troops.

The Sultan afterwards received the whole of the diplomatic body and said he hoped for the support of the Powers.

There is a strong feeling against the Sultan at Adrianople, which is the headquarters of the Second Army Corps. Loyal placards have been torn down.

At a meeting held in a public garden, protests were made against cheering the Sultan and messages were sent to Constantinople declaring that the army would not tolerate any trifling with the Constitution.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

Advices from Constantinople state that an Edict was read at the Porte yesterday solemnly upholding the Constitution.

The Edict enumerates all the exceptional measures of the old regime and declares them completely abolished.

Izzet Pasha, who took refuge in the German Embassy, left the Embassy on board the Embassy launch and was transhipped to a British cargo steamer the "Maria" bound for the Mediterranean.

The Young Turkish Party are endeavouring to obtain the detention of the "Maria" and the surrender of Izzet Pasha. The British Embassy has taken the matter up.

LABOUR RIOTS IN PARIS.

Great Patience of the Troops.

RIGOROUS GOVERNMENT ACTION EXPECTED.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Sixty-nine officers and soldiers were injured in the riots at Draveil-vigneux.

Several rioters have been sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from a week to four months.

The Secretary of the Confederation of Labour and one of its leading members have been arrested.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

Thirteen more arrests have been made in connection with the French labour riots and seven warrants remain unexecuted.

The energetic attitude of the Cabinet is universally approved except by the revolutionaries.

THE OLD AGE PENSIONS BILL.

Lords' Amendments Rejected by the Commons.

MATTER FOR ANOTHER FEUD.

LONDON, JULY 31.

The House of Commons has rejected the Lords' amendment to the Old Age Pensions Bill, some on the grounds of breach of privilege and others on merits.

Lord Lansdowne vigorously protested, declaring the action of the House of Commons would prevent the House of Lords discussing any measure of social reform.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

The House of Lords also did not insist on the amendments to the Irish Universities Bill but passed both bills.

As regards the Old Age Pensions Bill, however, with a view to preventing the establishment of a precedent, the House passed a resolution declining to acquiesce, the Speakers ruling that their amendments constituted a breach of privilege.

THE OLYMPIC HENLEY REGATTA.

England Wins all Events.

LONDON, JULY 31.

In the Olympic Regatta, at Henley, England won all the events.

The Leander boat defeated the Belgians in the final eights by 2½ lengths, the time being 7:52. This is a triumph for the long British stroke over the short foreign stroke.

MR. ASQUITH ON PEACE.

Intention of the Government.

TOTAL DISARMAMENT IMPOSSIBLE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Speaking at a banquet given in honour o the Peace Congress Delegates, Mr. Asquith said he did not believe that the youngest would live to see universal disarmament.

So long as human nature was what it was, national security must have the first place in the plans of Governments, who would otherwise betray the most sacred of all trusts; but nothing could be more praiseworthy than devising means of limiting the risks of international quarrels and providing a rational substitute for the arbitrament of arms.

Mr. Asquith paid a tribute to the work of Peace Missionaries on these lines.

NDIANS IN THE COLONIES.

Comparing Canada and South Africa.

"CRUEL EXCLUSION."

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

The question of Indians in the Colonies was raised in the debate on the adjournment last night.

Colonel Seely paid a tribute to the way in which Canada had met the Imperial Government in the matter, and said he hoped that the same spirit would be shown by South Africa and Australia.

The self-governing colonies might exclude whom they would, but they must give to those admitted full rights.

"Full or not at all" seemed a sound principle for the Empire.

At the same time he hoped that the colonies would realize the immense difficulties which a policy of cruel exclusion might cause.

An influential deputation privately conveyed to the Earl of Crewe, to-day, the representations of Indians in South Africa.

Earl Crewe said he was prepared to make representations when the occasion required. He thought the misunderstanding between the Transvaal and British Indians was not incapable of friendly settlement by the Government

FIGHTING IN SOMALILAND.

Italian Troops Defeat Rebels.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Despatches from Somaliland state that the Italian Major Digiargio with a force encountered the Binals on the 12th ultimo.

The rebels were repulsed with heavy loss and the Italians lost one lieutenant and two Ascaris killed and six wounded.

THE HONGKONG TYPHOON.

The "Whiting" Refloated.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

A telegram from Hongkong states that H.M.S. "Whiting," which went ashore in the recent typhoon, has been refloated. She is badly damaged.

PRESIDENT FALLIERES' TOUR.

Visit to King Haakon.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

President Fallieres has arrived at Christiania, where King Haakon and Queen Maud gave him a hearty welcome.

THE HAGGERSTON BYE-ELECTION.

Unionist Victory.

LONDON, AUGUST 2.

The bye-election in the Haggerston division to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Sir William Cremer has resulted as follows:—

Mr, Guinness (Unionist)..... 2,867
Mr. Warren (Liberal)..... 1,724
Mr. Burrows (Socialist)..... 986

[The polling at the last General Election was as follows:—
Sir William R. Cremer (Lab.)..... 2,772
Hon. Rupert Guinness (C.)..... 2,371]

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Essex has beaten Northamptonshire by eight wickets.

Kent has beaten Hampshire by nine wickets.

Middlesex has beaten Gloucestershire by two.

The match between Sussex and Notts was drawn.

LATER.

Surrey has beaten the Philadelphians by 122 runs.

THE MAILS.

The Bombay Mails of the 18th ultimo arrived at Brindisi on the evening of the 30th.

ADEN, AUGUST 2.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. "Caledonia," with the English Mails of 24th ultimo, left here for Bombay at 12 noon to-day, and steamer "India" left for Colombo and Australia also at 12 noon to-day.

ANARCHISM IN INDIA.

The Nuddia Bomb Case.

CLERK FABRICATING EVIDENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

A Khulna telegram to the "Bengalee," dated yesterday, says that a notice has been served, by the Magistrate, on Sirish Chandra Ghose, clerk in the Collectorate, to show cause why he should not be dismissed for fabricating evidence in the Alipore bomb case.

More Houses Searched.

BOMB UNEARTHED.

The same paper publishes a telegram, from Midnapore, bearing yesterday's date, which says that Santosh Chandra Dass has turned approver and the houses of the late Gungaram Dutt, zemindar; Sambhnath Roy, pleader; and Chintamoni Bose have been searched. In the record room of Gungaram Dutt a bomb was found. Sarada and Barada, grandsons of Gungaram Madhusudan Dutt, a pleader, a Brahmin youth and a Brahimin cook were arrested and searched.

Arbindo Defence Fund.

Arabindo Ghose's Defence Fund now amounts to Rs. 20,000 says the "Bande Mataram."

"Bande Mataram's" Headline.

The Native paper, the "Bande Materan," publishes four columns of a report of the Harrison Road Bomb outrage case this morning. Each column has, as the main headline, where the word "Telegram" usually appears in Anglo-Indian papers, the words "The Bureaucracy," in large antique type.

The Nadia Bomb Case.

INQUIRY INSTITUTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

A Ranaghat telegram, dated the 1st instant, states that the inquiry into the case in which Atool Kumar Pal, a lad of 17, is charged, under Section 4 of the new Explosives Act, for the alleged offence of having sent a live bomb to the District Magistrate, Nadia, commenced yesterday before Mr. Moulvi Buzlul Karim, who has been especially sent from Sudder for this case.

Eight witnesses were examined, and at the end of the hearing, bail was applied for on behalf of three other school boys, arrested with the accused, on suspicion, which was granted, each of them being ordered to furnish a security of Rs. 1,000. The case is proceeding.

SEDITION IN INDIA.

The Bezvada "Swaraj" Case.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUGUST 1.

At Bezvada, yesterday, the trial was resumed of Bodi Narayana Row, the editor, and Hari Sarvothama Row, proprietor of the paper called "Swaraj."

Mr. M. Venkata Rathnam, Vice-Principal of the Training College at Rajahmundry, detailed the circumstances under which the connection of Sarvothama Row with the College ceased. He said he took part, whilst in Rajahmundry, in the political agitation against the rules of the College and against the terms of his agreement, as he would not take the advice of the Principal of the College, Mr. Mark Hunter, and as he refused to obey him, the Principal dismissed him and reported the matter to the Director of Public Instruction, who reported it to Government.

The order of Government, dated the 19th June, 1907, relating to the subject, was produced and filed. The effect of that order, as regards the second accused, was to debar him from being entertained as a teacher in any school or college Government or Aided. The second accused read addresses of welcome and farewell to Babu Chander Pal, when he visited Rajahmundry, in April 1907, which was the occasion for political agitation in that place.

The evidence of this witness having closed, cross-examination was reserved.

DISTURBANCE IN A JAIL.

Jailor Assaulted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUGUST 1.

A fracas of a serious nature took place in the Palamcottah District Jail this morning, instigated, it is alleged, by a convict warder who was lately punished, by reduction, for misconduct.

A number of convicts turned unruly and severely assaulted the jailor, Mr. Jacks. An enquiry is being held.

FREEMASONRY IN BENGAL.

The New Grand Master.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 29.

The Freemasons of the district of Bengal had a most successful gathering in the Freemasons' Hall, Allahabad, on Friday evening, when Sir John Stanley, Chief Justice of the High Court, N. W. P., was installed as District Grand Master of Bengal, to which high office His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, Grand Master of England, was pleased to appoint him upon the retirement of the late Right Worshipful Brother Sir William Burkitt.

THE Bengal Government has arranged to publish quarterly in the "Calcutta Gazette," from October next, reports on the results of experiments being made for the development of the seafishing industry in the Bay of Bengal, as well as of pond-culture and bhe ri-culture.

SWADESHI MOVEMENT.

Boycott Anniversary.

PRELIMINARY MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

A preliminary meeting in connection with the anniversary of the Boycott, movement, which comes off on the 7th instant in Green Park, was held last evening in College Square, under the presidency of Mr. Surendranath Banerjee.

Mr. Banerjee, in his speech, condemned the sentence passed on Tilak, and said that injustice had been done him. He hoped that there would be a vast gathering to celebrate the 7th August anniversary. He appealed to the audience to keep the Swadeshi vow.

In the course of his speech, he said that the Native community regarded Tilak's punishment as unmerited, and the sentence as excessively heavy. He added:—The punishment of Tilak, the sentence of transportation for life passed on Chidambaram Pillay, and the prosecution and punishment of other writers and speakers are object-lessons of great significance. They reveal to us the gravity of the present situation.

To-day we stand face to face with one of the gravest crisis in our history, and the question arises, what should we do! Should we pause and cry a halt in the midst of our patriotic labour? In the midst of the deepening gloom, should the mariner cast the anchor and wait for the dispersion of the dark clouds which are rolling by, or should he pursue his course in full confidence that, under Divine guidance, the clouds will roll away, and the ship reach its haven of safety? I shall be no party to the dropping of the anchor, to the cessation of those patriotic endeavours to which some of us have dedicated our lives, to carry on the old work in accordance with old traditions, and upon old constitutional lines, in which we have absolute and implicit faith. Legality is our motto; self-government, as it prevails in the Colonies, our goal; organization, our method; and Swadeshism, the great instrument of our industrial and political regeneration. I do not believe in revolution; I believe in evolution. I do not believe in sudden and violent changes, but in steady growth and expansion, culminating in the attachment of new life and development, in which the old and the new shall find their places, the old adapting itself to the new and the new to the old."

Several Hindu and Mahomedan speakers then addressed the meeting in Bengali.

Mr. Krishna Kumar Mitter, editor of the "Sanjibanee," and a relation of Arabindo Ghose, said that a female detective had approached him and others, representing herself to be much interested in Arabindo. She had been visiting various Calcutta offices personally. Miss Sarojini Ghose, Arabindo's sister, was staying with the speaker, and never went out on begging errands. He warned his audience to be on their guard. He further said there were female detectives, who were visiting the leading Indian houses, collecting money for the Arabindo Ghose Defence Fund. One of these, he said, posed as Khudiram Bose's aunt, recently at Mozufferpore, pretending to secure clemency for the condemned man and thus succeeded in entering the zenanas of the Bengali residents.

At the close of the meeting, a numbe for young men formed themselves into a procession and, in spite of rain, paraded some of the streets, singing—"Mother, we fear not to sacrifice our lives for you." Bhowanipur Sebak Sampradaya also sang some National songs.

The "Bande Mataram" yesterday had an advertisement warning Bengali residents against a female who is posing as Arabindo's sister, and asking for subscriptions.

The idea is spreading that Government is employing these women as their agents, and therefore they are not prosecuted.

Advice to Indians.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

The "Statesman," in a lengthy leading article, this morning asks all Indians to use their influence to discourage the boycott of European articles, as it only engenders prejudice and ill-will against the English people.

THE PRESS ACT.

European Offices Prosecuted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

The Commissioner of Police has, during the past few days, sanctioned the prosecution of seven proprietors of printing presses here for not having declared themselves as printers and proprietors of those establishments.

Hitherto the Press Act, with regard to these printing houses, had not been strictly enforced—except in the case of newspapers, where the declarations of printer and publisher are necessary, before the paper is put into circulation. But owing to the recent prosecutions of several vernacular newspapers, most of which had not got presses of their own, and are generally published at undeclared presses, the authorities have been put to some difficulty, and summonses have been issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

Half of these establishments are European and among them are Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Cones & Co., S. P. D'Rozario & Co., Erasmus Jones & Co., Newman & Co., and Wallen & Co.

THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

THE Governor of Bombay, attended by Mr. L Robertson, Private Secretary, and Captain Drummond, A. D. C., left Bombay for Poona, on Saturday afternoon. His Excellency started from the Victoria Terminus station where he was received by Mr. W. D. Sheppard, the Municipal Commissioner Mr. H. G. Gell, the Commissioner of Police, the Hon'ble Mr. G. O. W. Dunn, Mr. A. K. Leslie, Mr Ricards, and Mr. Muirhead.

HORRIBLE BUTCHERY BY DACOITS.

Six Persons Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 1.

The appeals of five Burmans, from the death sentences passed on them, for dacoity and murder, by the Sessions Judge of the Delta Division, reveal details of a horrible butchery.

On the 14th of April last Maung Pe Che, a Chin cultivator, living in Kyachaung, situated on the river bank, in the Malamyatngyon Township, gave a feast to his neighbours and acquaintances. At the conclusion of it, only the relatives were left in the house, and the families went to bed.

There were over Rs. 1,400 in the house, as Maung Pe was about to purchase a large piece of land.

On the upper floor was a closed bedroom, in which slept Maung Pe himself and his wife and three little children. On the same floor, bu outside, there slept a cousin of Maung Pe, and the brother of his wife.

Towards midnight, a gang of eight dacoits came with lighted torches in their hands and with dahs and spears to the house. Maung Pe was bound on the lower floor, but Maung So Pe however grappled desparately with the leader upstairs, and at the same time Maung Aung Dun, who had been allowed to escape from the verandah, returned with a dah in each hand, and began lashing the men, who were binding Maung Pe, by flinging a box and a heavy stone used as a mortar.

Maung Pe Che repulsed two of the dacoits, who were going upstairs. Maung Po Tox, brother of Maung Aung Dun, who was sleeping in the next house, rushed to the help of his kindred, and closed with the dacoits with his fist, and tried to wrest a spear from one of them, till he was struck from behind and had to run away.

The dacoits fired shots, from home-made bamboo guns, that undoubtedly kept back the villagers. The leader fell from upstairs, and in a moment the others vacated the house. In a few minutes they re-entered it and hacked So Pe, the helpless woman and the children in the house. Then, after their butchery, they joined two comrades outside and the whole of the eight men escaped together.

In the house lay dead, with great dah cuts, five persons, namely, Maung So Pe, with 16 cuts, one of which nearly severed the head from the body; an old woman aged 60, his mother, with 7 cuts on the head; a baby 11 months old; Maung Kin, a child 3 years of age; and Ma Tin, a child of 9. Ma Ka C., wife of So Pe, was maimed for life, and five other persons were wounded, besides Ma Ka U, including a child of 3 years, who died subsequently in hospital, from a cut on the head, which laid open the brain, making six deaths in all.

BURMESE BABY SHOW.

Lady White Distributes the Prizes.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 1.

The Burmese Baby Show at Mandalay, the first of the kind held in the Upper Province, was opened in the Upper Burma Athletic Association Grounds on Wednesday evening last.

There was an exceptionally large attendance, beyond expectation. A spacious pandal was erected, within the football enclosure, where the babies from 3 months upwards and their mothers were arranged.

From about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the members of the Committee had a very busy time of it, in getting the mothers with their babies together, and arranging them in as orderly a manner as was practicable, under the circumstances.

A large number of people were present at 6 o'clock, when the Lieutenant-Governor, accompanied by Lady White arrived, to pay a visit to the show.

The prizes were distributed by Lady White.

DR. SVEIN HEDIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 2.

It was mentioned the other day that news reached India of the arrival of Dr. Stein at Khotan. The last letters, received from the explorer himself, the "Pioneer" states are dated June 4th, written while he was on his way to that place. Dr. Stein having finished winter and spring work, which extended to the northern portion of the basin of the Tarim river whose tributaries drain the Gopi desert, he started towards the middle of April on a thousand mile march back, mostly through desert country and in rapidly increasing heat. In spite of all hardships Dr. Stein was able to report himself to a Survey Assistant, Rai Lal, very well. By August he is expected to pack his heavy train of collections and to start for Ladak en route to India. Dr. Stein has not done with exploration, for before moving to the Karakoram he speaks of visiting the unsurveyed portion of the high Kunlun range which lies to the south of Khotan.

SIR ANDREW FRASER.

Improvement in Health Reported.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 2.

Sir Andrew Fraser's health has made a marked improvement during the last few days; but he is still confined to his room at Belvedere.

On Thursday next he goes to Bankipore and will return in a week's time, by boat, to Calcutta.

THE Railway earnings, in India, in the week ending 18th July, for which returns are to-day published, were Rs. 72,00,000, compared with Rs. 88,00,000, in the corresponding period last year.

MISS HOOPER'S MURDER.

Terrible Injuries Inflicted.

CORPORAL SHOOTS A DRABIE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 1.

Karim Khan, the accused in the Elsie Hooper murder case, is still in hospital, at Jutogh, but is reported to be well on the road to recovery. The man calls himself a Pathan, but does not appear to be from the Frontier.

The funeral of the murdered girl took place yesterday, at Jutogh.

Shortly before it started, Corporal Cullen, of No. 1 Mountain Battery, took a carbine from the rack, loaded it with buckshot and went out and shot the first Indian he met, who happened to be a Dhrabie of the Battery. On being disarmed, he stated that he was led to the deed by being incensed at the murder of the nurse. The Dhrabie has died.

It appears that Karim Khan chained the doors of all the servants' houses in the compound before attacking the nurse, which accounts for assistance not having arrived sooner than was the case, the inmates hearing her scream but being unable at first to get out.

It is understood that the trial of Karim Khan is likely to be before the Sessions Court, Umballa, and that of Corporal Cullen before the Chief Court at Lahore.

The murdered girl had come out to India on only a year's agreement, and was to have gone home, to England, at the end of it to be married.

The injuries done to her, by the shot, were of the most terrible description, the arm being shattered and two ribs blown completely into the lungs. A wad and some shots were extracted from the wound.

The murderer replaced the gun in its case before making off. He was arrested by two Indian constables, who belonged to a party sent out to scour the hill sides.

INDIAN TELEGRAPHS.

Considerable Increase in Traffic.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, AUGUST 2.

Considerable quickening up of telegraphic traffic is taking place under the new system of working. The percentage of messages despatched within forty minutes of receipt has risen by 50 per cent. at Agra, 30 per cent. at Calcutta, 150 per cent. at Karachi, 20 per cent. at Lahore, 100 per cent. at Lucknow, 100 per cent. at Mandalay, 40 per cent. at Rangoon, and 40 per cent. at Rawalpindi.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 31.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

An exchange is sanctioned between Captain R. B. Graham and Captain L. L. Wheatley.

Rivised general regulations for the Indian section of the Army Reserve are notified, empowering European and Eurasian subjects of His Majesty who possess certain qualifications to be enlisted and called out periodically for training with the regular or auxiliary forces; also to be called out to aid the civil power in the preservation of the public peace; also to be called out by proclamation of the Governor General in Council for permanent Imperial or Indian service.

INDIAN ARMY.

Majors E. B. Lang, F. D. Maxwell and A. A. Jones are promoted to be Lieutenant-Colonels, and Lieutenant J. Gourlie to be Captain.

Conductor R. Digby is transferred to the pension establishment and Captain A. M. Doveton is permitted to retire

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY—ARRIVALS, JULY 31.—Capt. Luke R.A., from Abbottabad.
Lieut. Toms, R. Warwicks Regt., from Peshawar.
Major Kingston, 3rd Gurkhas, from Lansdowne.
Capt. Mackworth, I.M.S., from Englnad.
Major Ozzard, I.M.S., from England.
Lieut.-Col. Westropp White, I.M.S., from England.
Lieut.-Col. Marwood, North Stafford Regt., from England.
Major Murray, the Connaught Rangers, from Dagshai.
Lieut.-Col. Libson, R.A.M.C., from Roorkee.
Major Ford, 104th Rifles, from Hyderabad (Sind,)
Major Close, R.E., from Mhow.
Major Gilbert-Cooper, E. Surrey Regt., from England.
Capt. Carnegy, 7th Lancers, from England.
Lieut. Trench, 7th Lancers, from England.
Capt. Edslowery, Manch. Regt., from Secunderabad.
Capt. Wylde, Mil. Acct. Dept., from Poona.

DEPARTURES, JULY, 31.—Capt. Luke, R. A., to England.
Major Kingston, 3rd Gurkhas, to England.
Major Ozzard, I. M. S., to Dinajpur.
Captain Mackworth, I. M. S., to Cawnpore.
Lieutenant-Colonel Westropp White, I. M. S., to Allahabad.
Lieutenant-Colonel Phiborn, R. A. M. C., to England.
Lieutenant-Colonel Marwood, 2nd North Regiment, to Murree.
Major Murray, the Connaught Rangers, to England.
Major Close, R. E., to England.
Major Gilbert Cooper, E. Surrey Regiment, to Mhow.
Captain Eddowes Manch, Regiment to England.
Major Ford, 104th Wellesley's Rifles, to England.
Captain Thurston, R. A. M. C., to England.
Captain Rathay, R. A. M. C., to England.

WOMAN IN ENGLISH SOCIETY.

Prof. Welinkar's Lecture.

UNDER the auspices of the Students Brotherhood a meeting was held last Saturday evening at the Anjuman High School, when Professor Welinkar M. A., L. L. B., delivered another very interesting and instructive lecture on "The Position of Woman in English Society." Mrs. John Anderson, B.A., presided.

In the course of a long and impressive lecture Professor Welinkar observed that his apology for the subject of the lecture, which was so delicate and difficult in character and which required large opportunities of social intercourse for its appreciation, was that he considered a mere knowledge of it would be more productive of good to his country. His creed as a social reformer was "take care of your women, and the race will take care of itself." The key to the solution of social problems in India lies in the training of woman and in securing for her her right place in society. The lecturer said it would be a libel to say that the East had not shown any care for its womankind. According to that ideal woman was protected in the seclusion of home, the object being to shield woman from the contaminating influences of exposure to the whole social environment. Until the second half of the last century the thought of the East and the West was essentially the same. Within the last 30 or 40 years a change had come over English ideals and that change had been of a radical character. Broadly speaking the old ideal was to protect woman; the new ideal was to expose her, *i. e.*, to give her the largest possible interest in life, all the interests of life, its vast opportunities, joys and pleasures, etc. The aim of all social activities is to widen the opportunities open to women and to give them as large a share with men in the pleasures and prizes of life. In the great expansion and increase of opportunities, the woman of England has played the leading part. The English woman, said the lecturer, was no longer a home-loving creature. She wants to go about for the purpose of observing nature, and this habit has widened her sympathies and broadened her outlook, with the result that she is in a position to take an intelligent interest in all pursuits of life. In literature, especially in the department of fiction, English women have shown a peculiar excellence of style and presentation. In the medical profession as well as in all important walks of life, these women have been pre-eminently successful. Here the lecturer dwelt at length on the struggles which some of the women in England had to endure in getting admission to the Medical profession, and how the late talented lady doctor Mrs Phipson, who took the first place in chemistry and won many prizes, had succeeded in removing all obstacles against the admission of ladies to the medical profession. The lecturer paid a well merited tribute of praise to that deceased lady, who was an inspiring genius and a guiding spirit for the cause of medicine. The lecturer then gave a vivid account of the characteristics of the English woman. Briefly they are (1) her steadfastness of aim and purpose, which is the great factor of her phenomenal success, (2) a clear and quick perception of fact or what may be described her shrewd common-sense. "If you want to get a common-sense view of any subject, go to an English woman. She is not argumentative but has a natural judgment which enables you to understand the true perceptive of any situation, and (3) the last but not the least characteristic is her power or faculty of imaginative sympathy. She has the marvellous power to sympathise with all classes and conditions of people, in their troubles and difficulties." The lecturer said that even with the woes and difficulties of the negro she was in full sympathy.

MRS. ANDERSON.

In proposing a vote of thanks to the lecturer, Mrs Anderson said:—It is said that Napoleon I of France when he heard that women held courts in their salons and were the Queens of Paris was not prepared to acknowledge their right to such a position until he actually came to Paris himself. He came, he saw, he was conquered.

Now in the 20th century no individual, however exalted his status, ventured to call in question woman's exalted position in English Society, It is she who makes Society what it is. In Society as well as in the Home, woman is the centre, the focus, the core, the heart. In both she reigns supreme. What are the foundation stones of this undispnted sovereignty?

(1st) We may take it, it is the natural chivalry of the Englishman. This is not quite the same as the racial instinct of the Anglo-Saxons to which I shall refer later. I mean now the instinct to safeguard, protect, woman (*i.e.* that which is most precious), under all circumstances and at all times, whatever the personal risk may be.

(2nd) There is the honour paid in all civilized communities to the mother, the wife, the sister. This may be taken for granted, so we need not dwell upon it. It is themother who times without number makes the man what he is.

(3rd) Let us consider for a moment woman as a worker. I find that in the procession of 10,000 women to the Albert Hall the other day there were two women Doctors of Law, one lady minister, one Justice of the Peace, almost numberless women writers, journalists, artists, physicians and surgeons, trained nurses, besides sportswomen, physical trainers women gardeners, farmers, business women, graduates, presidents of guilds and cooperative societies, and last but not least, heads of great mansions, house managers and house-keepers, and domestic servants. One of these ladies whom I know personally and who is a Doctor of Laws and one of the founders of Girton College, Cambridge, one of the first Colleges for women in England, presented in Westminster Hall the first petition on Women Suffrage to John Stuart Mill whose works have been referred to by the lecturer. Woman as a worker in nearly all fields of human activity is not to be despised. Perhaps I approach more debateable ground when I speak of woman's right as an individual. Perhaps that is the point where East and West are most likely to part company. The East attaches great value to woman in her relationships, perhaps not so much as does the West, as does English Society, to woman in her capacity as an individual. In this respect I venture to say that the West has something to teach the East. We in the West attach great importance to women as individuals quite apart from relationships to ourselves or others. She stands on her own merits and we judge her accordingly. It is not merely a question as to whose wife she may be, whose mother, whose sister, but what she is in and by herself. We in the West (I know you won't misunderstand me when I say this) have learnt much from the founder of our religion Jesus Christ in this regard. He was "Woman's Best Friend." He bent down, took woman by the hand, raised her from the ground, and she is still rising to the height of her true stature. We Christian women of England owe a debt of gratitude to Jesus Christ which we can never repay. He individualized woman. The position of women in English Society might have been very different to-day had not Jesus Christ lived and died, but I will say this that his teaching and example found fruitful soil in the Anglo-Saxon race. It is not too much to say that this race has the instinct of reverence for women, the instinctive sense of the inherent and essential equality of men and women. Here I may just sound a note of disagreement with Prof. Welinkar when he says that the idea that women should

be treated as hot house plants was in vogue in England until the beginning of the 2nd half of the 19th century. There has never been "seclusion of women" in England in the sense in which that is understood in the East. Go back to Chaucer's time. Listen to his "Wife of Bath," read the lives of prominent women including the reigns of Elizabeth, Mary, Anne. Women have been safeguarded by conventional rules, but there has been no seclusion as the word is usually understood. Within a not very limited area she has always had freedom and independence of action. But since the time mentioned by the lecturer, these conventional rules have been relaxed not by men, it is to be noted, but by women themselves. It seems to me that if the progress we all desire is to be built on right foundations, one of the fundation stones must be this very axiom, to which I have referred, the equality of the sexes; otherwise there will be rottenness at the core where there should be soundness, hollowness where should be solidity. Woman is determined to realise herself, but the true progress of the world lies not in the progressive and separate self-realization of either man or woman but in the supplementing of the one by the other. The two must progress, not the one lagging ever so little behind the other, but side by side, hand in hand. What does the lecturer say in his interesting Editorial of the Students' Brotherhood quarterly for June 1908? He says perhaps there is no nation in the Western world which has a larger and nobler conception of woman's possibilities and her place in Society than the English nation. "In capacity, culture and character the English woman is, in the fullest sense, the comrade and companion of the Englishman, while her grace and charm impart to private and public life a freshness and an aroma which quicken the pulse of existence and enhance its interest and joy." What does the poet Tennyson say? "The woman's cause is man's: they rise or sink together, dwarf'd or Godlike, bond or free. . . If she be small, slight natured, miserable. How shall men grow. . . and so these twain upon the skirts of time, sit side by side, full summed in all their powers, dispensing harvest, sowing the To-Be, self-reverent each, and reverencing each other, distinct in individualities. . . Then comes the statelier Eden back to men. . . then springs the crowning race of human kind. May these things be." Finally, and with that I conclude, what does one of your own Hindu leaders and saints Ramkrishna say? He says the love of God, the Hearty God is woman, the knowledge of God is man but on the highest plane the two (love and knowledge) are one. They both together (not separately) reach up to, lead up to God.

A hearty vote of thanks was passed to Mrs. Anderson.

THE NEW BISHOP.

The "Cathedral Parish Magazine" publishes the following:—

At last we have heard when we are to expect the Bishop. He writes to say that all being well he will leave England towards the end of October and arrive in Bombay in the middle of November. Those who have spent many years in this country—no doubt the Metropolitan and Bishop Mylne—have advised the Bishop that he will be wise in not coming out till the cold weather has set in, and the Bishop has decided well, we think, in listening to experienced counsels, anxious though he is to make a beginning in his new work. We shall all be glad to see him when the time comes and not the least glad among us will be, we should think, the Archdeacon, whose leave was cut short by the sad death of Bishop Pyne, and whose labours must be very heavy and anxious until his succession arrives.

I hope to arrive in Bombay in November. I am advised that a new comer would lose time instead of gaining it by starting earlier, and therefore, though I regret the long delay, I have determined to be guided by those who know.

I would ask the prayers of all who love the Church in the Diocese for its new Bishop. Only in the strength of the Lord, which is given in answer to prayer, can I hope to deal with the great and new work to which I have been called?

On my part, I will not fail to pray for you; and I pray God to make and keep me ever.

Your faithful servant for Jesus' sake,

EDWIN JAMES BOMBAY.

There is to be a Soiree on August the 13th, at 9-15 p.m. in the Cathedral Girls' School. It will be organised by the members of the Guilds of the Holy Family and Holy Name. Mr. Edgar Faulkner has very kindly promised to provide a musical programme and we know from past experience that this means we are to have an enjoyable evening. Tickets will be Re. 1 each and members of the Guilds will only be charged half that sum. The proceeds will be devoted to some good object which will be decided upon by the Guilds at their September meeting.

We are sorry to report that we are to lose the Honorary Secretary of the Guild of the Holy Name for a time. Miss Edith Jones has been suffering for two years past from presistant low fever, and the doctor has now declared that there is little chance of its being cured unless the patient goes home for a thorough change. She leaves Bombay very shortly and we trust that when she returns she will have quite shaken off the trouble.

The Guilds all met regularly in July. Mr Foulkes read a very interesting paper on the Prayer Book to the Senior Guild of St. Thomas. We hope he will read another some day before very long.

There is very little news to record in connection with the Cathedral Girls' High School just now. In spite of the heavy rain the attendance was very good indeed for the monsoon months until about three weeks ago, when the disturbed state of the town made some of the parents afraid to send their children to and fro. We hope however that before this is in print things may be normal again and all our children back at work.

It is satisfactory to be able to inform our readers that Mr. Mant, whose serious illness we spoke of in our last issue, has so far recovered his health as to have been able to start for England a fortnight ago. We hope he will derive all possible benefit from his stay at home.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Syce and Two Ponies Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 2.

A distressing accident occurred here yesterday, two ponies, the property of Mr. Farr, ridden by syces, breaking through the railing of the Mall between Snowdon and Sangaoli and falling one hundred feet down the khud to the Mall Road below. One syce and both the ponies were killed and the other syce is in hospital.

RETURNS, published on the 1st instant, show that a considerable advance is being made, in the introduction of vacuum brakes in India, the percentage o mileage run by trains so fitted on the tota train mileage having risen to [illegible] gelines and 18 on metre-gauge lines.

COMPANIES' ACT IN BOMBAY.

The following is the report of the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bombay.

On the working of the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1822 in the Presidency of Bombay for the year 1907-1908.

Mr. Sayanna Sayec was in charge of the office from 11th June 1907 to 14th February 1908, and for the other period, viz., from 1st April to 10th June 1907 and from 15th February 1908 to the close of the year the office was in my charge.

The operations of the year are very satisfactory, both as regards the number of documents registered and the fee collections, the figures for the year under both the heads being comparatively larger than the realizations of the past 7 years.

69 new companies were registered during the year. The number of companies that went into liquidation during the year was 8, and 6 companies that were under liquidation were finally dissolved during the year under report. 7 of the Provident Societies which appear on the registers, and of which nothing has been heard for the past 7 years, have been struck off under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2713, dated 24th April 1903. The number of companies at work at the close of the year was 492.

The 69 companies limited by shares which were registered during the year are classified as follows:—

Banking and loan	1
Insurance	3
Trading	35
Mills and presses	23
Tea and planting	2
Mining	5
	69

As usual, the majority of the newly registered Joint Stock Companies were Trading and Mills, with a fair contribution to the other industries. The income of the office in any year mainly depends upon the registration of new companies in that year, and the Deshi movement is responsible to a large extent for the increase in such registration which has raised the income of the office from Rs. 7,000 in 1900-1901 to Rs. 24,000 in the year under report. It will also be seen that whilst the previous year was noted for establishment of 5 indigenous banks, investors have turned their attention to other industries, viz., Mining and Insurance, 8 such companies with a nominal capital aggregating over Rs. 6,50,00,000 being registered during the year.

The following table shows that there is a general increase in all kinds of documents registered during the year under review, the more noticiable ones being under "Balance Sheets," "Summaries," and "Notices." This is due partly to increase in number of companies and partly to the filling of returns being strictly watched by this office:—

Nature of documents.	1906-07.	1907-08.	Inc.
Balance sheets	366	426	60
Summaries with list of shareholders	364	428	64
Notices of situation and removal of offices	82	108	26
Memoranda and articles of association	62	74	12
Special resolutions	51	60	9
Copies of orders of Court ...	7	9	2
Miscellaneous	31	40	9
Returns under Act XXI of 1860..	24	29	5
Total ...	987	1,174	187

Subjoined is a comparative statement showing realisations of fees during the past two years as shown below under several headings:—

On what account.	1906-07. Rs. a. p.	1907-08. Rs.	Inc. Rs.	Decrease. Rs. a. p.
New companies ...	13,745 0 0	18,199	4,454	...
Granting certificates	168 0 0	243	75	...
Special resolutions..	1,055 0 0	515	...	540 0 0
Other documents...	4,275 0 0	5,596	1,321	...
Searches and inspections... ...	50 0 0	69	19	...
Granting copies ...	64 8 0	38	...	26 8 0
Producing papers in Court	2 0 0	4	2	...
Total ...	19,359 8 0	24,664	5,871	566 8 0

The appreciable increase appears under the registration of "New Companies" and "Other documents," as explained above. The decrease of Rs. 540 under "Special Resolution" is to be ascribed to the fact that the increase of nominal capital by Special Resolution was not so large as in the previous year.

The expenditure during the year was Rs. 1,626-7-5 against Rs. 1,640 8-3 in the previous year. It exhibits a slight decrease of Rs. 14-0-10 which calls for no explanation.

Five companies reduced their paid up capital under orders of Court. The decrease on the whole amounted to Rs. 10,53,265.

The companies falling under section 69 of the Act having their registered offices in the City of Bombay were inspected by me and by my Head Clerk under my orders, and those in the mofussil by the Assistant Registrars.

The provisions of Act 4 of 1900 were not availed of by any of the companies in this Presidency during the year.

Five new societies were registered under Act 21 of 1860 during the year.

There was no prosecution instituted against any company for default under any of the provisions of the Act.

THE PUNJAB HARVEST.

Bumper Crop Expected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 2.

It is stated that the export of food-grains from Northern Afghanistan has again been prohibited in consequence of the high prices still prevailing. A caravan from Jellalabad is said to have been recently intercepted and confiscated by the Amir's officials at Dhakka.

As there is every probability of a bumper harvest in the Punjab, there will be a big surplus of wheat available for export in due course, and the Afghans can draw upon this. Prices are bound to fall, and there should be no hindrance to a brisk trade.

NAGPUR INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUGUST 2.

Good progress is being made with the buildings for the Industrial Exhibition, Nagpur, which will be opened in November.

A PARTY of ladies called "The Married Club"—consisting of wives of officers of the American Fleet, which is at present on a round-the-world cruise—have planned to follow their husbands in order to greet them at various ports. The "better halves," says the "New York Herald," will follow the ships to Manilla, Colombo, Port Said, and in the Mediterranean. They will not attempt to cruise to Australia or New Zealand.

SPORTING NEWS.

POONA 1ST EXTRA MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 1.

A card of eight events for the opening day of the Poona Extras is a long programme, and yet Ceptain Hughes, the Acting Secretary of the W. I. T. C. got through it without a hitch. And the public had no option but to find pleasure in it. If the rain had only kept off during the latter part of the proceedings, it would have been a very enjoyable afternoon. But despite this misfortune, both for horses and men, matters went smoothly enough to satiate the craving of the most exacting turfite. The whole racing crew, well-known to Western India, was in evidence on a congested course and Government House was represented in the Governor's box by the ladies and staff from Ganeshkind. There is at present more than one innovation on the course, primarily the additional Stand on the lawn which is reserved for the members of the W. I. T. C. It is not an unpretentious structure with next to it is another miniature affair which ladies adorned this afternoon. There were upsets, many of them, but the favourites returned the public money in a good many instances. The best breaker of the day was when Spirea won the Summer Plate wholly against the prospects of Admiral Crichton, Mother Goose and Lachlan. The distance and weight were suited to the Admiral, but he was not in it at the finish. The following are the results:—

THE MIDGET PLATE.—Distance—About 5 Furlongs.

Mr. A. J. De Souza's, g a h Sabah 9st. 2lbs. Killorn 1
Messrs. M. Goculdas and J. C. Galstaun's, b a h Sir Jamal 8st. 13bls. ....Robinson 2
H.H. The Chief of Manavadar's, g a h Calcutta, 8st. 12lbs...Taylor 3
Mr. Mujeed Jurjis', g a h Silver Stream, 8st. 6bls, Southall 4

Also ran: Betty 9st. 5lbs. Caravan 8st. 12lbs Plaasey, 8st. 12lbs., Rajput 8st. 10lbs., and Muzeade, 8st. 1lb.

BETTING:—2 to 1 Sir Jamal, 8 to 1 Sabah, 4 to 1 Calcutta, 10 to 1 Silver Stream, 5 ta 1 Betty 8 to 1 Caravan, Plassey and Muzeade and 10 to 1 Rajput.

THE RACE:—Silver Stream was the first to show out with Calcutta lying second and Sabah third. While Sir Jamal was running fourth from the outside. This order was maintained till they got to the bend. Here Sabah came to the front, and Sir Jamal worked into second place. In the straight Sabah held a safe lead from Sir Jamal who endeavoured to catch the leader at the finish but failed. Won by three-fourth length, one length between second and third.

Time:—1min. 12secs.

THE ARABIAN PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Mr. S. A. Wahed's b a h Sialkot, 7st. 13lbs. Ferguson 1
Mr. Ali bin Talib's, b a h Melbourne, 8st. 9lbs. Taylor 2
Mr. D. Runchordass' g a h Ashroff, 8st. 8lbs Manley 3
Mr. James' ch a h Nooman, 9st. 4lbs. Hill 4

Also ran:—Moonim, 8st. 12lbs, Hadee 8st. 9lbs. Court-Martial, 8st. 9lbs., Dhafar, 8st. 9lbs., Arabian Flag, 8st. 7lbs., The Barb 8st. 5lbs., Poseidon, 8st. 5lbs., Lofan 7st. 13lbs., Devon; 7st. 9lbs., Fitze 7st. 8lbs., Nusri Pasha 7st. 7lbs., Wellington 7st. 7lbs., Jarham 7st. 7lbs., Arab Sheik, 7st. 7lbs., Farick 7st. 2lbs., and Clincher 6st. 12lbs.

Betting—10 to 1 Sialkote, 10 to 10 Melbourne, 5 to 1 Ashroff, Nooman and Dewan, 3 to 1, Court-Martial and Dhafar, 6 to 1 Moonim and longer odds the rest.

The Race.—Hadee got away closely followed by Dhafar and Nooman, the rest lying handy up to the fifth furlong where Melbourne took the lead with Ashroff at his girths, Sialkote from the outside being about a length behind. Down the straight Ashroff held a clear lead, but was soon caught up by Melbourne when the two raced together till the Stand was reached. Then Sialkote spurted, and passing the two won by half a length; half a lengths between second and third.

Time—1 min. 34 secs.

THE 1st NEW COMERS' PLATE.—Distance—About 5 furlongs.

Mr. A. W. Essa's b a h Fairfield, 7st. 13lbs. Killorn. 1
Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Afreed, 8st. 5lbs...Taylor 2
Mr. A. S. Oomer's ch a h Voucher, 8st. 10lbs. Fergusson 3
Mr. A. M. Ameer's b a h Turkish Flag III, 8st. 2lbs...Mujeed 4

Also Ran.—Aroadia 8st. 8lbs., Holker 8st. 8lbs. Prince Chestnut 8st. 7lbs., Sanjakdhar 8st. 5lbs., Fix 8st. 5lbs., Disguise 8st. 1st., Jack 7st. 13lbs., Hullo 7st. 10lbs., Brussels 7st. 7lbs., Nasaralla 7st. 1lb., Gwalior 6st. 12lbs.

Betting—6 to 1 Fairfield, evens Afreed, 12 to 1 Voucher, 10 to 1 Turkish Flag, 5 to 1 Disguise, 4 to 1 Prince Chestnut, Gwalior and Nasaralla and longer odds the rest.

The race—Afreed led from Voucher from the start right away to the bend, where Turkish Flag and Fairfield came up and ran level with Afreed and Voucher into the straight. Then Afreed, Voucher and Fairfield made a race of it up to the Stand where Fairfield drew out and won by half a length; half a length between second and third.

Time—1 min. 13 2 1/2 secs.

THE NEW STAND PLATE.—Distance—About 5 furlongs.

Mr. Jiji's br aus g Prince Lyon 8st 8lbs Melsom 1
Mr. R. R. S'. b or br aus h Lachlan 8st. 1lb. Hill 2
Mr. Jiji's b e g Master Theo by Veracity—Theobroma 7st. 9lbs.........................A. Hoyt 3
Capt. Houston & Major Hennessy's ch e m Yuba 8st. 8lbs. ....Forster 4

Also Ran.—Alruna, 8st. 11lbs, Conscience. 8st. 11lbs. Lady Lomond 8st. 8lbs, Sir Galahad 8st. 7lbs; Chere Amie 8st. 4lbs, Highland Fling 8st. 4lbs, Ashanti Gold 8st. 4lbs, Harmonium 8st. 4lbs, and Wolferton 7st. 12lbs.

Betting:—1 1/2 to 1 to Prince Lyon, 2 to 1 Lachlan, 6 to 1 Alruna, Highland Fling and Sir Galahad, 8 to 1 Conscience, Wolferton and MasterTheo and longer odds the rest.

The Race.—Prince Lyon jumped off with the lead and never being caught during the whole journey won pretty easily by a length, three-fourths of a length dividing second and third.

Time:—1 min. 7 secs.

THE 2ND NEW COMER'S PLATE.—Distance. —About 5 furlongs.

Mr. Wallace's b a h Mountain King 8st 12lbs. Kamad 1
Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Special 7st. 10lbs....... Native 2
Mr. Mohsen Abdool Aziz's g a h Murzook 7st 10lbs ....Ahmed 3
Mr. Kadoo bin Saleh's b a h Hishan 7st. 4lbs. Fergusson 4

Also ran.—Malik Jaman 8st 13lbs, Saraband 8st 12lbs, Mutlag 8st. 11lbs, Fantom 8st. 7lbs, Narsin 8st 5lbs, Aden 8st. 1lb, Hobiyan 7st. 13lbs, Virtuous Bay 7st. 13lbs, Silkration 7st. 13lbs, Viceroy 7st 10lbs, and Print Craft 7st. 9lbs.

Betting:—2 to 1 on Mountain King, 20 to 1 Special, Murzook, and Hishan, 8 to 1 Malik Jaman 6 to 1 Metlag, 8 to 1 Aden and longer odds the rest.

The Race.—Mountain King, Saraband and Viceroy were the first to get out and to lead the way down to the bend where Special came up and displaced Viceroy and Saraband to give third place to Murzook while Mountain King continued to lead. In the straight Mountain King was clearly the winner and he won with lots to spare, by one and a half lengths, a neck dividing second and third.

Time:—1 min. 10 2-5 sec.

THE ARAB PONY TRIAL PLATE.—Distance —6 Furlongs.

Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Bay Middleton 9st. Robinson 1
Mr Hajee Ally Shabag's g a h Shanwar 8st., Northmore 2
Mr R R S' ch a h Mint 8st......................Killorn 3
Mr L K Kapadia's b a h Gafal 6st. 12lbs.,...Eliot 4

Also ran.—Yatim 9st. Scimitar 8st. 4lbs., Creditor 8st. 4lbs., Darby 8st. 1lb., Grey Rose 7st. 10lbs., Engine 7st. 10lbs., and Mumbra 7st. 7lbs.

Betting:—2 to 1 Bay Middleton, 10 to 1 Shanwar, 2 to 1 Mint, 6 to 1 Engine and Gafal, 8 to 1 Darby, 5 to 1 Scimitar, 3 to 1 Creditor, 4 to 1 Mumbra, and long odds the rest.

The Race.—Shanwar piloted the distance round the bend and maintained a good lead which made him look a winner all over till a furlong from home when Bay Middleton increased his pace, and shaking off the leader won a splendid race by one and a half lengths, a length dividing second and third.

Time—1min. 27secs.

THE SUMMER PLATE.—Distance—7 Furlongs.

Mr Beaumont's b aus m Spirea 6st. 8lbs...Melsom 1
Mr M Goculdass' br e g Clear Artist 8st. 1lb, A Hoyt 2
H H Aga Khan & Aga S Shah's b aus g Admiral Crichton 8st. 7lbs.................................Kamad 3
H H The Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Mallinyook 8st...............................Southall 4

Also ran.—Hunting Horn 9st. 10lbs., Lachlan 8st. 6lbs., Mother Goose 8st. 4lbs., and Lady Metal 8st. 3lbs.

Betting:—2 to 1 Admiral Crichton, 3 to 1 Lachlan, 10 to 1 Spirea, 4 to 1 Mallinyook, 3 to 1 Mother Goose, and long odds the rest.

The Race.—Spirea led from start to finish and running completely away from the field won a surprising race by six lengths, one length between second and third.

Time—1min. 35 4-5secs.

THE DESERT PLATE—Distance—Half a mile.

Mr Denison's ch a h Minx 9st. 11lbs...Beaumont 1
Captain Meynell's b a g Mirdas 9st. 10lbs...Owner 2
Major G Moore's g a h Sher 10st. 8lbs.......Owner 3
Captain H R Hopwood's g a h Gendarme 10st. Owner 4

Also ran:—Deenar 11st. 1lb., Ramah 10st. 6lbs., Express 10st. 3lbs., Veto 8s. 10lbs., Raffles 8st. 9lbs. Hooded Falcon 8st. 4lbs. and Modesty 7st. 8lbs.

Betting:—5 to 1 Minx, 5 to 1 Mirdas, 7 to 1 Sher, 10 to 1 Gendarme, 2 to 1 Ramah, 6 to 1 Deenar, 5 to 1 Veto and long odds the rest.

The Race:—Minx got to the front from the start leaving the field to take care of itself, and won easily by two and a half lengths, half a length dividing second ahd third.

CALCUTTA MONSOON RACES

First Day.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

The Calcutta Monsoon Season opened under decidedly favourable conditions. The weather behaved decently, as is usual on the first day; fields were rather disappointing, but the attendance was very full, and the racing, for the most part, interesting. Punters were even, with the nine Book-makers present; the Town Band helped to make things cheery. Details:—

MAIDEN HORSE PLATE. Distance—5 furlongs. Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300 and third Rs. 200.

Mr. Coggan's Pallas, 9st. 3lbs...................Hard 1
Mr. Galstaun's Lehee, 8st. 11lbs. ....Fraser 2
Mr. Dass' Sparkle, 7st. 3lbs. 3
Mr. Rowan's Lady Thirza, 9st. 3lbs. ......Mr. Evers 4

Also ran:—Trustee 9st. 3lbs.

Betting—Even money Pallas, 3 to 1 Lehee; 20 to 1 Sparkle, 6 to 1 Lady Thirza and 20 to 1 Trustee.

Won by a head, three lengths between second and third,

Time—1min. 6 1-5secs.

TRIAL HURDLE RACE.—Distance—1 mile, over 6 flights of hurdles.

Mr. Charles' Foy, 10st 3lbs...........Smallman 1
Mr. Galstaun's Riverside, 10st. 8lbs.......Barrow 2
Mr. Dass' Trencherman, 10st. 3lbs.........Howie 3
Mr. Sullivan's Merry Elsie, 10st. 3lbs.........Gee 4

Also ran.—Pennant, 11st. 3lbs.; Parole, 10st. 13lbs.; Matsamata 10st 3lbs.

Betting.—Even money Foy; 4 to 1 Riverside; 20 to 1 Trencherman; 1 1-2 to 1 Merry Elsie.

Won by three lengths; half a length between second and third.

THE STAND PLATE.—Distance—5 furlongs. Rs. 750 to winner, Rs. 200 to second and Rs. 100 to third.

Mr. Rowan's Rosette, 8st 12lbs..........Murdison 1
Mr. Galstaun's Flower Girl.................................. 2
Mr. Newton's Little Dolly 9st. 3lbs.........Hard 3
Mr. Price's O. K., 8st 9lbs...............Mr. Evers 4

Also ran.—Gladsome 9st. 7lbs.,

Betting.—Even money Flower Girl, 3 to 1 Rosette, 6 to 1 Little Dolly and 8 to 1 O. K.

Won by 2 lengths.

The objection against the winner will be settled next week.

AMATEUR PLATE.—Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr. Butler's Bonito, 11st...............Mr. Barrow 1
Mr. Cowper's Envious, 11st...................Owner 2
Mr. Macpherson's St. Rule, 11st.....Mr. Deaken 3
Mr. Cowper's Danger, 11st..............Mr. Evens 4

Also ran.—Cragedarrie 11st, Moachin 11st, Yulgibar, 11st; Cain, 11st; Dougall, 11st.

THE SUMMER PLATE. Distance—5 furlongs. Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300 and 3rd Rs. 200.

Mr. Wittingham's Cingalee 9st. 1lb......Murdison 1
Mr. Butler's Mercedes 9st. 6lbs ....Mr. Barron 2
Ma. Dass' Mulison 9st. 1lb ....Butler 3
Mr. Galstaun's Silphoe 10st. 3lbs. ....Fraser 4

Also ran:—Springlock 10st. 3lbs, Elgin 9st. 10lbs. Warstripe 9st. 6lbs, Moira 9st. 1lb., and Narwanah, 9st. 1lb. and Matura 9st. 1lb.

Betting:—Even money Cingalee and Elgin, 10 to 1 Mercedes and Mulison and 4 to 1 Silphoe.

Won by three lengths, two lengths between second and third.

Time—1min. 5secs.

THE AMATEUR PLATE. Distance—5 furlongs

Captain Fraser's Idle, 11st................Mr. Bletsoe 1
Mr. Smith's Regina, 11st. ....Mr. Jenes 2
Mr. Butler's Seditious, 11st................Mr. Evers 3
Mr. Hutchinson's Dalgai, 11st.........Mr. Levetus 4

Also ran:—Boolara 11st, Hall Mark 11st, and Blue Bell 11st.

Betting:—Sixes Idle, even money Regina, 2 to 1 Seditious and 10 to 1 the rest.

Won by one length.

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FOOTBALL.

Harwood League.

Quite an exciting game of football was witnessed on the Cooperage on Saturday afternoon, the competitors being the Commercial and Bombay Gymkhanas. A spectator of this contest, himself an old footballer, thus expressed his views as to the ultimate result. "The Bombay Gymkhana," he said, "have an excellent defence with Ward, Marris and Thompson in their right places, while the Commercials possess a better and a more careful training; the latter will have throughout the better of the exchanges, but my belief is that a weak goalkeeper will give the Bombay Gymkhana the chance of equalizing and Burnett and Moir will not miss it." Prophetic indeed were these words and the whole game can be summed up in them.

Despite the slight showers in the course of the day, the ground was in excellent condition, and good weather prevailing, everything looked as if the public were in for a good exhibition of Soccer. Nor were they dissappointed. Saturday's game was one of the fastest we have witnessed; the issues were very contested. Partisan spirit on this occasion ran very high and cries of "Well done Commercials," "Go on Gym," "Well played Chapman," "That's right, Ward," and "Follow it yourself," were heard constantly from the gallery. Nor were instructions and advices from the players themselves wanting, and loud whispers from the Commercial back division, such as "Rush it on yourself," perpetually dinned the ears.

The first moiety of the game was in favour of the younger institution. Possessing a trained eleven, they opened attack from the very start, but it was their enemies who had the first blood. The Commercials replied with two, and the half ended in their favour. During the second period, the ball was again on Bombay Gymkhana ground, but weak shooting and a sound defence prevented further scoring. Ten minutes to time, Moir the Bombay outside-left sent a pretty centre and the ball went straight for the goal, but Gilbert viewing it in a leisurely fashion it found the net, although the latter, if a little active, could have sent it back. With two goals all, both ends were repeatedly visited but further scoring was out of questioning, and the game thus ended in a tie. With attacks and counter-attacks, the individual members of the two teams were fully engaged and it would be far more easy to record the names of those that didn't play up well. But one would be making a sad mistake if he omits the names of Burnett and Moir of the left-wing of the Bombay Gymkhana and Woolley and Tweedle, forwards, and Hotz, left-half, of the Commercials; admiration followed each move of these players. At the same time, while giving each man his due, over aggresiveness on the part of players—and this was noticeable in one man on the Commercial side—is very much to be deprecated. The only effect that such play can have is to lose public sympathy. Another evil to be guarded against is selfishness. Emulation is alright, but failure, it must be noted, brings on derision.

The Bombay Gymkhana from the Bandstand end kicked off but the Commercials taking up the leather attacked them. First the left wing and then the right wing tried to lower the Bombay flags but Thompson was found one too many. Burnett and Moir attempted to return the attack but Chapman cleared. Back again were the Commercials in front of the Bombay Gymkhana flags and though Tweedle and Woolley, ably assisted by Hotz and Osborne, made repeated determined assaults, they failed in opening their account. At the other end, Moir passing to Burnett, the latter sent a stinger which, Gilbert refusing, Evans handy there sent the ball between the Commercial nets. Bent on avenging the disaster, the Bombay Gym. outposts were fiercely assailed and for a time the invaders were kept at bay. Then, when Thompson returned a volley from the left wing, a scrimmage ensued and again he cleared, but Harwood taking up the leather equalized. From the kick-off, the Commercials were again on Bombay territory and Barrett scored a second time. Pressing again, a neat shot from the right wing struck the cross-bar and rolled back into play. Burnett paid a few visits to the other end but Chapman and Lay successfully checked his rushes. At half time the Commercials were attacking. Score:—

Commercial Gymkhana........... 2 Goals.
Bombay Gymkhana.................. 1 Goal.

On crossing over, Bombay were on the ball but were soon deprived of it and Harwood dribbling it passed to Tweedle, whose missile was wide again. Harwood sent a good centre, which was not taken up. Moir was on the ball now but Hotz cleared. The ball then was kicking all over the field and both the posts were found well defended. Amongst the attackers, Woolley, Harwood, Tweedle and Hotz of the Commercials and Moir, Burnett, Hall and Sim for Bombay particularly distinguished themselves by their fine play. After about a quarter of an hour's issues of this order, the Commercials had a good opening, but Lay instead of passing the ball, attempted to send a long volley, which went wide Ward, from a "free" in midfield, passed to Burnett and he to Moir and the latter sent a beauty which found the nets, thus equalizing, although the Commercial goal-keeper, had he been a little active, could have easily prevented the score. Even exchanges followed and both the flags narrowly missed being scored against. Towards the close the Bombay Gymkhana were pressing.

Score:—

Commercial Gymkhana .... 2 Goals
Bombay Gymkhana .... 2 Goals

TEAMS:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

Goal—Thompson.
Backs—Ward, Marris.
Half-Backs—Hall, Sim, Elliot.
Forwards—Evans, Abbott, Cole, Burnett, Moir.

COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.

Goal—Gilbert.
Backs—Lay, Chapman.
Half-Backs—Kay, Osborne, Hotz.
Forwards—Harwood, Marsden, Barrett, Woolley, Tweedle.

REFEREE:—Sergeant Dow.

	P.	W.	L.	D.	Goals F.	Goals A.	P.
Royal Scots "B"	13	13	0	0	33	2	26
Royal Scots "A"	8	5	2	1	15	6	11
Royal G. Artillery...........	9	5	4	0	17	10	10
Y. M. C. A....................	9	3	5	1	8	17	7
Bombay Gymkhana	9	2	4	3	9	12	7
Commercial Gymkhana ...	9	3	5	1	8	15	7
Govt. Telegraph	9	1	5	3	7	18	5
Rovers F. G.	8	0	7	1	4	20	1

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CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Ahmednagar.

The Bombay Gymkhana team visited Ahmednagar and had a successful two days' match resulting in a win for the visitors. On Friday, with 228 runs on, Bombay declared. Ahmednagar on going in were all dismissed for 164, sixty-four runs, behind fifteen minutes before time. Among the best scores were, for Bombay, Townend 88 and 96 and Turner 62 and 78. Clarke took twelve wickets. For Ahmednagar Shroff made 67 and 23, Henry 36 and 30, Purcell 4 and 44, Shuttleworth 46 and 4 and Collet 15 and 26.

The following were the scores:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

1ST INNINGS.

Mr G C Phillips, b Purcell........................	11
Liet F M Townend, b Godfrey..............	88
Capt W M Turner, run out......................	62
Comdr D F Vines, c and b Shroff..........	32
Mr B G Gillett, b Purcell.........................	1
Mr H G Wheeler, b Godfrey...................	1
Mr C G Stileman, c Short, b Shroff.........	18
Mr B C Reade, b Godfrey.........................	4
Mr F T Clarke, not out.	10
Mr C W Beadel, b Shroff.........................	8
Mr M St Paul, b Short	0
Extras..................................	34
Total ...	269

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Mr Godfrey	20	72	3	3
Mr Purcell	16	58	3	2
Mr Short	5	14	2	1
Mr Wood	4	32	0	0
Mr Shroff	12	50	1	3
Mr Berne	2	6	0	0

1 for 37, 2 for 178, 3 for 199, 4 for 202, 5 for 203, 6 for 231, 7 for 245, 8 for 245, 9 for 264, 10 for 269.

2ND INNINGS.

Mr G C Phillips, did not bat.....................	0
Lieut F M Townend, c Hefferman, b Wood	96
Capt W M Turner, b Shroff.........................	78
Mr F T Clarke, not out	11
Comdr W M Turner, Mr B P Gillett, Mr H G Wheeler, Mr C G Stileman, Mr B C Reade, Mr C W Beadel, Mr M St Paul — did not bat.	
Extras..	0
Innings declared closed...	185

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Mr Godfrey	10	46	1	0
Mr Purcell	14	50	0	0
Mr Short	4	26	0	0
Mr Wood	1	8	0	1
Mr Shroff	7	26	2	1
Mr Berne	3	28	0	1

AHMEDNAGAR.

1ST INNINGS.

Mr V F Purcell, c Phillips, b Stileman...	4
Mr J Collett, b Clarke.............................	15
Mr Shroff, b Turner	67
Mr C Henry, b Clarke	36
Mr R Shuttleworth, b Clarke	46
Mr A D Gunn, c St Paul, b Clarke	10
Mr P Hefferman, c and b Turner............	5
Capt Berne, b Clarke.................................	0
Private Short, b Clarke............................	1
Mr I Godfray, b Clarke............................	21
Private Wood, not out	2
Extras	19
Total ...	226

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Mr Clarke	23½	64	5	7
Mr Stileman	9	29	2	1
Mr Phillips	6	28	2	0
Mr Turner	12	51	1	2
Mr Reade	3	14	0	0
Mr Wheeler	3	21	0	0

1 for 19, 2 for 19, 3 for 125, 4 for 141, 5 for 157, 6 for 170, 7 for 180, 8 for 180, 9 for 217, 10 for 226.

2ND INNINGS.

Mr V E Purcell, b Clarke..........................	44
Mr J Collett, b Wheeler	26
Mr Shroff, run out	23
Mr C Henry, c St Paul, b Phillips............	30
Mr R Shuttleworth, l b w, b Phillips	4
Mr A D Gunn, c Turner, b Phillips	3
Mr P Hefferman, l b w, b Clarke	9
Capt Berne, not out	1
Private Short, c Wheeler, b Clarke...........	12
Mr J Godfrey, b Clarke.............................	3
Private Wood, b Clarke.............................	1
Extras	8
Total ...	164

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Mr Clarke	12.2	51	3	5
Mr Phillips	7	25	4	3
Mr Turner	11	13	4	0
Mr Reade	3	16	1	0
Mr Wheeler	3	24	0	1
Mr St Paul	5	25	0	0

1 for 26, 2 for 95, 3 for 99, 4 for 111, 5 for 114, 6 for 141, 7 for 147, 8 for 147, 9 for 162, 10 for 164.

MADHANLAL RUNCHODLAL CUP.

A match for the above Cup was played between the junior teams of the Godhra High School and the Nadiad High School on Saturday, August 1st, at Godhra which resulted in a win for the former by 9 wickets and 5 runs. Scores:—

NADIAD HIGH SCHOOL.

1st Innings.

Ambalal T, b Abdul Kader	3
J B Desai, c Salehbhai.........................	1
Ravishanker, c (Shankerlal), Abdul Kader	2
Chimanlal G, b Abdul Kader	1
Chimanlal P, c (Nariman), b Salehbhai.	3
Bhailal L, b Salehbhai.........................	0
Kanaialal S. l-b-w Abdul Kader..........	0
Pranlal, M, b Abdul Kader..................	1
Rasal Mahomed, not out	4
Rambhai K, b Abdul Kader	0
Ramanlal H, b Abdul Kader	2
Wide	2
Byes..........................	6
Total	24

2nd Innings.

Rasulmia M, b Salehbhai......................	0
Chimanlal P, b Abdul Kader	1
Ravishanker A, b Abdul Kader	0
Kanaialal S, b Abdul Kader	0
Chimanlal G, b Salehbhai	2
Bhailal L, b Salehbhai.........................	3
J B Desai, b Salehbhai.........................	0
Pranlal M, b Salehbhai.........................	0
Rambhai K, not out	
Ramanlal A, b Abdul Kader	0
Byes..........................	2
Wide balls	3
Total	11

TELANG HIGH SCHOOL, GODHRA.

1st Innings.

Mohimali A, b Kanialal	2
Salehbhai A, b Ambalal	2
Abdul Kader, b Ambalal........................	9
Anupsingh, c (Bhailal), b Ambalal......	1
Ardeshir, b Chimanlal	0
Gulamali, c (Kanialal), b Ambalal	3
Taherali, b Chimanlal	2
Jankilal, b Chimanlal	4
Jivanlal, c (Ambalal), b Chimanlal ...	1
Nariman, not out	2
Ochhaulal, b Ambalal	0
Bye	1
Wide	1
Total.........	28

2nd Innings.

Salehbhai, b Kanialal	6
Abdur Kader, not out..............................	3
The rest did not bat.	

MR. MOLLISON, Inspector-General of Agriculture, left Simla by train on the 1st instant, on tour in Bengal.

IS IT AN ARMY CRISIS?

"Unless rumours in quarters usually to be credited are singularly misinformed," says the "Telegraph" "we are approaching one of the gravest crises in the history of the Army. It is understood that a section of the Cabinet definitely contemplate another reduction of the Army by no less than 30,000. This disastrous course is one to which Ministers are not yet finally committed, but there is a real danger that it will be taken by the Government unless the anger and condemnation of the country are expressed in such unmistakable terms as to compel a pause.

REDUCTION OF REGULAR TROOPS.

"The reductions in the professional forces, which should have been made last—if at all—were made first. It is estimated that when the measures taken in the last two years have produced their full effect the number of our Regular troops will be smaller by no less than 36,000 compared with the strength possessed when the present Government took office. Even if the Territorial Army were at full strength this would represent a mistaken decision. As matters are, it has turned out to be a lamentable and deplorable policy. The whole process of throwing away trained strength had been regarded by the country with perplexity and misgiving.

TWO GOVERNMENT FACTORS.

"Already 36,000 men have gone. Another 30,000 are to go if the so-called economists have their way. That is the proposition, and it is the policy which will prevail unless the faction that is fighting for it in the Cabinet is beaten by public opinion. Strict military issues are not occupying the attention of Ministers. They are concerned with Parliamentary manœuvres.

"There are two very distinct factors in the Government. There are the seniors in a quandary. There are the young men in a hurry, who will stick at nothing to win their goal, and who desire to get there quick. Mr. Asquith is now confronted with the Nemesis of his notorious Budget. He committed the country to vast, to unlimited, to almost illimitable expenditure.

THE FORWARD SCHOOL.

"The motto of the forward school in the Cabinet practically amounts to this: Let the Social programme prevail, though the Empire fall. It was at first thought that the Navy might be successfully plundered. But the situation is serious enough in that respect to fill even our present Government with affright. Unless there is a large increase in the Naval estimates next year, another Power would be positively equal to us in strength in the narrow seas, and perhaps slightly superior by the beginning of 1912.

"For weeks, as is wellknown, the War Office has been under knife. Mr. Churchill has been allowed to overhaul all its business. It is said that the Household Cavalry are to be cut down from three regiments to one—a change that would deprive our greatest State ceremonials of the military dignity which it is of high political importance to retain. We appeal to Mr. Asquith to support his War Minister, and resist all proposals calculated to bring into grave peril the safety and honour of our country."

A MILLION NEW ZEALANDERS.

"It is believed that the population of the Dominion of New Zealand has now reached a million," says the "British Australasian". "The estimated population at the end of March last was 997,658—529,431 males and 468,227 females. There was a net increase in the population during the first three months of the year of 1803.

THE THEATRICAL YEAR.

"The theatrical season of 1907-8 has finished its work of producing plays, and although several of those that it has given are still far from being within a measurable distance of their end there need be no difficulty in arriving at an estimate of how the public patronised the output," says Mr. James Waters in the "Mail."

"It may be said at once that period now closing has been a successful one. It has produced several interesting plays, in which may be included Mr. Laurence Binyon's 'Attila,' Mr. Anthony, P. Wharton's Irene Wycherley, Mr. H. H. Davies 'The Mollusc,' Mr. W. Somerset Maugham's 'Lady Frederick,' Miss Cicely Hamilton's 'Diana of Dobson's' Mr. A. W. Pinero's 'The Thunderbolt,' Mr. John Masefield's 'Nan,' Mr. Bernard Shaw's 'Getting Married,' and Major Drury and Mr. Leo Trevor's 'The Flag Lieutenant.' It has—as has been seen—established the reputations of several young dramatists, and it has made far more money for the successful managers than was lost by those who failed.

"There are thirty theatres in London that produce plays, and the total seating capacity of those houses is about thirty-four thousand people. If managers could find a sufficient number of plays that in their judgment seemed likely to recompense them for the cost of producing, all those theatres would nearly always be open; but with an apparent scarcity of plays London is over-supplied with playhouses, and, curiously enough, the more recently erected theatres have not had the better of the struggle with the older establishments."

A NEW ITALIAN NOVELIST.

A new Italian novelist, Sibilla Aleramo, whose book "Una Donna" is a "journal intime," is the subject of an interesting article in "Putnam's Monthly." "Now an unknown woman, gifted with an unusual individualism of will, puts herself in accord with the most advanced thought of modern women, and gives us a book that goes much further than the question of marriage—a book of art and of life, of revolt and of restoration. It is a voice that springs from all feminine life—a voice which the writer seems to have caught from the lips of her sad sisters. Like a flame she has traversed Italy, enveloping their hearts with an atmosphere of suffering and nobility which penetrates and moves them. There are things in this book which have fallen into their minds like seed. Perhaps they were already there, unfelt, and its quick contract has caused them to germinate. Solid bonds attach this book to the theses of the feminist movement, though one cannot say that it is solely a book of feminism for it is above all a book of life—a work of true that some soi-disant Italian feminists have been astonished at it, then disconcerted, and some have even been indignant.

THE P. and O. Company's steamer s.s. "Banca" (extra), arrived at Singapore at 4 p.m. on Friday, the 31st July.

A WORK which will be of great value to Alpine tourists in general has just been commenced, and it is hoped will have been completed within a short time. This consists in the establishment of a telephone system linking up the various Alpine shelters with neighbouring towns. The possibility of telephonic communication with towns from isolated spot in the Alps will, it is hoped, do much to lowe the number of fatal accidents.

POONA RACES 1908.

First Entries.

FIRST DAY—SATURDAY, 5TH SEPTEMBER.

The first entries closed on Tuesday, 28th July as follows :—

THE YERROWDA PLATE.

Distance—R. C. and distance over 7 flights.

1 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch aus m Seclusion (aged.)
2 Mr. M. Goculdass' br e g Clear Artist (5 yrs.)
3 Mr. G. P. Cosens' b aus g Umutbee (aged.)
4 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br e m Killeevan (aged.)
5 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Lamrock (aged.)
6 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Lord Boyne (aged.)
7 Major G. Moore's ch aus g Daroji (aged.)
8 Mr. J. Law's ch e m Golden Mora by Egerton—Golden Field (5 years.)
9 Messrs. Wood and Badger's br e g Koonadan (aged.)
10 Mr. E. Rub's b aus g Chassepot (aged.)

THE TRIAL PLATE.

Distance—1 mile.

1 Thakur Sripal Singh's br aus h The Master (aged.)
2 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's br e g Auber by Islington— Umbrosa (4 years.)
3 Mr. M. Goculdass' b aus g Marguarite by Stepinax—Huguenot (5 years.)
4 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch e h Folden Gleam (6 years.)
5 Mr. S. A. Wahed's b e h Sir Galahad (4 years.)
6 Mr. A. S. Oomer's br e m Chere Amie late Miss Aurora by Ornatus—Miss Charibert (6 years.)
7 Mr. R. R. S' br aus g Killua (aged.)
8 Mr. R. R. S' b aus m Metal Maid (aged.)
9 Mr. P. B. Avasia's br aus g Currandooley by Argonaut—Griddle (4 years.)
10 Mr. D. Runchordass' b e m Coquette late Faded Lily (4 years.)
11 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br e h Cinder Bill (5 years.)
12 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Paddy's Darling (5 years.)
13 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's bl e h Black Wolf by Wolf's Crag—Belle Demoiselle (3 years.)
14 H. H. Maharaja Jam Saheb's bl aus h Ebullition by Simmer—Carbelle (5 years.)
15 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Wandin (aged.)
16 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch aus g Absentee by Clan Stuart— Asleep (aged.)
17 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Realm (aged.)
18 Mr. Jiji's br e g Pelargonium II (4 years.)
19 Mr. Jiji's b e g Sacricomar by Marco—Sacristy (3 years.)
20 Mr. Jiji's ch e g Bucolic by Sainfoin—Sonatina (3 years.)
21 Messrs. Wood and Badger's br e g Keenadan (aged.

H. H. THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.

Distance— 1 1-4 miles.

1 Mr. J. B's b a h Remembrance (5 years.)
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's g a h Saheil (aged.)
3 Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h End 14-0 (aged.)
4 Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Swalior (aged.)
5 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Rashai (5 years.)
6 Mr. Ali bin Talib's u a h Morrili (4 years.)
7 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Babil (4 years.)
8 Aga S. Shah and Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Ajeel (3 years.)
9 Mr. M. Goculdass' g a Young Kohinooor 14 0 (aged.)
10 Mr. S. A. Waked's g a h Wild Poppy (3 years.)
11 Mr. S. A. Wahed's b a h Sialkote (4 years.)
12 Mr. R. S. Forare's g a h Safeog (4 years.)
13 Mr. Toolsidas Tajpal's g a h Antica 13-3 (aged)
14 Mr. Toolsidass Tajpal's b a h Scarlet (5 years.)
15 Mr. R. R. S. g a h Precious (aged.)
16 Mr. James' ch a h Nooman 13 3 3-4 (aged.)
17 Mr. G. K's b a h Peculiar (aged.)
18 Mr. G. K's ch a h Moonim (5 years.)
19 Mr. W. S. Clarke's ch a h Alma (5 years.)
20 Mr. Pill's ch a h Fritz 14 0 (5 years.)
21 Mr. D. Ranchordass' g a h Spearmint (6 years.)
22 Mr. A. M. Ameer's g a h Poseidon (5 years.)
23 Mr. Adil's b a h Dumra 13 3 1-2 (aged.)
24 Mr. Dawood Essack's g a h Moscow (6 years.)

THE MAIDEN PLATE.

Distance—7 furlongs.

1 Mr. E. C. Ramshaw's b a h Gerjistan 13-3 1-2
2 Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Gold Mint 13 3 3-4
3 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Lookman 14-0.
4 Aga S. Shah's g a h Grey Falcon 13 2 3-4.
5 Mr. Wallace's g a h Sir Askar 13-2.
6 Mr. Newton's ch a h Sanjakdhar 13 3 1-2.
7 Mr. Newton's ch a h Moosahad 14-0.
8 Mr. Newton's g a h Fallah 14-0.
9 Mr. Nasar Abdoola's g a h Adham 13 2 3-4.
10 Messrs. M. Goculdass & A. M. Ameer's ch a h Saraband 13 2 3-4.
11 Mr. M Goculdass' b a h Maimoon 13 3 1-2.
12 Mr. S. A. Wahed's b a h Elector 13-3 3-4.
13 Mr. S. A Wahed's ch a h Jehangir 13-3 3-4.
14 Mr. A. S. Oomar's b a h Shamshad 13-3 3-4.
15 R. K. Sirdar Singhji & A. S. Oomer's ch a h Mutlag 14-0.
16 R. S. Forage's b a h Saree 13-3.
17 Mr. Newton's b a h Sirur 13-2 3-4
18 Mr. Khalil Dooree's ch a h Amood 13-3 1-4
19 Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's b a h Hasty Jack 13-3
20 Mr. R. R. S' g a h Disguise 13-2 1-2.
21 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Devon 14-0.
22 Mr. James' ch a h Salanic 14-0.
23 H.H. The Chief of Manavadar' g a h Calcutta 13-2
24 Mr. Fred's ch a h Court Martial 14-0
25 Lt. Col. Abud's b a g Martini 13-2 1-4 (by wire.)
26 Mr. D. Runchordass' g a h Ashroff 14-0.
27 Mr. Pitt's g a h Fantom 13-3.
28 Mr. Syed Aga Mir's ch a h Aden 13-2 1-2.
29 Mr. A. M. Ameer's b a h Turkish Flag III 13-3. 1-4
30 Massrs. A. M. Ameer & Newton's b a h Viceroy 13-2 3-4.
31 Mr. Adil's g a h Squire 13-3.
32 Mr. Adil's b a h Dumra 13-3 1-2.
33 Mr. S. N. Mahomed's g a h Malik Jaman 13-3.
34 Ar. J. M. Mistry's ch a h Caravan 13-3.
35 Mr. Mahomed Shirazi's g a h Pootas 13-2 1-2.
36 Mr. Mohsen Abdool Aziz's g a h Murzook 13-2 3-4

THE NEW PLATE.

Distance—About 5 furlongs.

1 Mr. J. B's ch aus m Florrie 14-2.
2 Mr. M. Goculdass' bl aus m Minnie 14-2.
3 Mr. M. Goculdass' b e m Lady Leslie by Raoburn—Lady Sevington 14-2.
4 M. R. R. T' br aus g Comeback 14-2.
5 Mr. R. R. Goculdass' ch aus m Lady Nannie 14
6 Mr. Kelso's b aus m Russley Rose 14-1.
7 Mr. A. D. Borton's ch aus g Cracker 14-2.
8 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's ch e h Wild Boy 14-2.
9 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b e g General Fife 14-1 3-4.

THE LILLIPUTS.

Distance—1-2 mile.

1 Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Lassa 13-3.
2 Mr. Wallace's b a h Mountain King 13-2 3-4.
3 Mr. Newton's ch a h Saeed 13-2 3-4.
4 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Bay Middleton 13 3.
5 Mr. A. W. Fasa's b a h Fairfield 13-3.
6 Mr. S A. Wahed's ch a h Yatim 13 3.
7 Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Rajput 13 2 1-4.
8 Mr. R. R. S' b a h Scimitar 13-2 3 4.
9 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Sherali 13-3.
10 Mr. Kelso's g a h Young Gazelle 13- 2.
11 Mr. P. H. Burn's ch a h Dhansa 13-2 3-4.
12 Mr. Artin A Essayie's b a h Creditos 13-2 3-4.
13 Mr. Syed Naji's ch a g Sahoon 13 2 3-4.
14 Mr. D. Runchordass' ch a h Muzeade 13-1 3-4.
15 Mr. Adil's ch a h Plassy 13 2.
16 Mr. K. Kapadia's g a h Darby 13-2 1-2.
17 Mr. Hajee Sulleman's b a h Gaucho 13-2 3-4.
18 Mr. J. Scott Nimmo's ch a g Betty 13-2 1-2.

SECOND DAY WEDNESDAY 9TH SEPTEMBER.

THE KHARAKWASLA PLATE. Distance R C. and distance over 7 flights.

1 Mr. J. B's br ans m Wakeful 14 1 3-4.
2 Mr. Artin A. Essayie's br aus g Koko 14-2.
3 Hon'ble D. Bingham's ch aus g Red Shot by Blood shot—Wanda 14-0 1-2.
4 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b aus h Matalgia 14-1 1-2.
5 Major G Moore's ch aus g Robin 14-1.
6 Captain H. Meynell's ch e m Recovery 14-2.

THE POONA PLATE.

Distance—About 5 furlongs.

1 Mr. J. B's, br e m Lovania (5 years)
2 Mr. J. B's, b aus g Chivalry (aged)
3 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch e h Golden Gleam (6 years)
4 Hon'ble Mr. A.A. Apcar's, br e g Auber (4 years)
5 Messrs. M. Goculdass and Jones', ch e g Sacristan II (aged)
6 Mr. R. R. S.', b ausn Metal Maid (aged)
7 Mr. R. R. S.', br aus g Killua (aged)
8 Mr. Kelso's, b e m Wise Bird by Missel Thrush-Solomon's Judgment (4 years)
9 Mr. P. B. Avasia's, br aus g .Currandooley (4 years)
10 Mr. D. Runchordass' b e m Coquette late Faded Lily (4 years)
11 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, br e h Cinder Bill (5 years)
12 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, bl e h Black Wolf (3 years)
13 H. H. Maharaja, Jam Saheb's, ch aus h The Owl by Orzil—Kirry (4 years)
14 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's, b aus g Mozart (aged)
15 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's, b aus g Lord Mery by Mery—Dosey (aged)
16 Mr. Jiji's, b e g Master Theo by Veracity—Theobroma (3 years)
17 Mr. Jiji's, ch e g Bucolic (3 years)

THE CRITERION.

Distance 7 furlongs.

1 Mr. J. B's, ch e h Not Now late Peridore by Persimmon—Medora (3 years)
2 Mr. Field's, ch e m Fireworks by Simontault—Golden Blaze (5 years)
3 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's, br aus m Dea by Grafton —Thea (5 years)
4 H. H. Aga Khan and Aga S. Shah's, b aus g Admiral Crichton (aged)
5 Aga S. Shah's, br e h Sugar Apple (4 years)
6 Mr. S. A. Wahed's, b e h Sir Galahad (4 years)
7 Mr. R. R. S.', br aus g Uro (5 years)
8 Mr. R. R. S.', br aus h Oakton (5 years)
9 Mr. R. R. S.', br aus h Lachlan by Bill of Portland—Mersey's Daughter (aged)
10 Mr. Kelso's, br aus g St. Patrick (aged)
11 Mr. Locke's, ch e c Cross bred by Galashiels—Shearling (3 years)
12 Mr. Locke's, b e c Capsicum by Chalereux — Sing Again (3 years)
13 Mr. J. C. Galstana's, b o m Sue by Prince Charles II—dam by Lord Loro (3 years)
14 Mr. J. C. Galstana's, bl e h Black Wolf (3 years)
15 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's. br aus m Windy (aged)
16 H. H. Maharaja Jam Saheb's, bl aus g Metal Boy (aged)
17 H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's, b aus g Mozart (aged)
18 Thakur Sripal Singh's, b e m Mother Goose (5 years)
19 Mr. Jiji's, b e g Sacricomar (3 years)
20 Mr. Jiji's, ch e g Bucolic (3 years)
21 Messrs. Wood and Badger's. br e g Keenadan (aged)
22 Messrs Wood and Badger's, b e g Squire Alfred (5 years)

THE POONA DERBY.

Distance 1 1-2 mile.

1 Mr. J. B.'s, b a h Remembrance (5 years)
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's, ch a h Nusser (aged)
3 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, g a h Swalior (aged)
4 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, b a h Rashad (5 years)
5 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, b a h Meazer (aged)
6 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, b a h Marrily (4 years)
7 Mr. Ali bin Talib's. b a h Babil (4 years)
8 Aga S. Shah and Mr. M. M. Goculdass', g a h Ajeel (3 years)
9 Mr. Newton's, b a h Hadee (5 years)
10 Mr. Dawood Essack's, g a h Moscow (6 years)
11 Mr. M. Goculdass', ch a h Kastantin (5 years)
12 Mr. M. Goculdass', b a h Hazza 13 3 3-4 (4 years)
13 Mr. S. A. Wahed's, ch a h Wild Poppy (3 years)
14 Mr. S. A. Wahed's. b a h Sialkote (4 years)
15 Mr. R. S. Forage's, g a h Safoog (4 years)
16 R. K. Sirdar Singhji and A. S. Oomer's ch a h Mutlag 14-0 (4 years)
17 Mr. Mujeed Jurgis', b a h Recruit (6 years)
18 Mr. Toolsidas Tejpal's b a h Scarlet (5 years)
19 Mr. James' ch a h Nooman 13-3 3-4 (aged)
20 Mr. G. K's ch a h Peculiar (aged)
21 Mr. G. K's b a h Moonim (5 years)
22 Mr. A. M. Saif's ch a h Rubdan (4 years)
23 Mr. Pill's ch a h Fritz 14-0 (5 years)
24 Mr. D. Runchordass' g a h Meerjan 13-3 1-2 (6 years)
25 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b a g Brigand II (5 years)
26 Messrs. Abdoola Mistry and Syed Aga Mir's bl a h Nusri Pasha (4 years)
27 Mr. Newton's g a h Alachfar (aged)
28 Mr. A. M. Ameer's b a h The Barb (5 years)
29 Mr. A. M. Ameer's g a h Poseidon (5 years)
30 Mr. Adil's b a h Dumra 13-3 1-2 (aged)
31 Mr. Adil's g a h Colaba (3 years)
32 Mr. Hoosain Obayed's ch a h Dhafer (5 years)
33 Mr. Hajee Sulleman's g a h Jarham (4 years)

THE DEALERS' PLATE.

Distance—1 mile.

1 Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Eed 14-0
2 Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Gold Mint 13-3 1-4
3 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Lookman 14-0
4 Aga S. Shah's g a h Grey Falcon 13-2 3-4
5 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Moonib Pasha 13-3
6 Mr. A. Razak's br a h Osborne 13-3 1-2
7 Mr. S. A. Wahed's b a h Elector 13-3 3-4
8 Mr. A. S. Oomar's b a h Shamshad 13-3 3-4
9 Mr. S. Somjee & A. A. Saif's g a h Mooreed 13-3
10 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Mint 13-3
11 Mr. R. R. S' g a h Vasco 14-0
12 Mr. Kelso's b a h Hermit 13-3
13 Mr. Artin A. Essayie's g a h Little Joker 13-1 1-2
14 Mr. Pill's ch a h Fritz 14-0
15 Mr. D. Ranchordass' g a h Ashroff 14-0
16 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's g a h Commander 13-3 1-2
17 Mr. A. M. Ameer's b a h Turkish Flag III 13-3 1-4
18 Mr. Adil's b a h Dumra 13-3 1-2
19 Mr. L. K. Kapadia's g a h Derby 13-2 1-2
20 Mr. Syed's ch a h Dilerjung 13-3

THE ARAB PONY DERBY.

Distance—6 furlongs.

1 Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Lassa 13-3
2 Mr. Wallace's g a h Sir Askar 13 2
3 Mr. Wallace's b a h Mountain King 13-2 3 4
4 Mr. Newton's ch a h Saeed 13-2 3-4
5 Mr. Hajee Ally Shabag's g a h Shanwar 13-3
6 Messrs M. Goculdass and A. M. Ameer's ch a h Saraband 13 2 3-4
7 Mr. A. Rehman's g a h Surfraz 13 3
8 Mr. S. A Wahed's b a h Angler 13-2 3-4
9 Mr. A.S. Oomer's b a h Rajput 13-2 1-4
10 Mr. A. S. Oomer's b a h Godolphin 13-2 1-2
11 Mr. R. S. Forage's b a h Saree 13 3
12 Mr. Newton's b a h Sirur 13 2 3-4
13 Mr. Newton's g a h Print Craft 13-2
14 Mr. Hajee Alli Khaderi's b a h Silkration 13-3
15 Mr. Daya Khalil's b a h Surgeon 13 2
16 Mr. Essa Mulla Sulleman's b a h Talib 13 3
17 Mr. G. K's ch a h Disfigure 13-2
18 Mr P H Burn's ch a h Dhansa 13-2 3 4
19 H H The Chief of Manavadar's g a h Calcutta 13-2
20 Mr Jassim bin Mahomed's ch a h Blood 13-2 1-2.
21 Lt-Col Abud's b a g Martini 13-2 1-4 (by wire).
22 Mr P R Patwardhan's g a h Little Sanay 13-3.
23 Mr Syed Naji's ch a g Sahoon 13-2 3-4.
24 Mr Pill's b a h Hullo 13-2 3-4.
25 Mr Pill's g a h Fantom 13-3.
26 Mr C S Anderson's g a h Hobiyan 13-3
27 Mr Syed Aga Mir's ch a h Aden 13-2 1-2.
28 Messrs A M Ameer and Newton's b a h Viceroy 13-2 3-4.
29 Adil's g a h Squire 13-3.
30 Messrs A A Saif and Adil's g a h Barki 13-2 1-4
31 Mr L K Kapadia's b a h Gafal 13-2.
32 Mr J M Mistry's ch a h Caravan 13-3.
33 Mr Mahmood Shirazi's g a h Pootas 13-2 1-4.
34 Mr Mohsen Abdool Aziz's g a h Murzook 13-2 3-4.
35 Mr J Scott Nimmo's ch a g Betty 13-2 1-2.

THIRD DAY SATURDAY, 12TH SEPTEMBER.

THE POONA GRAND ANNUAL.

Distance about two miles over 9 flights.

1. Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch. aus. m. Seclusion
2. Mr. M. Goculdass' b. aus. g. Greenston.
3. Mr. M. Goculdass' br. e. g. Clear Artist.
4. Mr. G. P. Cosen's b. aus. g. Umutbee.
5. Captain F. W. Barrett's br. e. g. Cairnsmore.
6. Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br. e. m. Killeevan.
7. H.H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Lamrock.
8. H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Lord Boyne.
9. Major G. Moore's ch aus g Dareji.
10. Mr. J. Law's ch e m Golden Morn.
11. Messrs. Wood and Badger's br e g Keenadan.
12. Mr. E. Rube's b aus g Chassepot.

THE AGA KHAN'S CUP.

Distance 1 1-2 mile.

1. Thakur Sripal Singh's br aus h The Master (aged.)
2. Thakur Sripal Singh's b e m Mother Goose (5 years.)
3. Hon'ble Mr. A. A.Apcar's br e g Auber (4 years)
4 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch e h Golden Glean (6 years.)
5. Mr. M. Goculdass' b aus m Marguerite (5 years.)
6. Mr. Kelso's b e g Hunting Horn by Melton Lovely Morn (4 years.)
7. Mr. P.B. Avasia's br aus g Currandooley (4years)
8. Mr. J. C. Galstaun's ch aus h Misty Morn (6 years.)
9. Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br e h Cinder Bill (5 years.)
10. Mr J. C. Galstaun's bl e h Black Wolf (3 years.)
11. Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br aus m Windy (aged.)
12. H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Wandin (aged.)
13. H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Realm (aged.)
14. H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch aus g Absentee (aged.)
15. Mr. F. L. Potter's br aus h Volume (5 years.)
16. Mr. Jiji's br e g Pelargonium II (4 years.)

THE AUTUMN PLATE.

Distance—6 furlongs.

1. Thakur Sripal Singh's ch aus m Rustile.
2. Thakur Sripal Singh's b e m Mother Goose.
3. Mr. Field's ch e m Fireworks.
4. Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's br aus m Dea.
5. Aga S. Shah's ch e h Forfeit.
6. Aga S. Shah's b aus g Manjess by Mannlicher—Jess (aged.)
7. Captain Hodgson's ch e g Pincher by Sir Patrick—Bit of Lightning (4 years.)
8. Messrs. M. Goculdass and Scott Nimmo's ch e m Zotique.
9. Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e m Lanthe.
10. Mr. M. Goculdass' br aus m Lady Metal.
11. Mr. R. R. S's b aus m Poso.
12. Mr. R. R. S's b aus m Metal Maid.
13. Mr. R. R. S's. br aus g Uro.
14. Mr. R. R. S's. br aus h Oakton.
15. Mr. N. B. Tirvadeker's b aus m Adruna.
16. Mr. James' bl aus m Gambara.
17. Mr. Kelso's br aus g St Patrick.
18. Mr. Locke's ch e g Crossbred.
19. Mr. Locke's b e c Capsicum.
20. Mr. P. B. Avasia's br aus g Currandooley.
21. Mr. D. Runchordass' b e m Coquette (late Faded Lily.)
22. Mr. J. C. Galstaun's bl aus g Dulcimer.
23. Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br e m Killeevan.
24. Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br aus m Windy.
25. H. H. Maharaja Jam Saheb's bl aus g Metal Boy
26. H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Mallinyok
27. H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Mozart.
28. Mr. A. J. DeSouza's b aus m Winsome.
29. Mr. Jiji's br aus g Prince Lyon.
30. Mr. Jiji's ch e g Bucolic.
31. Messrs. Wood & Badger's br e g Keenadan.
32. Messrs. Wood & Badger's b e g Squire Alfred.

THE BEDOUIN PLATE.

Distance—1 mile.

1 Mr. J. B's, b a h Remembrance
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's, g a h Soheil
3 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, g a h Eed 14-0
4 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, g a h Swalior
5 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, g a h Rashad
6 Mr Ali bin Talib's, ch a h Gold Mint 13-3¾
7 Aga S Shah & Mr M Goculdass' g a h Ajo 1.
8 Aga S Shah's, g a h Grey Falcon 13-2 3-4.
9 Mr. Newton's, b a h Hadee
10 Mr. Hajee Ally Shabag's, b a h Company 14-0
11 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Hazza 13-3 3-4
12 Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Young Kohinoor 14-0
13 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Moonab Pasha 13-3
14 Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h False Start 13-3 3-4
15 Mr. S. A. Wahed's, ch a h Wild Poppy
16 Mr. S. A. Wahed's, b a h Sialkote
17 Mr. N. A. Andria's, g a h Gladiator
18 Messrs. A. M. Saif & G. M. Jussuff's, g a h Monsoon.
19 Mr. Toolsidass Tejpal's, b a h Scarlet
20 Mr. Toolsidass Tejpal's. g a h Antica 13-3½
21 Mr. R. R. S' g a h Precious
22 Mr. R. R. S' g a h Vasco 14-0
23 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Tachreet 13-3 3-4
24 Mr. James' ch a h Nooman 13-3 3 4
25 Mr. G. K's, b a h Peculiar
26 Mr, G. K's b a h Bendigo
27 Mr. G. K's, ch a h Moonim
28 Mr. Dawood Essak's, g a h Moscow
29 Mr. W. S. Clarke's ch a h Alma
30 Mr. Pill's, ch a h Fritz 14-0
31 Mr. D. Runchordass' g a h Spearmint
32 Mr. A. M. Ameer's b a h Wait a While
33 Mr. Adil's, b a h Dumra 13-3¼
34 Mr. Adil's, g a h Colaba

THE WANOWRIE PLATE.

Distance—6 furlongs.

1 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, ch a h Gold Mint 13-3 3-4
2 Mr. Ali bin Talib's, b a h Lookman 14-0
3 Aga S. Shah', g a h Grey Falcon 13-2 1-4
4 Aga S. Shah' g a h Great Power 14-0
5 Mr. Wallace's, b a h Mountain King 13-2 3-4
6 Mr. Hajee Alli Shabag's, g a h Shanwar 13-3
7 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Bay Middleton 13-3
8 Mr. S. A. Wahed's, ch a h Yatim 13-3
9 Mr. S. A. Wahed's, ch a h Jehangir 13-3 3-4
10 K. R. Sirdar Singhji & A. S. Oomer's, ch a h Mutlag 14-0
11 Mr. A. S. Oomer's, b a h Shammad. 13-3 3-4
12 Mr. R. S. Forage's. b a h Saree 13-3
13 Mr. Newton's, b a h Serur 13-2 3-4
14 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Mint 13-3
15 Mr. R. R. S', g a h Vasco 14-0
16 Mr. R. R. S' b a h Scimitar 13-2 3-4
17 Mr. Kelso's, g a h Young Gazelle 13-2
18 Mr. P. H. Burn's, g a h Mambra 13-3 1-4
19 Mr. Artin A.Essayie's, g a h Little Joker 13-1 1-2
20 Mr. Artin A. Essayie's, b a h Creditor 13-2 3-4
21 Mr. D. Runchordass' b a h Engine 13-3
22 Messrs A. M. Ameer & Newton's, b a h Viceroy 13-2 3-4
23 Mr. Adil's, g a h Squire 13-3
24 Mr. L. K. Kapadia's, b a h Garal 13-2
25 Mr. L. K. Kapadia's, g a h Darby 13-2½
26 Mr. L. K. Kapadia's b a h Settler 13-1 1-2
27 Mr. S. N. Mahomed's g. a. h, Malik Jaman 13-3 1-2
28 Mr. J. M. Mistry's ch a h Caravan 13-3
29 Mr. J. Scott-Nimmo's ch a g Betty 13 2 1-2
30 Mr. Syed's ch. a. h. Dilerjung 13-3

THE INTERNATIONAL PLATE.

Distance 6 furlongs.

1 Mr J B's ch aus m Florrie 14-2
2 Mr J B's br aus m Wakeful 14 1 3-4
3 Mr M Goculdass' bl ausm Minnie 14-2
4 Mr M Goculdass' b e m Lady Leslie 14-2
5 Mr G Goculdass' bl aus m Gun Metal 14-1 3-4
6 Mr R R S' b aus g Comeback 14-2
7 Mr R R S' ch aus m Lady Nannie 14-1 1-4
8 Mr Kelso's b aus m Russley Rose 14-1.
9 Mr Kelso's ch aus g Encourage 14 1 1-4.
10 Mr G K's ch aus m Virballa 14 2
11 Mr. A D Borton's ch aus g Cracker 14-2
12 Mr. Artin A Essayie's br aus g Koko 14-2.
13 Mr. J. C Galstaun's ch e h Wild Boy 14-2.
14 Mr J C Galstaun's b aus h Matagia 14-1 1-2
15 H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's be g General Fife 14 1 3-4
16 Mr Jiji's br aus g Mandeville 14 2

FOURTH DAY WEDNESDAY 16TH SEPTEMBER.

THE POONA GRAND NATIONAL.

Distance about 2 miles 1 furlong.

1 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch aus m Seclusion
2 Mr. M. Goculdass' b aus g Greenstone
3 Mr. G. P. Cosens' b aus g Umutbee
4 Captain Munds' b s am g Coriolan
5 Captain F. W Barrett's br e g Cairnesmore
6 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's br e m Killeevan
7 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's bs aus g Lamrock
8 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Lord Boyne
9 Captain Gibb's b e m Nel Gwynne
10 Major G. Moore's ch aus g Daroji
11 Mr. J. Law's ch e m Golden Morn
12 Mr. E. Rube's b aus g Chasepot

THE PONY CHAMPION CHASE.

Distance about 1 mile 7 furlongs over Pony Steeplechase Course.

1 Captain W. D. Grant's b aus m Perquiste 14-1
2 Mr. Artin A. Essayie's br aus g Koko 14-1
3 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b aus h Matalgia 14 1 1-2
4 Major G. Moore's ch aus g Robin 14-1

THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE.

Distance 7 fulrongs.

1 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Meazer (aged)
2 Do b a h Merrily (4 years)
3 Do g a h Chungiz (5 years)
4 Aga S. Shah and Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Ajeel (3 years)
5 Aga S. Shah's g a h Great Power 14-0 (6 years)
6 Mr. Newton's ch a h Moosahad 14-0 (4 years)
7 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Maimoon 13-3 1-2 (6 years)
8 Mr. M. Goculdass b a h Respectable (4 years)
9 Do. g a h Clincher (3 years)
10 Messrs. M. Goculdass and A. M. Ameeir's ch a h Saraband 13 2 3-4 (3 years)
11 Messrs, M. Goculdass and A. M. Tahar Yunis b a h Meerdhan (4 years)
12 Mr. S. A. Wahad's ch a h Wild Poppy (3 years)
13 Do. ch a h Jehangir 13-3 3-4 (4 years.)
14 Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Bin Saood (4 years)
15 Mr. R. S. Forage's g a h Safoeg (4 years)
16 Do. ch a h Dodger (4 years)
17 Mr. Newtons' b a h Lofan (5 years)
18 Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's b a h Wellington (4 years)
19 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Davon 14-0 (4 years)
20 Mr. Syed Rashid's b a h Hoodaib 13 3 1-2 (6 years)
21 Mr. Pill's ch a h Fritz 13 0 (5 years)
22 Mr. E. Macdonald's b a h Fate (3 years)
23 Mr. R. A. Willis' g a h M. V. O. 13 3 3-4 (4 years)
24 Mr. Syed Aga Mir's ch a h Aden 13 2 1-2 (3 years)
25 Mr. A. M. Ameer's b a h Turkish Flag III 13-3 1-4 (4 years)
26 Mr. A. M. Ameer's ch a Burjus (3 years)
27 Messrs. A M. Ameer's and M. Goculdass' b a h Transfer (3 years)
28 Mr. Adil's g ah Colaba (3 years)
29 Mr. L. K. Kapadia's ch a h Russan (4 years)
30 Mr. S N Mahomed's g a h Malik Jaman 13 3 1-2 (aged)
31 Mr. J. M. Mistry's ch a h Young Salanic (4 years)
32 Mr H. Jethabhai's b a h Nilum (4 years)
33 Mr. Abdoola Mana's ch a h Arab Sheik (4 years)
34 Mr. Mohsen Abdool Aziz's g a h England (4 (years)
35 Mr. Hajee Sulleman's, g a h Jarham (4 years)
36 Mr. F. M. Garda's, g a h Winter (aged)

THE VISITORS' PLATE.

Distance 1 mile.

1 Mr. J. B's, ch e h Not. Now (late Peridore)
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's b e m Mother Goose
3 Mr. Field's, ch e m Fireworks
4 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's br aus m Dea
5 H. H. Aga Khan and Aga S. Shah's, b aus g Admiral Crichton
6 Aga S. Shah's, br e h Sugar Apple
7 Aga S. Shah's, b aus g Manjess
8 Messrs M. Gogulda ss and Scott—Nimmo's ch e m Zotique
9 Mr. S. A. Wahed's, b e h Sir Galahad
10 Mr. R. R. S' b aus m Posco
11 Mr. R. R. S' br aus h Oakton
12 Mr. R. R. S' br aus h Lachlan
13 Mr. James', bl aus m Gambara
14 Mr. Kelso's, b e g Hunting Horn
15 Mr. Kelso's br aus g St Patrick
16 Mr. Locke's ch c Crossbred
17 Mr. Locke's b e c Capsicum
18 Mr. P. B. Avasia's br aus g Currandooley
19 Mr. D. Runchordass' b e m Coquette (late Faded Lily)
20 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, bl aus g Dulcimer
21 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, br e m Killeevan
22 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, bl e h Black Wolf
23 Mr. J. C. Glastaun's, br e h Cinder Bill
24 Mr. J. C. Glastaun's, br aus m Windy
25 H. H. Maharaja Jam Saheb's, bl aus g Metal Boy
26 H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's, b aus g Mozart
27 H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's bl aus g Mullinyook
28 Mr. J. Law's, ch e m Golden Morn
29 Messrs Wood and Badger's br e g Keenadan
30 Messrs Wood and Badger's, b e g Squire Alfred

FIFTH DAY—SATURDAY, 19TH.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.

Distance—R C and distance.

1 Mr J B's b a h Remembrance.
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's g a h Soheil.
3 Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Eed 14 0.
4 Mr. Ali bin Talib's g a h Swalior
5 Mr. Ali bin Tallb's b a h Rashad
6 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Meazer
7 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Babil
8 Aga S. Shah and Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Ajeel
9 Mr. Hajee Ally Shabag's b a h Company 14-0
10 Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Young Kohinoor 14-0
11 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Moonib Pasha 13-3
12 Mr. M. Goculdass' ch a h Kastantin
13 Mr. S. A, Wahed's ch a h Wild Poppy
14 Mr. S. A. Wahed's ch a h Krushan
15 R. K. Sirdar Singhji and A. S. Oomer's ch a h Mutlag 14-0
16 Mr. R. S. Forage's g a h Safeog
17 Mr. R. S. Forage's b a h Saree 13-3
18 Messrs. S. Somji and A. A. Saif's g a h Mooreed 13-3
19 Mr. Mujeed Jurjis' b a h Recruit
20 Mr. Toolsidass Tejpal's g a h Autica 13-3 1-2
21 Mr. Toolsidass Tejpal's b a h Searlet
22 Mr. R. R, S' g a h Precious
23 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Tachreet 13-3 3-4
24 Mr. James' ch a h Nooman 13-3 3-4
25 Mr. G. K.'s b a h Peculiar
26 Mr. Dawood Essack's g a h Mascow
27 Mr. W. S. Clarke's ch a h Alma
28 Mr. Khalil Dooree's ch a h Amood 13-3 1-4
29 Mr. Pill's ch a h Fritz 14-0
30 Mr. D. Ranchordass' g a h Spearmint
31 Mr. D. Ranchordass' g a h Meerjan 13-3 1-2
32 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b a g Brigand II
33 Messrs. Abdoola Mistry and Syed Aga Mir's bl a h Nusri Pasha
34 Mr. Newton's g a h Alachfar
35 Mr. A. M. Ameer's g a h Poseidon
36 Mr. Adil's b a h Dumra 13-3 1-2
37 Mr. Syed's ch a h Dilerjung 13-3

THE WESTERN INDIA STAKES.

Distance 1 1-4 miles.

1 Thakur Sripal Singh's br aus h The Master
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's b e m Mother Goose
3 Mr. Field's ch e m Fireworks
4 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's br e g Auber
5 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's br aus m Dea
6 Aga S. Shah's br e h Sugar Apple
7 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch e h Golden Gleam
8 Messrs. M. Goculdass and Jones' ch e g Sacristan II
9 Mr. M. Goculdass' b aus m Marguerite
10 Mr. A. S. Oomer's br e m Chere Amie late Miss Aurora
11 Mr. R. R. S' b aus m Metal Maid
12 Mr. Kelso's b e g Hunting Horn
13 Mr. P. B. Avasia's br aus g Currandooley
14 Mr. D. Runchordass' b e m Coquette (late Faded Lily)
15 Mr. J. C. Gaulstaun's bl e g Dirty Boy
16 Mr. J. C. Gaulstaun's ch aus h Misty Morn
17 Mr. J. C. Gaulstaun's b e m Paddys Darling
18 Mr. J. C. Gaulstaun's br e h Cinder Bill
19 Mr. J. C. Gaulstaun's br aus m Windy
20 H. H. Maharaja Jam Sahib's bl aus h Ebullition
21 H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's br aus g Wandin
22 H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's ch aus g Absentee
23 Mr. F. L. Potter's br aus h Volume
24 Mr. Jiji's ch e g Love Song
25 Mr. Jiji's br e g Pelargonium II

THR GANESHKHIND PLATE.

Distance—6 furlongs.

1 Mr. J. B's br e m Lovania
2 Mr. J. B's b aus g Chivalry
3 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's ch e h Golden Gleam.
4 Aga S. Shah's ch e h Forfeit
5 Aga S. Shah's b aus g Manjess
6 Captain Hodgsons' ch e g Pincher.
7 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's br e g Auber
8 Messrs. Goculdass & Scott—Nimmo's ch e m Zotique
9 Mr. M. Goculdass' ch e m Ianthe
10 Mr. S. A. Wahed's b e h Sir Galahad
11 Mr. R. R. S' b aus m Metal Maid
12 Mr. R. R. S' b aus m Posco
13 Mr. R. R. S' br aus g Killua
14 Mr. Kelso's b aus g Royalist
15 Mr. Relso's b e m Wais Bird
16 Mr. G. K's br aus h Picturesque by Mostyn—Pictures (5 years)
17 Mr. P. B. Avasia's br aus g Garrandooley
18 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b e m Paddy's Darling
19 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's bl aus g Dulcimer
20 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's bl e h Black Wolf
21 H. H. Maharaja Jam Sahib's ch aus h The Owl
22 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Mozart
23 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Lord Mary
24 Mr. A. J. De Souza's b aus g Manlock
25 Mr. Jiji's ch e g Love Song
26 Mr. Jiji's b e g Master Theo
27 Messrs. Wool and Badger's b e g Squire Alfred

THE COLONIAL PLATE.

Distance—1 mile.

1 Mr. J. B's br aus m Wakeful 14-1 3/4
2 Mr. M. Goculdass' br aus m Minnie 14-2
3 Mr. M. Goculdass' b e m Lady Leslie 14-2
4 Mr. R. R. S' br aus g Comeback 14-2
5 Mr. R. R. S' ch aus m Lady Nannie 14-1 1/4
6 Mr. Kelso's b aus m Russley Rose 14-1
7 Mr. Kelso's ch aus g Encourage 14-1 1/4
8 Mr. A D Borton's ch aus g Cracker 14-2
9 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b aus h Matalgia 14-1 1/2
10 Mr. J, C. Galstaun's ch e h Wild Boy 14-2
11 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's b e g General Fife 14-1 3/4
12 Captain H Meynell's ch e m Recovery 14-2
13 Mr. Jijis's br aus g Mandeville 14-2

THE LAWN PLATE.

Distance—About 5 furlongs.

1 Mr. E. C. Ramshaw's g a h Gerjistan 13-3 1/2
2 Mr. Ali bin Talib's ch a h Gold Mint 13-3 3/4
3 Mr. Ali bin Talib's b a h Lookman 14-0
4 Aga S. Shah's g a h Great Power 14-0
5 Mr. Wallace's b a h Mountain King 13-2 3/4
6 Mr. Newton's ch a h Saeed 13-2 3/4
7 Mr. Hajee Ally Shabag's g a h Shanwar 13-4
8 Mr. A. M. Jaffer's g a h Nonplus 13 3 1/4.
9 Mr M Goculdass' b a h Bay Middleton 13-3.
10 Mr M Goculdass' b a h Maimoon 13 3 1-2.
11 Mr M Goculdass' ch a h Vedas 14-0.
12 Mr S A Washed's ch a h Yatim 13-3.
13 Mr S A Wahed's ch a h Elector 13 3 3-4.
14 Mr A S Oomer's ch a h Voucher 13 3 1-4.
15 Mr A S Oomer's b a h Rajput 13 2 1-4.
16 R K Sirdar Singhji and A S Oomer's ch a h Mutlang 14-0.
17 Mr R S Forage's b a h Saree 13-3.
18 Colonel Stisted's ch a h Sublime 13 2 1-2.
19 Mr Stedall's ch a h Baltazar 13 3 1-2.
20 Mr Forwood's g a h Dahus 13 3 1-4.
21 Mr R R S' ch a h Tachreet 13 3 3 4.
22 Mr R R S' ch a h Mint 13 3.
23 Mr R R S' b a h Scimitar 13 2 3-4.
24 Mr James' ch a h Salanic 14-0.
25 Mr Kelso's b a h Hermit 13-3.
26 Mr. Kelso's g a h Young Gazelle 13-2
27 Mr. P. H. Burn's g a h Mumbra 13-3 1-4
28 Mr. Artin A. Essayie's b a h Creditor 13-2 3-4
29 Mr. P. R. Patwardhan's g a h Little Sanaya 13-3
30 Mr. Syed Naji's ch a g Sahoon 13-2 3-4
31 Mr. Pill's b a h Hullo 13-2 3-4
32 Mr. D Runchordass' b a h Engine 13-3
33 H. H. Kour Sheb of Patiala g a h Commander 13-3 1-4
34 Mr. Adil's g a h Squire 13-3
35 Mr. Adil's ch a h Plassy 13-2
36 Mr. L. K. Kapadia's g a h Darby 13-2¼
37 Mr. L. K. Kapadia's b a h Shettler 13-1 1-2
38 Mr. S. N. Mahomed's g a h Malik Jaman 13-3 1-2
39 Mr. A. M. Bushari's b a h Wadi 14-0
40 Mr. Mahomed Mohsen's b a h Barrak 13-3 1-2
41 Mr. J Scott-Nimmo's ch a g Betty 13-2 1-2

THE LANOWLI PLATE.

Distance—1 mile.

1 Mr. J. B's b a h Remembrance
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's ch a h Nusser
3 Aga S. Shah and Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Ajeel
4 Mr. Newton's ch a h Sanjadhar 13-3 1-2
5 Mr. Newton's g a h Fallah 14-0
6 Mr. Newton's b a h Hadee
7 Mr. M Goculdass' b a h Hazza 13-3 3-4
8 Mr. M. Goculdass' b a h Respectable
9 Messrs. M. Goculdass and Tahar Yunis' b a h Meerdhan
10 Mr. M. Goculdass' g a h Clincher
11 Mr. S. A. Wahed's b a h Sialkote
12 Mr. A. S. Oomer's g a h Bin Saood
13 Mr. R. S. Forage's ch a h Dodger
14 Mr. Newton's b a h Lofan
15 Colonel Stisted's ch a h Modesty 13-0
16 Messrs. A. M. Shaif and G. M. Jussuff's g a h Monsoon
17 Mr. Khalil Dooree's ch a h Amood 13-3 1-4
18 Mr. Duddley's g a h Brigadier General 13-3 3-4
19 Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's ch a h Great Hope (4 years
20 Mr. Toolsidass Tejpal's b a h Scarlet
21 Mr. Toolsidass Tejpal's g a h Antica 13-3 1-2
22 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Devon 14-0
23 Mr. R. R. S' ch a h Mint 13-3
24 Mr. G. K's ch a h Moonim
25 Mr. G. K's b a h Bendingo
26 Mr. Fred's ch a h Court Martial 14-0
27 Mr. Fred's ch a g Deenar
28 Lt.-Col. Abud's b a g Martini 13-2 1-4 (by wire)
29 Mr. Pill's ch a h Fritz 14-0
30 Mr. D. Runchordass' g a h Ashroff 14-0
31 Mr. A. M. Ameer's b a h The Barb
32 Mr. Adil's g a h Colaba
33 Mr. J. M. Mistry's g a h Rummah
34 Mr. H. Jethabhai's b a h Nilum
35 Mr. Hoosain Obayed's ch a h Dhafer
36 Mr. Abdoola Mana's ch a h Arab Sheik
37 Mr. Mohsen Abdool Aziz's g a h England
38 Mr. Hajee Sulleman's g a h Jarhan

SIXTH DAY WEDNESDAY 23RD SEPTEMBER.

THE BHAMBURDA PLATE.

Distance—About 1 3-4 miles over 8 fights.

1 Captain W. D. Grant's b aus m Perquisite 14-1
2 Mr. J. B's br aus m Wakeful 14-1 3-4
3 Mr. Artin A. Essayie's br aus g Koko 14-2
4 Hon'ble D. Bingham's ch aus g Red Shot 14-0 1-2
5 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's b aus h Matalgia 14-1 1-2
6 Major G. Moore's ch aus g Robin 14-1
7 Captain H. Meydell's ch e m Recovery 14-2

THE STAND PLATE.

Distance 1 mile.

1 Thakur Sripal Singh's, br aus h The Master
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's, b e m Mother Goose
3 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's, br e g Auber
4 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's, ch e h Golden Gleam
5 H. H. Aga Khan and Aga S. Shah's, b aus g Admiral Crichton
6 Aga S. Shah's, b aus g Manjess
7 Messrs. M. Goculdass and Jones',ch e g Sacristan II
8 Messrs. M. Goculdass and Scott—Nimmo's, ch e m Zotique
9 Mr. R. R. S', b aus m Posco
10 Mr. R. R. S', br aus h Oakton
11 Mr. R. R. S', br aus h Lachlan
12 Mr. James', bl aus m Gambara
13 Mr. Kelso's, b e g Hunting Horn
14 Mr. Kelso's, b aus g Royalist
15 Mr. P. B. Avasias', br aus g Currandooley
16 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, br e h Cinder Bill
17 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, br e m Killeevan
18 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, bl aus g Dulcimer
19 H. H. Maharaja Jam Sahib's.bl aus h Ebullition
20 H. H. Maharaja Kour Sahib of Patiala's, br aus g Wandin
21 H. H. Maharaja Kour Sahib of Patiala's, ch aus g Absentee
22 H. H. Maharaja Kour Sahib of Patiala's, bl aus g Mallinyook
23 Mr. Jiji's, ch e g Love Song
24 Mr. Jiji's, br e g Pelargonium II,
25 Messrs. Wood and Badger's, br e g Keenadan
26 Messrs. Wood and Badger's, b e g Squire Alfred

THE PADDOCK PLATE.

Distance about 5 furlongs.

1 Mr. J. B's, ch aus m Florrie 14-2
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's, ch aus m Rustile
3 Mr. Field's, ch e m Fireworks
4 Hon'ble Mr. A. A. Apcar's, br aus m Dea
5 Captain Hodgson's, ch e g Pincher
6 Mr. M. Goculdass', b e m Lady Leslie 14-2
7 Mr. M. Goculdass', bl aus m Gun Metal 14-1 3-4
8 Mr. M. Goculdass', br aus m Lady Metal
9 Mr. R. R. S', br aus h Oakton
10 Mr. R. R. S', br aus h Lachlan
11 Mr. R. R. S', br aus g Uro
12 Mr. N. B. Tirvadeker's, b aus m Alruna
13 Mr. Kelso's, br aus g St Patrick
14 Hon'ble D. Bingham's, b aus g St Michael by Harmonist—St. Michael aged
15 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, b e m Lefterin by Lesterlin—Cinder Ellen (3 years)
16 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, br aus m Windy
17 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, bl e h Black Wolf
18 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, b e g Singleton by Symington—Nitetis (3 years)
19 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, b e m Sue
20 H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's, b aus g Mozart
21 Mr. A J. DeSouza's b aus m Winsome
22 Mr. J. Law's, ch e m Golden Morn
23 Mr. Jiji's, b e g Sacricomar
24 Mr. Jiji's, b e g Master Theo
25 Mr. Jiji's, ch e g Bucolic

THE ALL PONY PLATE.

Distance—about 5 furlongs.

1 Mr. J. B's, ch aus m Florrie 14-2
2 Mr. M. Goculdass', bl aus m Minnie 14-2
3 Mr. M. Goculdass', bl aus m Gun Metal 14-1 3-4
4 Mr. M. Goculdass', b e m Lady Leslie 14-2
5 Mr. R. R. S', br aus g Comeback 14-2
6 Mr. R. R. S', ch aus m Lady Nannie 14-1 1-4
7 Mr. Kelso's, b aus m Russley Rose 14-1
8 Mr. Kelso's, ch aus g Encourage 14-1 1-4
9 Mr. G. K's, ch aus m Virballa 14-2
10 Mr. P. B. Avasias's, br aus g Chidpy Norton 14-1 3-4
11 Mr. A. D. Borton's, ch aus g Cracker 14-2
12 Mr. Artin A. Essayie's, br aus g Coko 14-2
13 Mr. J. C. Galstaun's, ch e h Wild Boy 14-2
14 H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's, b e g General Fife 14-1 3-4
15 Mr. Jiji's, br aus g Mandeville 14-2

THE DESERT HANDICAP.

Distance—1 mile.

1 Mr Ali bin Talib's, g a h Eed 14-0.
2 Mr Ali bin Talib's, ch a h Gold Mint 13-3 3-4.
3 Mr Ali bin Talib's, b a h Lookman 14 0.
4 Aga S Shah's, g a h Great Power 14-0.
5 Mr Hajee Ally Shabag's, b a h Company 14-0.
6 Mr M Goculdass'. g a h Young Kohinoor 14-0.
7 Mr M Goculdass', g a h False Start 13-3 3-4.
8 Mr M Goculdass', b a h Hazza 13-3 3-4.
9 Mr M Goculdass', Moonib Pasha 13-3.
10 Mr M Goculdas', b a h Maimoon 13-3 1-2.
11 Mr A Razak's, br a h Osborne 13-3 1-2.
12 Mr S A Wahed's, b a h Elector 13-3 3-4.
13 Mr S A Oomar's, b a h Shamshad 13-3 3-4.
14 Mr R S Forage's, b a h Sarae 13-3.
15 Mr Khalil Doorees, ch a h Amood 13-3 1-4.
16 Mr Toolsidass Tejpal's, g a h Antica 13-3 1-2.
17 Mr R R S', ch a h Tachreet 13-3 3-4.
18 Mr R R S'. ch a h Mint 13-3.
19 Mr R R S', g a h Vasco 14 0.
20 Lt Col Abud's, b a g Martini 13-2 1-4 (by wire).
21 Mr. Pill's, ch a g Fritz 14-0.
22 Mr. D. Runchordass', g a h Ashroff 14-0.
23 H H Kour Sahib of Patiala's, g a h Commander 13-3 1-4.
24 Mr Adil's, b a h Dumra 13-3 1-2.

THE LILLIPUT HANDICAP.

Distance 6 furlongs.

1 Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Lassa 13-3.
2 Aga S Shah's, g a h Grey Falcon 13-2 3-4.
3 Mr Wallace's, g a h Sir Askar 13-2.
4 Mr Wallace's, b a h Mountain King 13-2 3-4.
5 Mr Newton's, ch a h Saeed 13-2 3-4.
6 Mr. Hajee Ally Shabag's g a h Shanwar 13-3.
7 Mr M Goculdass', b a h Bay Middleton 13-3.
8 Messrs. M Goculdass' and J C Galataun's, b a h Sir Jamal 13-1 3-4.
9 Messrs M Goculdass and A M Ameer's, ch a h Saraband 13-2 3-4.
10 Mr S A Wahed's, ch a h Yatim 13-3.
11 Mr S A Wahed's b a h Angler 13-2 3-4.
12 Mr A S Oomar's b a h Rajput 13-2 1-4.
13 Mr A S Oomar's b a h Godbiphin 13-2 1-2.
14 Mr R S Forage's, b a h Saree 13-3.
15 Mr. Newton's, b a h Sirur 13-2 3-4.
16 Mr R R S', ch a h Mint 23-3.
17 Mr R R S', b a h Scimitar 13-3 3-4.
18 Mr Kelso's, b a h Hermit 13-3.
19 Mr Kelso's, g a h Young Gazelle 13-2.
20 Mr G K's, ch a h Disfigure 13-2.
21 Mr P H Burn's, ch a h Dhansa 13-2 3-4.
22 Mr Artin A Essayie's, b a h Creditor 13-2 3-4.
23 Mr Pill's, b a h Hullo 13-2 3-4.
24 Mr D Runchordass' b a h Engine 13-3.
25 Mr Adill's, g a h Squire 13-3.
26 Mr L K Kapadia's, b a h Settler 13-1 1-2.
27 Mr L K Kapadia's, g a h Darby 13-2 1-2.
28 Mr. L K Kapadia's b a h Gafal 13-2.
29 Mr J. M. Mistry's ch a h Caravan 13-3.
30 Mr J Scott—Nimmo's, ch a g Betty 13-2 1-2.
32 Mr Syed's, ch a h Dilerjung.

SEVENTH DAY—SATURDAY 26TH SEPTEMBER.

THE DECCAN PLATE.

Distance—About 1 3/4 miles over 8 flights.

1 Mr J B's br aus m Wakeful 14-1 3/4
2 Hon'ble Mr A A Apcar's ch aus m Seclusion
3 Mr M Goculdass' br e g Clear Artist
4 Mr M Goculdass' b aus g Greenstone
5 Mr M Goculdass' br a m Balayeuse
6 Mr G P Cosens' b aus g Umutbee
7 Captain F W Barretts' br e g Cairnesmore
8 Mr J C Galstaun's br e m Killeevan
9 H H Kour Sahib of Patiala's br aus g Lamrock
10 H H Kour Sahib of Patiala's bl aus g Lord Boyne
11 Major G Moore's ch aus g Daroji
12 Mr J Laws' ch e m Golden Morn
13 Messrs Wood and Badger's br e g Keenadan
14 Mr E Rube's b aus g Chassepot

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE.

Distance—6 furlongs.

1 Mr J B's br e m Lovania
2 Mr. J B's b aus g Chivalry
2 Hon'ble Mr A A Apcar's ch e h Golden Gleam
4 Aga S Shah's ch e h Forfeit
5 Aga S Shah's b aus g Manjees
6 Hon'ble Mr A A Apcar's br e g Auber
7 Mr M Goculdass' ch e m Ianthe
8 Messrs M Goculdass and Scott-Nimmo's ch e m Zotique
9 Mr R R S' br aus g Killua
10 Mr R R S' br aus g Uro
11 Mr R R S' b aus m Metal Maid
12 Mr R R S' b aus m Posco
13 Mr James' bl aus m Gambara
14 Mr Kelso's b e m Wise Bird
15 Mr Kelso's b aus g Royalist
16 Mr Locke's ch e c Crossbred
17 Mr Locke's b e c Capsicum
18 Mr G K's ch aus h Picturesque
19 Mr P B Avasia's br aus g Currandooley
20 Mr J C Galstaun's br e h Cinder Bill
21 Mr J C Galstaun's b e m Paddy's Darling
22 H H Maharaja Jam Saheb's bl aus h Ebullition
23 H H Maharaja Jam Saheb's ch aus h The Owl
24 H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Mozart
25 H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Lord Merv
26 Mr. A J De Souza's b aus g Manlock
27 Mr. J Law's ch e m Golden Mora
29 Mr. Jiji's ch e g Love Song
29 Mr. Jiji's ch e g Sucalic
30 Mr. Jiji's b e g Sacriconar
31 Mr. Jiji's b e g Master Theo

THE STEWARDS' PURSE.

Distance—1 1-4 miles.

1 Mr J B's ch e h Not Now late Peridore.
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's b e m Mother Goose
3 Mr Field's ch e m Fireworks
4 Hon'ble Mr A A Apcar's br aus m Dea
5 H H Aga Khan and Aga S Shah's b aus g Admiral Crichton
6 Aga S Shah's br e h Sugar Apple
7 Mr M Goculdass' br e g Clear Artist
8 Mr R R S' br aus g Uro
9 Mr R R S' br aus h Lachlan
10 Mr R R S' br aus h Oakton
11 Mr Kelso's b e g Hunting Horn
12 Mr Locke's ch e c Crossbred
13 Mr Locke's b e c Capsicum
14 Mr G P Cosens' b aus g Umutbee
15 Mr P B Avasia's br aus g Currandooley
16 Mr D Runchordass' b e m Coquette (late Faded Lily)
17 Mr J C Galstauns' br e h Cinder Bill
18 Mr J C Galstauns' bl aus g Dulcimer
19 Mr J C Galstauns' b aus g Our State
20 Mr J C Galstauns' br e m Killeevan
21 H H Maharaja Jam Saheb's bl aus g Metal Boy
22 H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's bl aus g Mallinyook
23 Mr Jiji's br e g Pelargonium II
24 Messrs Wood & Badger's br e g Keenadan
25 Messrs Wood & Badger's br e g Squire Alfred
26 Mr E Rube's b aus g Chassepot

THE TURF CLUB CUP.

Distance—1½ miles.

1 Mr J B's b a h Remembrance
2 Thakur Sripal Singh's g a h Sohed
3 Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Eed 14-0
4 Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Swalior
5 Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Rashad
6 Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Meazer
7 Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Babil
8 Aga S Shah & Mr. M Goculdass' g a h Ajeel
9 Mr Newton's b a h Hadee
10 Mr Hajee Ally Shahbag's b a h Compay 14-0
11 Mr M Goculdass' g a h Young Kohinoor 14-0
12 Mr M Goculdass' b a h Moonib Pasha 13-3
13 Mr S A Wahed's ch a h Wild Poppy
14 Mr R S Forage's g a h Safoog
15 Messrs S Somji & A A Saifs's g a h Mooreed 13-3
16 Mr Mujeed Jurjis b a h Recruit
17 Mr Toolsidas Tejpals g a h Autica 13-3 1-2
18 Mr Toolsaidas Tejpal's b a h Scarlet
19 Mr R R S' g a h Proecious
20 Mr R R S' g a h Vasco 14-0
21 Mr R R S' ch a h Tachreet 13-3 3-4
22 Mr James' ch a h Nooman 13-3 3-4
23 Mr G Ks' b a h Peculiar
24 Mr W S Clarke's ch a h Alma
25 Mr Pill's ch a h Fritz 14-0
26 Messrs Abdoola Mistry and Syed Aga Mir's bl a h Nusri Pasha
27 Mr A M Ameer's b a h Wait-a-While
28 Mr A M Ameer's g a h Poseidon
29 Mr Syed's ch a h Dilarjung 13-3

THE KIRKEE PLATE.

Distance—6 furlongs.

1 Mr E C Ramshaw's g a h Gorjistan 13-3 1-2.
2 Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Gold Mint 13-3 3-4.
3 Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Lookman 14-0.
4 Aga S Shah's g a h Grey Falcon 13 2 3-4.
5 Aga S Shah's g a h Great Power 14 0.
6 Mr Wallace's g a h Sir Asker 13 2.
7 Mr A Hajee Ally Shahbag's g a h Shanwar 13-3.
8 Mr A M Jaffer's g a h Nonplus 13 3 1-4.
9 Mr M Goculdass' b a h Bay Middleton 13-3.
10 Mr M Goculdass' g a h False Start 13 3 3-4.
11 Mr M Goculdass' ch a h Vedas 14-0.
12 Mr M Goculdass' b a h Maimoon 13-3 1 2.
13 Mr A Razak's br a h Osborne 13-3 1-2.
14 Mr S A Wahed's b a h Elector 13-3 3-4.
15 Mr A S Oomer's b a h Shamshad 13 3 3 4.
16 R K Sirdar Singhji and A S Oomer's ch a h Mutlag 14 0.
17 Mr R S Forage's b a h Saree 13 3.
18 Mr R R S' g a h Vasco 14-0.
19 Mr R R S' ch a h Tachreet 13-3 3-4.
20 Mr R R S' ch a h Mint 13-3.
21 Mr R R S' b a h Scimitar 13 2 3-4.
22 Mr James' ch a h Salanic 14-0.
23 Mr Kelso's b a h Hermit 13-3.
24 Mr P H Burn's g a h Mumora 13-3 1-4.
25 Mr Artin A Essayie's b a h Creditor 13-2 3-4.
26 Mr Pill's ch a h Fritz 14-0.
27 D Ranchordass' g a h Ashroff 14 0.
28 H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's g a h Commander 13-3 1-4.
29 Mr Hamed Hazemy's ch a h Rogers 13-2 1-4.
30 Messrs A M Ameer and Rajmahomed Wazir's b a h Bruce 13-2 3-4.
31 Mr L K Kapadia's g a h Darby 13-2 1-2.
32 Mr L K Kapadia's b a h Setler 13-1 1-2.
33 Mr S N Mahomed's g a h Malik Jamam 13 3 1-2.
34 Mr J M Mistry's ch a h Caravan 13-3.
35 Mr A M Bushari's b a h Wadi 14-0.
36 Mr Sulleman Mahalla's ch a h Holker 13-3 3-4.
37 Mr Mahomed Mohsen's b a h Barrak 13 3 1-2.

THE GHORPURI PLATE.

Distance—About 5 furlengs.

1 Mr Wallace's b a h Mountain King 13-2 [illegible]
2 Mr Wallace's g a h Sir Askar 13-2
3 Newton's ch a h Saeed 13 2 3-4
4 Mr Hajee Ally Shabag's g a h Shanw[illegible]
5 Mr M Goculdass' b a h Bay Middleto[illegible]
6 Messrs M Goculdass and J C Galstaun's b a h Sir Jamal 1[illegible]
7 Mr M Goculdass' g a h Najmi 13[illegible]
8 Mr A W Essa's b a h Fairfield 1[illegible]
9 Mr S A Wahed's ch a [illegible]
10 Mr A S Oomer's b a [illegible]
11 Mr A S Oomer's b a [illegible] 1-2
12 Mr Newton's b a h [illegible]
13 Mr Newton's g a h [illegible]
14 Colonel Stisted's c[illegible] 1-2
15 Mr Abdool Gany's [illegible] 13-3
16 Mr R R S' b a h [illegible]
17 Mr R R S' ch a h [illegible]
18 Mr R R S' ch a h Sherali 13-3
19 Mr Kelso's b a h Hermit 13-3
20 Mr Kelso's g a h Young Gazelle 13-2
21 Mr G K's ch a h Disfigure 13-2
22 Mr P H Burn's ch a h Dhansa 13-2 3 4
23 Mr Artin A Essayie's b a h Creditor 13-2 3-4
24 Mr Artin A Essayie's g a h Little Joker 13-1 1-2
25 Mr P R Patwardhan's g a h Little Sanaya 13-3
26 Mr Syed Naji's ch a g Saboon 13-2 3-4
27 Mr Pill's b a h Hullo 13-2 3-4
28 Mr D Runchordass' b a h Engine 13-3
29 Mr Pitt's g a h Fantom 13-3
30 Mr C S Anderson's g a h Hobiyan 13-3
31 Mr Adil's g a h Squire 13-3
32 Mr Adil's ch a h Plassy 13-2
33 Mr L K Kapadia's g a h Darby 13-2 1-2
34 Mr L K Kapadia's b a h Settler 13-1 1-2
35 Mr J M Mistry's ch a h Caravan 13-3
36 Mr Hajee Sulleman's b a h Gaucho 13-2 3-4
37 Mr Jawad Mahomed's ch a h Heron 13-3
38 Nr J Scott-Nimmo's ch a g Betty 13-2 1-2

Second Entries close on Tuesday, 11th August 1908.

J. EHUGHES.
Acting Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 29th July 1908.

THE REPUBLIC OF ANDORRA.

Between the Spanish province of Lerida and the French department of Ariege lies this Republic of six hundred square miles. Its independence, which is only semi, is said to have been granted by the Emperor Charlemagne. Situated in the midst of the Pyrenees, the territory of this little State consists of three valleys, watered by the rivers Valira, Ordino, and Os, which eventually find their way into the Segre, a tributary of the Ebro; and it is hemmed in on every side except the south by mountains of great elevation. The pasturage of the valleys is good, and the community is more a pastoral one than agricultural; the chief productions for export are iron and wood; from the sale of these the inhabitants are enabled to buy corn and other necessaries which their barren country refuses to yield. The population numbers about 8,000; they are all Roman Catholics; the general language is the Catalan, and but few can talk Castilian. Of the six communes or parishes into which the State is divided, Andorra Vieilla is the capital.

In 805 A. D. Charlemagne granted this Republic its first Charter of freedom in return for having allowed his armies to enter Spain, and it was signed in 819 by his son, Louis le Debonnair, but the Act of Division of 1278, which settled the rights of suzerainty over Andorra upon the Counts de Foix and the Bishops of Urgel, is the turning point in the history of this ancient State; the former inherited their claims to these protective rights from the Counts of Castlebo (to whom they had been ceded in 1170 by the Counts of Urgen) by the heiress of this family marrying Roger Bernard de Foix. By the death of the chivalrous Gaston de Foix at the Battle of Ravenna, whilst leading the troops of Louis XII to victory over the Papal army, this line of Princes became extinct and the principality (with its rights over Andorra) was eventually merged in the crown of France. The French Convention in 1794 abrogated the Charters of this Republic, but, on the petition of the inhabitants, Napoleon I. granted them another in 1805, exactly one thousand years after the granting of the first one, hence it is the French Republic, with the Bishop of Urgel, are now the suzerain powers, the former receiving a tribute of 480 pesetas and the latter one of 960. In all official documents this State is styled "Vallees et Suzerainetes," so, unlike San Marino, it cannot boast of being independent, and it may be said to be one of the few remaining relics of the feudal ages.

The Government consists of a "Conseil General" of twenty-four members, each commune electing four; the local affairs of the several parishes are managed by councils, with two consuls. Before 1866 the franchise was confined to an aristocracy preserved by the law of primogeniture; since then the heads of all families have been admitted to the right of voting. A general syndic with two inferior syndics are the executive; they are lodged in the Casa del Valle, the principal building of the capital, which is semi-fortified, but in a very dilapidated condition; and it is here also the Conseil General has met from time immemorial. The archives, including Charlemagne's and Napoleon's Charters are kept in an armoury secured by six locks, one for each commune.

Two Vigniers, nominated by the suzerain Powers, command the national militia of 600 men (which is exempt from foreign service,) and administer criminal justice, strange to record, without any written laws. The civil court is presided over by one of two aldermen deputies of the Vigniers; from this there is a right of appeal to a judge alternately appointed by France and the Bishop. No functionary or magistrate receives any fixed salary, all government expenses being defrayed by a species of rent paid by those who pasture their flocks on communal ground, there being no taxes. The name Andorra is derived from the Arabic Aldarra, meaning "a place thick with trees."

Unfortunately this republic is rather inaccessible. The capital, where there is a clean inn, is six hours from Urgel and eight from Hospitalet (both dreary spots). Ax, which is eight miles beyond the latter, is the best place from whence to visit Andorra, it having a very good hotel. From whichever side this out-of-the-way place is approached, the traveller passes through beautiful scenery.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, JULY 31.] [BOMBAY, AUGUST 1.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pice.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	86 5/8		3/16
2½ do. Rentes ...	96 1/4		1/4
2½ do. Sterling Loan ...	98 3/4		1/4
3 do. Govt. Securities ...	62 3/4		unchgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 3/16		1/16
Do. do. 2 months' hence	24 3/16		1/16
Do. in New York ...	52 1/2		1/4
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·13		1/2
Do. do. do. Berlin	20·40		1/2
Do. do. do. New York	4·86 7/8		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	2 1/2	since	28th May
Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight	1 1/2		unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	2 1/2		1/8
Do. 6 months' sight			
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	.....		
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...	2 7/8		unchgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	3/4		unchgd
Do. 7-day Market Loans	1		unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)...1s. 3 29-32d. unchgd.
Bar Gold (per oz.) 77/10 unchanged.
Closing tone of Silver:—Quiet but Steady.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay... ... ... £ 170,000
Gold to Bombay... ... ... £ 50,000

COTTON.

Liverpool :— Washington, July 31.

AGRICULTRAL BUREAU REPORT.

Agricultural Bureau monthly Report states that the average condition of the crop in 11 Cotton states is 83·0 per cent.

Liverpool market is closed.

New York—

Receipts at U.S. Ports ...	...	4,000
Do. do. last year	...	800
Exports to Great Britain ...	...	.....
Do. to Continent	...	5,000

Spot Cotton—10·50 unchanged

Futures—Month of Oct....9·35—01 } Advanced early on bull support and short covering and declined later owing to bearish private crop reports.

Do do. Dec...9·17 unchanged

New Orleans :—

Spot Cotton—10 3/8 unchgd	
Futures—Month of Oct.	9·31—01
Do. do. Dec.	9·20 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Spot—Quiet.	
Cotton Stock in London	9,120
Week's receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports...	26,000 Bales.
Do. Exports to Great Britain	... 14,000 "
Do. do. to France and Continent	... 19,000 "
Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports	... 211,000 "
Do. do. at Interior Ports	... 130,000 "
Week's Export to Japan	... Nil

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Madras Westerns C.I.F.—3 15/16.
Fair Red Coconadas—C. I. F.—3 ½d.
Coconada Ginned—C.I.F.—3 ½d.

WHEAT.

Red F. A. Q. Karachi C. I. F.—33 1/4—August-Sept.—Hull—Sellers—Canal.
Tone of Wheat.—Dull.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed :—
Tone of Rapeseed—Dull.
Linseed :—
Bombay, per 416lbs, ex-ship 43 1/4 August-Sept—Havre—Done—Canal.
Tone of Linseed—Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) 6 1/8 unchanged.
Rubber :—
Para Rubber 3 1/16—Value.
Metals :—

Copper Braziers	£ 72 0 0
Yellow Metal	d. 6 1/4

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
34 Bars Silver..	Rs. 60,245	London ...	National Bk.
145 Bars Silver..	2,67,920	London ...	Indian Specie Bank.
81 Bars Silver.	1,52,159	London ...	International Bank.
1 Box Sov ...	37,500	Port Said...	Mercantile Bank.
1 Bag Gold Coins.	2,265	Marseilles...	B. Castoorchand.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [1ST AUGUST, 1908.

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates :—
Bank of England... 2½ per cent. from 26th May.
Bank of Bengal ... 3 per cent. " 16th July.
Bank of Bombay... 3 per cent. " 23rd "
Bank of Madras ... 4 per cent. " 14th "

Money :—
Borrowers for two months at Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum.

Exchange :—
To-day being mail day there has not been much new business offering. Rates are unchanged at 1s. 3 27-32d. T. T., 1s. 3 7-8d. on demand and 1-4d. for 3 months' sight Credits. There are few buyers of Bank wire at our quotation, but there is a small enquiry for T. T. at 1s. 3 7-8d. for near delivery which so far has not been available. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	... 1s. 3 27/32d.
Demand Draft	... 1s. 3 7/8d.
Credits—3 months' sight..	... 1s. 4d.
Do. 6 months' sight—	... 1s. 4 5/32d.
Do 2 months' sight—France	157 3/4
Do 3 months' sight. Marks	127
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	134
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	152
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	173

Government Paper :—
The Market opened to-day at 95 3-8 for cash and 95 3-16 for the settlement. Only a small business is reported but the tendency has been steady and quotations close 1-16 higher. This would indicate that the market has touched bottom in view of the New Loan being issued on Tuesday. Calcutta market also keeps very steady at Rs. 95-4.

We quote :—

Cash	Rs. 95-7
1st Settlement	" 95-4

Bullion :—
The price of bar silver in london on Friday fell ¼ to 24 3-16 for ready and for delivery forward in two months. New York was 1-4 down at 52 1-2. Locally the market has been steady with a slightly better enquiry for forward delivery and quotations close as under. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	6	6
Australian Bar Gold	24	6	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	3	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	4	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	4	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	62	4	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...	62	1	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement ...	62	3	0

COTTON.

Market Report :—
The following table shows the Average condition of the American Crop during all months for the past 10 years, and of the present season's New Crop for May, June and July; also the acreage planted, and the actual crop for the past 10 years.

Year.	Average Condition. May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Crop.	Acreage.
						bales.	
1908	79·3	81·2	83·0			...	32,081,000
1907	79·5	77·9	79·0	72·7	67·7	11,609,000*	32,080,000
1906	84·6	83·3	82·9	77·3	71·6	13,511,000	32,949,000†
1905	77·2	77·0	74·9	72·1	71·2	11,346,000	26,999,000‡
1904	83·0	80·0	91·6	84·1	75·8	13,566,003	31,730,000
1903	74·1	77·1	79·7	81·2	69·1	10,011,000	28,907,000
1902	90·1	84·7	81·9	64·0	58·2	10,728,000	27,878,000
1901	81·5	81·1	77·2	71·4	61·4	10,631,000	27,634,000
1900	82·5	75·8	76·0	68·2	67·0	10,383,000	25,451,000
1899	85·7	87·7	84·0	68·5	63·4	9,436,000	24,275,000
1898	89·0	91·2	91·2	79·8	75·4	11,275,000	24,967,000

* Estimated.
† Revised June 1907.
‡ Revised July 1903.

The average condition shown by the Bureau Report received to-day, viz: 83·0 per cent. is good, and provided no serious deterioration occurs during the next two months, we may see another bumper crop. August and September are however critical months for the crop, as the above table will show.

Locally our market is easier for New Crop, but there is only a small business passing at present. Exporters are not inclined to buy at these rates.

Ready Cotton is quiet and the Rooms at Colaba were closed this afternoon. A small business was done, chiefly by mills.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	240	March/09
Good M. G. Broach ...	234	"
Fine M. G. Nagpur Kampti ...	214	Jan/09
Fine M. G. Damangaum Pulgaon ...	205	"
Fine M. G. Khasgaum-Akola ...	199	"
Fine M. G. Amraoti...	199	"
Fine M. G. Muttia	193	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	187/8	"
Fine M. G. Khandeish	193	"
Fine M. G. Bengals	183	"
F. G. H. G. Bengals	172	"

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :—
The market is steady with a better demand.
We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 8 7 0 B. T.
September ... ... " 8 14 0 B. T.

Rapeseed :—
The market is easier and there is very little doing.
We quote :—
Ready Brown Cawnpore Rs. 9 0 0 B. T.
" Yellow Guzerat ... " 10 2 0
" " Cawnpore... " 9 15 0

Poppyseed :—
The market is quiet with little enquiry.
We quote :—
Ready ... ... Rs. 10 7 0 B. T.

Castorseed :— Rs. 31 0 0
Tone.—Quiet.

Cottonseed :— Rs. 27 0 0
Tone—Quiet but Steady.

Mowraseed :—
Ready... ... ...Rs. 5 15 0 B. T.
Tone.—Firm.

Wheat :—
White Delhi, Aug-Sept. ... Rs. 6 3 0 B.T.
New " April-May ... " 5 5 6
Tone—Easier.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—

Bombay	1,407½
India	64 1/2
Indian Specie Bank	54

Mills :—

David	357 1/2
Kohinoor	735
Manockji Petit	3,155

Presses :—

New Mofussil	640

Miscellaneous :—

Alcock Ashdown & Co. ...	310
Badham Pile & Co	127
Bombay Flour Mill	905
Bombay Steam Nav. Ordi. ...	340
Colaba Land and Mill... ...	1,077½
Delhi Flour Mill	153
Marcks & Co.	130 X. D.
Treacher & Co	585

Railways :—

Ahmedabad-Prantej	572½
Amritsar-Patti...	117
Tapti-Valley	427½ Cum. div.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. yesterday :—

Cotton	2,855 bales.
Wheat	2,460 cwts.
Linseed	1,197 "
Rapeseed	926 "
Gingellyseed	208 "
Poppyseed	1,557 "
Groundnuts	265 "
Castorseed	4,691 "
Rice	428 "
Myrabollams	2,873 "
Cottonseed	9,923 "
Mowraseed	3,235 "
Gram	3,836 "
Jowar	13 "
Maize	nil

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :—
Bombay, per 416lbs. ex-ship.—48¼—August-Sept.—Havre—Value.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but Steady.

Miscellaneous.

Coffee :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6 1/8 unchgd.

Rubber :—
Para Rubber 3s. 10½d.—Value.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.] [BOMBAY, AUGUST 2.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pice.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...			
3 do. Rentes ...			
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...			
3½ do. Govt. Securities...			
*Bar Silver in London ...	24 3/16		unchgd
Do. do. 2 months' hence	24 1/4		1/16
Do. in New York ...	52 1/2		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris			
Do. do. do. Berlin			
Do. do. do. New York	4·86 7/8		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	2 1/2	since	28 May 08.
Discount Short London Bills, 2 months' sight ...			
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight ...			
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...			
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills ...			
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	5/8		1/8
Do. 7-day Market Loans ...	1		

Mail :—
The Bombay Mails of 18th ultimo arrived at Brindisi on 30th evening.

Holiday on Monday.

COTTON.

Liverpool Market closed.

New York :—

Receipts at U.S. Ports	3,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year	900 "
Exports to Great Britain	... ..
Do to Continent	... ..
Spot Cotton—10·46—40.	

Futures—Month of Oct. 9·42+02 } Advanced owing to limited offerings and to bullish private crop reports.

Do. Dec. 9·19+02 }

New Orleans :—
Spot Cotton—10 3/8 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct. 9·39 + 09
Do do Dec. 9·28 + 09
Closing tone of Spot—Quiet.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED :—
Yellow Gujarat per 416 lbs., 35 per cent. ex-ship mutilated.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs. 35 per cent. ex-ship mutilated.
Tone of rapeseed.—Quiet.

Linseed :—
Bombay, per 416lbs. ex-ship.—48¼—August-Sept.—Havre—Value.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but Steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6 1/8 unchgd.

Rubber :—
Para Rubber 3s. 10½d.—Value.

THE MADRAS MARKET.

Banks.

Bank of Madras...	1,135
Bangalore Bank...	Sellers 120
Commercial Bank	Sellers 15
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref ...	60

Mills and Presses.

Bangalore Woollen, Cotton, & Silk...	Buyers 90
Do. do. 6 per cent Deb. 1910 ...	1,000
Buckingham Mill 7 o/o Pref. 1st Jan. July... ...	105
Do. do. do. 31st Dec. ...	1,100
Do. 6 per cent. Deb. 1909 ...	1,000
Carnatic	525
Do. 6 per cent. Deb. 1913	1,000
Coimbatore Spinning & Weaving A Shares...	Seller 150
Do. do ... B. Shares (25 paid) ...	Buyer 38
Coral	170
Jamalamudugu Press	400
Madras United S. W. & M. ...	2,800
Madura	150
Mysore Spinning & Manufacturing ...	nom. 200
Tadpatri Press (Ord.)	550
Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref. ...	104
Tinnevelly	500
Tirupur Press	450

Miscellaneous.

Arbuthnot's Industrials 6 p. c. Cum. Pref. ...	50
Burma Investment's	14
Burmah Oil Coy.	8s. 6d.
Cochin State Railway 5 o/o Loan (1911)	Sellers 100
Ditto ditto 4 o/o Loan (1918)	93
Deccan Sugar and Abkari, Ld. (Ord.)	Sellers.
Ditto 7 per cent 1st Mort. Deb. (1913) ...	950
Ditto ditto (1909) ...	1,000
E. I. Distilleries & Sugar Factories (Ord.) ...	9s. 6d.
Do. 5 per cent. Deb. ...	Sellers £100
Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref. ...	Sellers 15s.
East Indian Tea & Produce... ...	20s.
Indian Aluminium	Sellers 90
Indian Cycle and Engineering 7 percent. Deb.	90
Malabar Timber Yard & Saw Mills ...	Sellers 100
Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref.	Sellers 90
McDowell and Co. (Ord.)	Sellers 150
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref ...	Sellers 97
Madras Electric Tramways ...	nom. £1
Madras Electric Tramway 5 per cent. Debs ...	97
Madras Electric Supply Corpn. (10s. paid) ...	12s. 6d.
Do. 5 per cent Construction Debentures...	96
Massey and Co. (Ord.)	135
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.	103
Mysore Chromium	Seller 85
New Mysore Manganese	16s. 9d.
Oakes and Co. (Ord.)	100
Do. 5 per cent. Debentures 1910...	Sellers 100
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.	Sellers 100
Cotacamund Municipal 6 per cent. Debs.	Buyers 100
Oriental Benefit and Deposit Society ...	11-2
Peninsular Mineral (Rs. 80 paid)... ...	65
Ramnad Raj Sterling 5 per cent.	£100
Rangoon Oil	70
Sivagunga Zemindary 5 per cent. Bonds	£ 98
Smith, W. E. & Co. (Ord.)	130
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.	Sellers 105
South Indian Railway Debentures	£128
Do. (Capital Stock, 1911)... ...	£ 99
Southern India Rubber (Rs. 75 paid) ...	50
Shell Transport and Trading Company	xd. 45s.
Do. 5 per cent. Preference	£ 9½
Shimoga Manganese	Sellers 50
Spencer and Co. (Ord.)	Buyers 150
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.	106
Tanjore District Board 4 per cent. Loan ...	93
United Coffee Growers	50
Vizianagram Mining	26s.

INDIAN GOLD MINES.

Anantapur Gold, 17s. 6d. paid ...	13s. 9d.
Balaghat, fully paid	5s. 6d.
Do. 10 o/o Preference fully paid	15s. 6d.
Burma Ruby Mines	8s. 3d.
Champion Reef, fully paid ...	5s. 1½d.
Deccan Goldfield Develop. (7s. 6d. paid) ...	1½d.
Dharwar Gold, fully paid... ...	3s. 3d.
Dharwar Reefs, (15s. paid) ...	2s. 6d.
Glenrock	1½d.
Goldfields of Dharwar	3s. 6d.
Goldfields of Mysore	1½d.
Hosur Gold Mines (17s. 4d. paid) ...	9d.
Hutti (Nizam's), fully paid	20s.
Hyderabad (Deccan)	38s. 9d.
Indian Mines Syndicate (3s. 6d. paid) ...	1½d.
Kempinkote (New), fully paid ...	6d.
Mysore Gold, fully paid	90s. 6d.
Mysore Reefs (Ord.)	4½d.
Mysore West (19s. paid)... ...	9d.
Mysore Wynaad (10s. paid)	9d.
Nanjungod, fully paid	Sellers Rs. 7-8.
Nundydroog, fully paid	2½d.
Ooregum, fully paid (Ordinary) ...	9s. 9d.
Ooregum Preference, fully paid ...	17s. 9d.
Sangli, 15s. paid	2s. 9d.
Shimoga Goldfield...	Buyers Rs. 5
Topuldodi (Nizam's) 15s. paid ...	Nom.

THE PEOPLE'S BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

The Directors of the People's Bank of India have issued the following report as follows on the working of the bank for the half-year ending 30th June, 1908 :—

The Directors are satisfied, with the working of the half-year as evidenced by the comparative statement subjoined, and they trust that shareholders and depositors will also have the same view.

Summarised the results are that the capital of the concern was raised from Rupees 10,00,000 to Rs. 25,00,000 which is now being sold. The figure reached on the 30th June 1908 was Rs. 17,52,200. The paid up capital has risen from Rs. 2,96,916 0-11 to Rs. 4,70,824-12-10. This state of affairs must be welcome to all the constituents and shareholders of the Bank.

The Income of the Bank has also had an upward tendency amounting to Rs. 2,37,057 against 2,02,977 the last proceeding half-year leaving nett profits of Rs. 40,293 against 26,771 of year 1907 in the hands of Directors for disposal which they propose to dispose of as follows :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Towards divdend at 8 per cent. p. a. being 4 per cent. for the half-year	14,000	0	0
Towards writing down the preliminaries (from Rs. 26,000 to Rs. 20,000)	6,000	0	0
Towards Reserve raising that fund to Rs. 50,000	20,000	0	0
Balance to be carried forward ...	293	5	10
Total ...	40,293	5	10

The position of the Bank, Directors venture to remark, is one of the strongest of the banks started by indigenous enterprise in the Province. It has a large subscribed capital, has a good sum to show as paid up capital which is increasing fairly fast; has already reduced its preliminaries from Rs. 46,000 to Rs. 20,000 and has a reserve of Rs. 50,000 having thus a nett reserve of Rs. 30,000.

The Directors take the opportunity of drawing the attention of the shareholders, depositors and other constituents to the position of the Bank as above indicated, and ask them not to too readily believe many detractors of the Bank, who are invariably men connected with new ventures offering high rates of interest on deposits, inducing men away from the People's Bank service and generally talking "nonsenses" to get a hold in the localities where they open their Branches—this spirit will eventually react on themselves, but being short sighted they don't realize what an amount of mischief they do to the real interests of the country.

EXPORTS OF OPIUM.

From the 1st January 1908 to the 15th July 1908	10,240†
During fortnight ending the 31st July 1908	991½
*Total.....	11,232
Total permissible exports during 1908 ...	15,100
Balance available for export up to the 31st December 1908	3,868

* Includes 918 chests of Baroda Opium.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

BRAIN-WEIGHT AND BODY-WEIGHT.

Cranial comparisons may be odious, and they are almost certainly unsatisfactory. Years ago Dr. A. D. Wallace, in his "Malay Archipelago," gave his conclusion that cranioscopy has produced no results at all proportion to the labour and research bestowed upon it. No approach to a theory of the excessive variations of the cranium has yet appeared and no intelligible classification of races has been established. But the subject still possesses an irresistible attraction for some. M. Louis Lapicque has recently returned to the charge in an article in the "Revue du Mois" on the relative weights of brain and body. What conclusion can we draw from the facts that the brain of a mouse weighs fifteen times less than that of a hippopotamus? Which of the two is the better endowed with nervous centres. Which has relatively the greater brain weight? Relatively, we must say, for the size of the two must not be neglected in the inquiry. Height will not do as a measure of the body, if man is to be contrasted with creatures that do not stand upright. Cuvier simply took the ratio between the weights of the brain and the body and called it the relative weight of the brain. Cuvier's ratio would work out for the hippopotamus with an inferiority sixty times that of the mouse. But this must not be taken to imply that the mouse is sixty times more intelligent than its bulky rival. On this scale of comparison the horse is fifteen times more intelligent than the parrot, and three and a half times more than the ourang-outang. The crow and the squirrel work out at about on a par, and the teal yields in no point to the cat. The striated monkey, the smallest of its tribe, is at the head not only of the simians but of all the mammals. Cuvier soon saw that this would not do. The whale alone was evidence of the existence of some systematic error. Its brain weighs seven kilogrammes, but its vast bulk would bring its intelligence to an almost evanescent point. In ratio of brain to body all the smallest animal have the advantage. An the fate of this system of comparison was sealed when it dawned upon the labourers in this field that man himself would be on a level with the mouse and perilously near the blackbird. Who knows but this may have given rise to the phrase "c'est un fin merle," to denote a cunning blade!

A MATHEMATICAL CONCEPT.

Gratiolet went into the matter, and reported, after countless observations, weighings, and drawings that there is no more connexion between cerebral volume and the mental faculties than between the size of the wheels of a watch and its accuracy or its price. The materialistic school of Broca now appeared on the scene. To their efforts no better luck was vouchsafed. It was not till Manouvrier elaborated his great formula in 1881 that an acceptable doctrine appeared. Acceptable, perhaps, because man falls thereby into his rightful place among the animals. It was assumed that part of the brain is influenced by the mass of the body, and varies proportionately with that mass. Call it M. There is another portion independent of the mass of the body, and related to the intelligence. Call it I. Needless to say, there was no anatomical ground for the statment. The whole thing was a mathematical concept designed to cover the difficulty of "relative weight." On the I — M scale; to take three cats as an instance the puma turns out to be midway between the cat and the lion. So far so good. But the mathematical concept presented a little difficulty when viewed from a mathematical point of view. Consider the sum of the I and the M. It would be possible for the M to diminish towards evanescence while the I remained constant, so that presently we might have an animal whose I was larger than his whole body. Proceeding "pars passu" with the French thinkers, others were pondering over the problem A Russian naturalist, Brandt, announced that small animals had the advantage over their larger fellow-creatures not only in the relative weight of the brain but in the "respiratory coefficient"—i.e., in the quantity of carbonic acid produced in an hour by the unit of weight. This brought the relation between brain- and body-surface to the front. Ten years later Snell took up the idea and algebraicised it. He supposed the influence of the weight of the body on the weight of the brain, the somatic factor to be a function of a certain power of the weight of the body. This he called the somatic power. "A posteriori," his view proved to be correct. But the law was first gixen by Eugene Dubois, whose name will be remembered as that of the discoverer of the remains of the Pithecanthropus in Java. Incidentally, we may remind the reader, the Pithecanthropus erectus was the possessor of the lowest human cranium yet described—almost as much below the Neanderthal, which Huxley called the most apelike known, as that is below the human normal European cranium of the present day.

COMMERCIAL USES OF OZONE.

Ozone, discovered in 1840 by Schonbein, of Basel and for long a mere scientific curiosity, is being more and more pressed into the service of man. A modification of oxygen, it possesses the chemical activity of this element in a much higher degree. Chemists explain the difference by supposing that the molecule of ozone contains three atoms instead of two, as in the normal oxygen. The third atom is thought to be less harmly held and so to be more ready for the work of oxidation. And it is found that when ozone has done its work ordinary oxygen is left. Ozone has been found to be a valuable purifier of drinking water. It acts by attacking any offensive organic matter, which it exidises and renders harmless.

HOW WATER IS PURIFIED.

A successful method of thus purifying water is that of Siemens and Halske. The apparatus consists of two parts, one for making the ozone and the other for the purification of the water. The former contains two concentric electrodes, the inner of aluminium and the outer of glass. The inner is hollow, with water circulating inside to keep it cool, and the outer is also cooled in an iron container, which, being earthed, serves as a negative pole. Dry air being passed through the annular space between the electrodes is then ozonised by the silent discharge of electricity. This ozonised air is then led to a tower filled with pebbles, over which the water trickles. It then passes to the reservoir in a series of cascades, whereby any unutilised ozone is removed.

OTHER USES OF OZONE.

Water thus purified is found to be almost absolutely sterile, any bacteria which may remain being found to be non-pathogenic. The cost of purification is about 1d. for 1,000 gallons. A portable plant for the purification of water by this method has been devised, and was used in the late Russo-Japanese war. Among other uses of ozone may be mentioned the oxidation of eugenol—a constituent of the oil of cloves—in the manufacture of artificia. vanilla, and the bleaching and sterilisation of flourl It is used for this latter purpose in many mills and the flour is found to keep longer and stand importation better,

C&B

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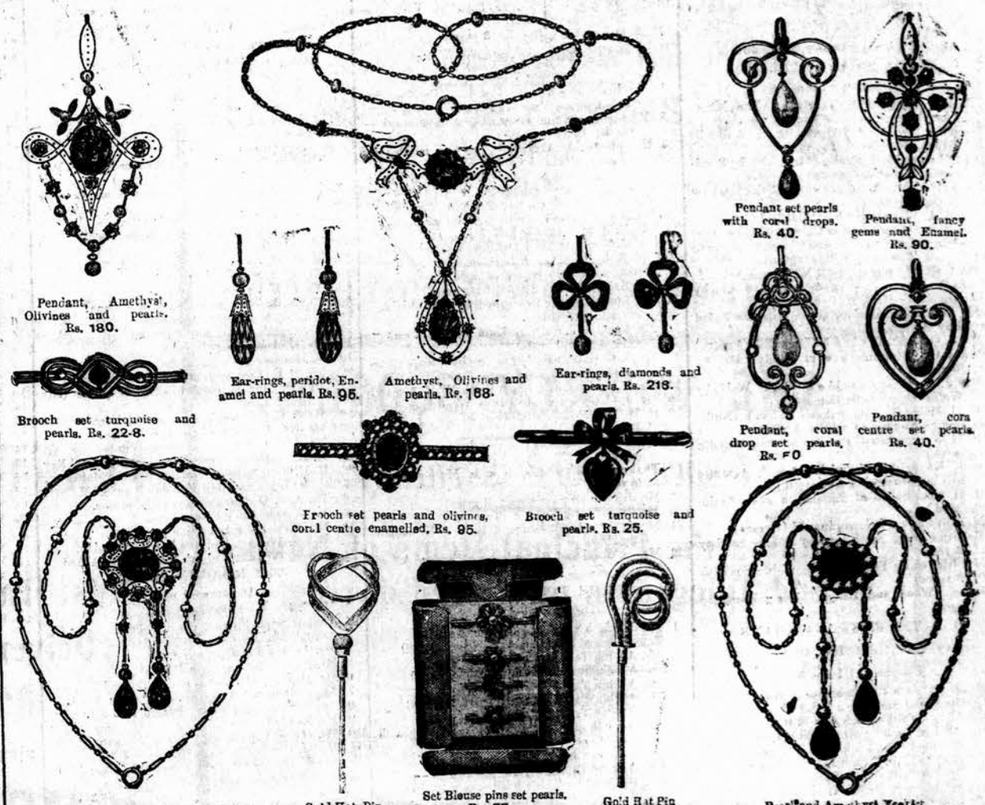
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THE RAILWAY REGULATOR WATCH.



Strong Nickel, Open-face, Keyless, Lever Watch, will stand plenty of rough wear, and keep good time. We can confidently recommend it as one of the best cheap Watches in the market

Nickel Silver Case ... ... Rs. 10.
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Guaranteed for three Years.

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The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

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These tiny Capsules—superior to Copaiba, Cubebs, and Injections—cure the same diseases as these drugs in forty-eight hours without inconvenience.

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FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

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OF HYPO-PHOSPHITE OF LIME.

Prescribed in France for the last 30 years. It retains its reputation for CONSUMPTION, OBSTINATE COUGHS, COLDS, DISEASES OF THE CHEST, LUNGS, and BRONCHIAL TUBES.

SAVARESSE'S SANDAL CAPSULES

"Efficacious because absolutely pure English Oil Not made of colorless Pill discutiens. All Chemists.

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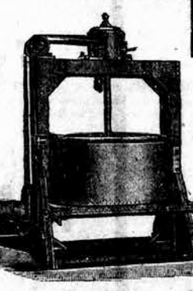
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